

23 April 2020

Asia

# Asian FX Talking

## Looking for a way out

**Not everywhere has seen Covid-19 case numbers peaking, but everyone would like to find a way to ease movement restrictions and move towards a recovery...**

The evolving narrative for much of the developed world is of a peak in Covid-19 cases is leading to hopes for an end to lockdowns and the possible re-start of economies. For Asia, things are, inevitably, more complicated, and that it likely to reflect in currency strength in the coming weeks.

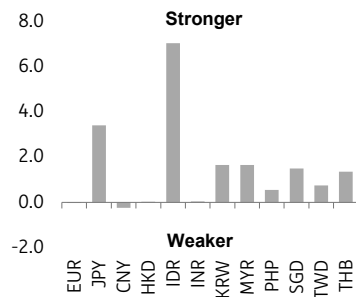
China and Korea are well on the road to recovery and both have seen currencies strengthen, though the KRW has recently come under renewed pressure as speculation about the health of North Korea's leader grows. And China has given the rest of the world a taste of what is in store for GDP with its -6.8%YoY print for 1Q20. Australia and New Zealand too have seen their new-case count drop sharply following lockdowns and both the AUD and NZD have bounced higher.

Thailand and the Philippines have seen lockdowns cap the spread of the virus and may realistically start to consider de-confinement in the coming weeks if cases fall further.

Singapore and Japan after good starts, have belatedly joined those in lockdown as the situations worsen. And the less-than-convincing partial lockdowns in Indonesia, and the chaotic lockdown in India has not yet led to any believable improvement, though India is already inexplicitly talking about reopening.

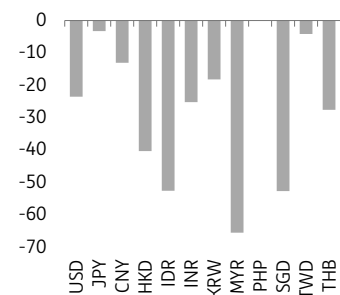
This is a messy backdrop for economies and currencies. That isn't going to change soon.

Exchange rates vs. USD (%MoM)



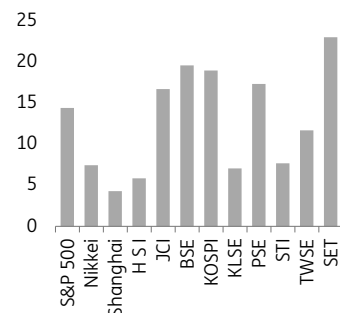
Source: Bloomberg

10Y local currency gov't bond yields (MoM bp)



Source: Bloomberg

Stock indices (%MoM)



Source: Bloomberg

### ING's 12-month currency view vis-à-vis forward/NDF market forecasts

	USD/JPY		AUD/USD		NZD/USD	
Spot	108		0.63		0.60	
1M	106	<	0.63	=	0.60	=
3M	105	<	0.63	=	0.59	<
6M	100	<	0.66	>	0.63	>
12M	105	<	0.69	>	0.65	>

	USD/CNY		USD/INR		USD/IDR	
Spot	7.081		76.07		15415	
1M	7.100	=	77.30	>	15574	<
3M	7.080	=	79.80	>	15509	<
6M	6.980	<	78.00	=	15267	<
12M	6.750	<	73.00	<	15085	<

	USD/KRW		USD/MYR		USD/PHP	
Spot	1230		4.359		50.68	
1M	1250	>	4.410	>	51.79	>
3M	1180	<	4.500	>	52.16	>
6M	1130	<	4.400	=	52.67	>
12M	1120	<	4.200	<	53.06	>

	USD/SGD		USD/TWD		USD/THB	
Spot	1.425		30.07		32.31	
1M	1.435	>	30.30	>	32.80	>
3M	1.460	>	30.00	>	33.70	>
6M	1.440	>	29.50	>	33.00	>
12M	1.380	<	29.00	=	32.00	<

> / = / < indicates our forecast for the currency pair is above/in line with/below the corresponding market forward or NDF outright. Prices as on 23 April 2020 at 5pm Singapore time.

Source: Bloomberg, ING estimates

#### Rob Carnell

Head of Research, Asia  
Singapore +65 6232 6020  
robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

#### Iris Pang

Economist, Greater China  
Hong Kong +852 2848 8071  
iris.pang@asia.ing.com

#### Prakash Sakpal

Economist, Asia  
Singapore +65 6232 6181  
prakash.sakpal@asia.ing.com

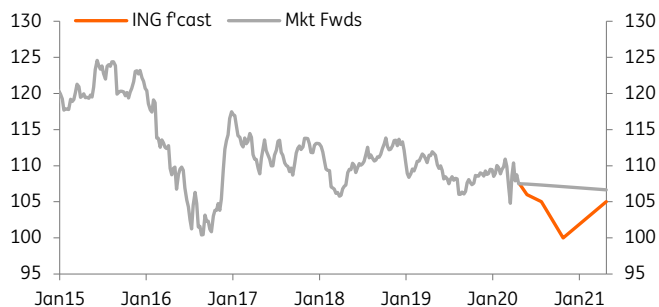
#### Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist  
Manila +63 2479 8855  
nicholas.mapa@asia.ing.com

## USD/JPY

Holding pattern to resolve to the downside

**Current spot: 107.50**



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- Some calm is returning to FX markets, where USD/JPY one-month volatility prices have dropped to 7.7% from a peak above 20% above mid-March. Like many other countries, Japan has embarked on large fiscal stimulus, (including JPY100,000 hand-outs for citizens) and aggressive liquidity provision. Like us, the IMF looks for a 5% GDP contraction in 2020.
- True to form, the JPY has out-performed since the S&P 500 topped out in late February. Its defensive properties will be favoured during 2Q as the size of the recession becomes clearer.
- Our call is that the Fed's balance sheet explosion will drag the dollar lower across the board into 2H20, leaving JPY 100 tested.

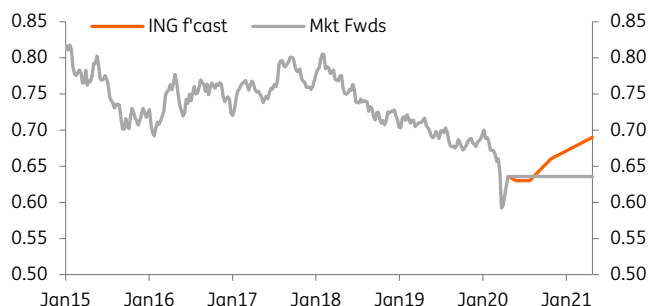
<b>ING forecasts (mkt fwd)</b>	<b>1M</b> 106 (107)	<b>3M</b> 105 (107)	<b>6M</b> 100 (107)	<b>12M</b> 105 (107)
--------------------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	----------------------

**Chris Turner, London +44 20 7767 1610**

## AUD/USD

Strong support underpins AUD

**Current spot: 0.63**



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- Despite the adoption of quantitative easing last month, the AUD has staged a strong recovery.
- A very strong response to the Covid-19 pandemic, including a severe and enforced lockdown has led new cases to flatten off impressively.
- The economic response to the pandemic has been very strong, with one of the biggest on-budget responses. Contrary to the outlook downgrade by S&P, Australia's post-Covid-19 outlook is probably one of the strongest and the AUD is reflecting that.

<b>ING forecasts (mkt fwd)</b>	<b>1M</b> 0.63 (0.63)	<b>3M</b> 0.63 (0.63)	<b>6M</b> 0.66 (0.63)	<b>12M</b> 0.69 (0.63)
--------------------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	------------------------

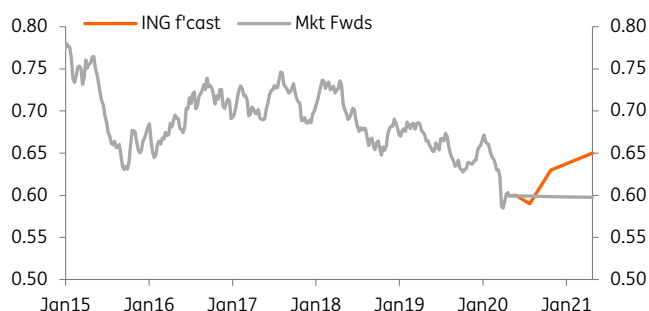
**Rob Carnell, Singapore +65 6232 6020**

**Francesco Pesole +44 207 767 6405**

## NZD/USD

NZD looking good for recovery

**Current spot: 0.60**



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- New Zealand has not been quite so aggressive on the fiscal front, but has still delivered a decent fiscal boost, and its central bank has also implemented quantitative easing.
- Like Australia, the New Zealand lockdown was implemented early and wholeheartedly, and has delivered a clear peak in cases, making the prospect of a return to normality more likely than some Asian peers.
- The prospects for a second half recovery for New Zealand are looking very good and should support a stronger NZD.

<b>ING forecasts (mkt fwd)</b>	<b>1M</b> 0.60 (0.60)	<b>3M</b> 0.59 (0.60)	<b>6M</b> 0.63 (0.60)	<b>12M</b> 0.65 (0.60)
--------------------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	------------------------

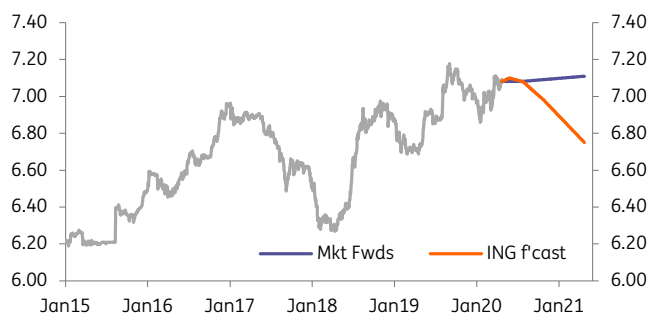
**Rob Carnell, Singapore +65 6232 6020**

**Francesco Pesole +44 207 767 6405**

## USD/CNY

Terrible growth in 1Q means more easing and stimulus

Current spot: 7.081



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- The -6.8%YoY GDP growth in 1Q20 shocked the market. With such a contraction the Chinese central bank is expected to continue to cut interest rates and RRR to stabilise the sentiment in the money and bond market. The easing should also support liquidity needs from corporates with cash flow issues from weak external demand.
- The recovery will depend more on domestic demand, mainly from the “new infra” stimulus plan.
- The yuan has been quite stable against the dollar and has appreciated against a basket of currencies YTD. A stable yuan with a liquid bond market should help avoid massive outflows.

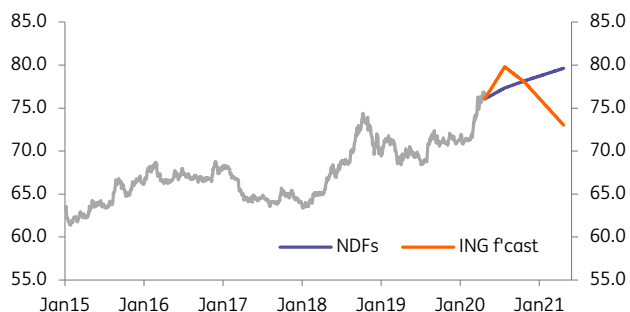
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 7.100 (7.081)	3M 7.080 (7.082)	6M 6.980 (7.091)	12M 6.750 (7.110)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Iris Pang, Hong Kong +852 2848 8071

## USD/INR

Marching towards 80

Current spot: 76.07



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- With over 7% year-to-date depreciation the INR remains among the Asian underperformers. We continue to see USD/INR trading towards 80 in the coming months.
- The Covid-19 infections have surged past 20,000, which with a chaotic implementation of containment measures risks a prolonged spell ahead. Indeed, the economic fallout would be dire with as much as 5% YoY GDP fall in the current quarter.
- About 1.3% of GDP fiscal stimulus is far too small by regional comparison. The RBI is left to do all the heavy-lifting. Liquidity boosting efforts worth \$63 billion may not serve its purpose until the outbreak ends, whenever that happens.

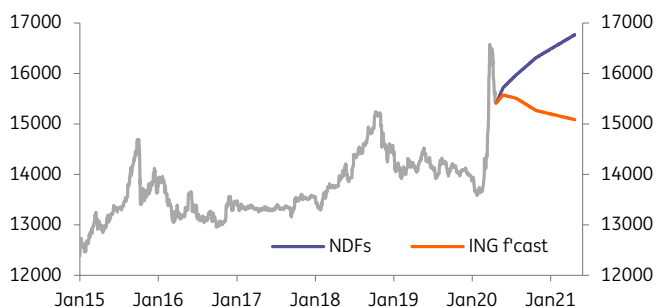
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 77.30 (76.49)	3M 79.80 (77.34)	6M 78.00 (78.17)	12M 73.00 (79.64)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Prakash Sakpal, Singapore +65 6232 6181

## USD/IDR

IDR drops on Covid-19 concerns but steadies on Fed deal

Current spot: 15415



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- The IDR entered a tailspin in March with heavy foreign selling noted on fears of an economic downturn induced by the virus. It remained on the backfoot with the central bank busy limiting depreciation via participation in the spot, bond and NDF markets, burning through roughly \$10 bn for the month of March alone.
- Bank Indonesia (BI) was forced to cut policy rates by 25 bps to join in the fight against the Covid-19 downturn but probably won't cut rates any further until IDR stabilises.
- BI announced a \$60 bn repo line with the Fed, boosting IDR but we expect IDR to remain pressured as Covid -19 infections rise in Indonesia.

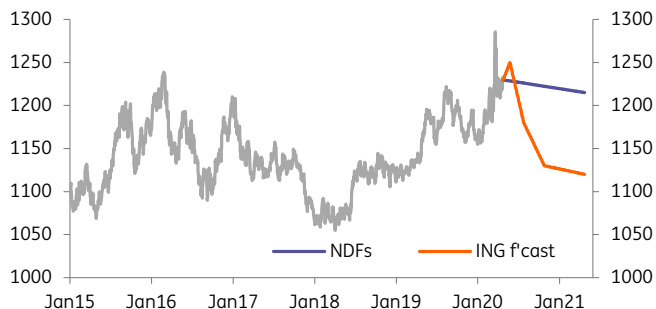
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 15574 (15720)	3M 15509 (15975)	6M 15267 (16315)	12M 15085 (16770)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Nicholas Mapa, Philippines +63 2479 8855

## USD/KRW

Poised to perform

Current spot: 1230



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- Korea never implemented a mandatory lockdown, even in the Southern City of Daegu, the stay home recommendation was voluntary – but it was still largely obeyed.
- Instead, massive testing, contact tracing and isolation of potentially infected persons has delivered a clear fall in infections without the damaging effects of a lockdown.
- Korea's economy will still be very sluggish this year, but it is in a better position to recover than some of its neighbouring countries where lockdown is leading to bankruptcy and job losses. The main risk to KRW recovery is if North Korea's leadership stability is undermined, which is a source of recent speculation.

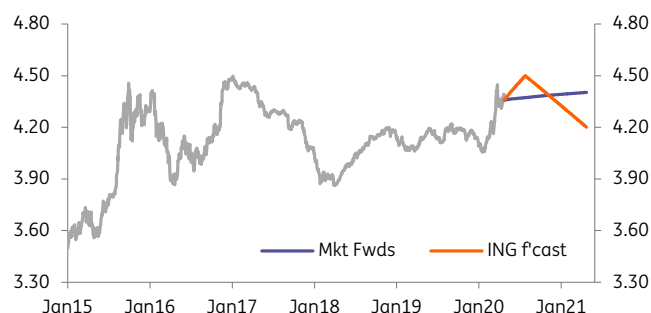
ING forecasts (NDFs)	1M 1250 (1229)	3M 1180 (1226)	6M 1130 (1222)	12M 1120 (1215)
----------------------	----------------	----------------	----------------	-----------------

Rob Carnell, Singapore +65 6232 6020

## USD/MYR

Plunge in oil not good for Asia's net oil exporter

Current spot: 4.359



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- After over 5% depreciation in 1Q20, the MYR appears to be stable in the 4.30-4.40 range so far in April. Yet, it continues to be an Asian underperformer with now an added hit from falling global oil prices as it is Asia's net oil exporter economy.
- Despite surprisingly strong trade and manufacturing growth, although flatter by the low base year effect, the Covid-19 lockdown which started in mid-March probably pushed GDP towards contraction in 1Q. We expect negative growth in the next two quarters too.
- Of the 17% of GDP headline stimulus, real spending is only 4% of GDP. Still, it's better given the backdrop of weak public finances.

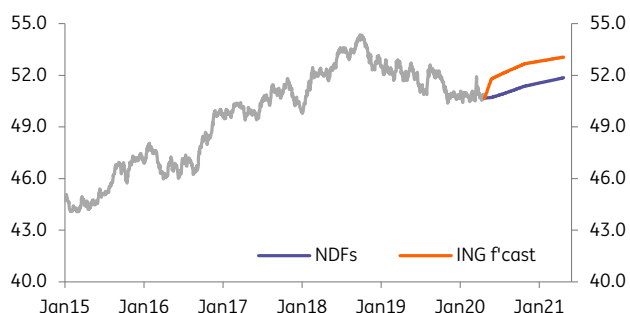
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 4.410 (4.365)	3M 4.500 (4.372)	6M 4.400 (4.385)	12M 4.200 (4.403)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Prakash Sakpal, Singapore +65 6232 6181

## USD/PHP

PHP depreciates as government implements a lockdown

Current spot: 50.68



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- The PHP depreciated as the government implemented a form of lockdown on the northern island of Luzon on 14 March, which accounts for 73% of GDP. Trading hours were shortened but all non-essential services were forced to close.
- The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Governor cut policy rates by 75 bps, reduced reserve requirements by 200 bps and set up a Php300 bn short term repo arrangement with the national government.
- We expect PHP to move sideways during the lockdown phase Dollar demand remains light as economic activity is on hold but expect depreciation to return once the lockdown is lifted.

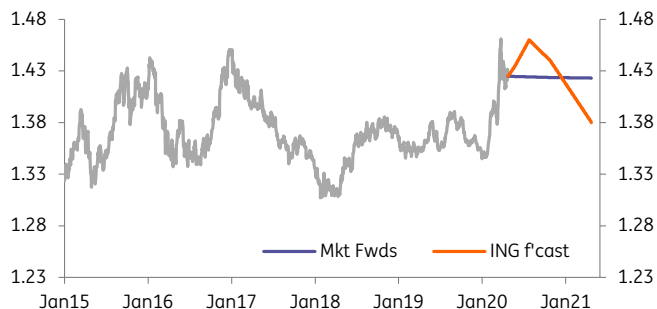
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 51.79 (50.71)	3M 52.16 (50.96)	6M 52.67 (51.37)	12M 53.06 (51.86)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Nicholas Mapa, Philippines +63 2479 8855

## USD/SGD

Strong Covid-19 stimulus

Current spot: 1.425



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- Consistent with their previous response to crisis, the Monetary Authority of Singapore moved to a neutral stance implied by zero appreciation of the S\$-NEER policy band, albeit shifting the midpoint to the prevailing lower level.
- GDP fell by more than 10% QoQ annually, in 1Q20. With two-third of the current quarter gone in the circuit-breaker to curb the Covid-19 spread, there will be a deeper GDP contraction in 2Q. We have cut our 2020 GDP forecast to -3.7% from -2.6%.
- Three stimulus packages with a total fiscal and monetary thrust equivalent to over 12% of GDP should position the economy for a quick bounce back once the pandemic ends.

ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 1.435 (1.425)	3M 1.460 (1.424)	6M 1.440 (1.424)	12M 1.380 (1.423)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Prakash Sakpal, Singapore +65 6232 6181

## USD/TWD

Hope on telecommunication production boost inflows

Current spot: 30.07



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- A few indicators have been very positive on Taiwan. The first one is export orders, which rose 4.3%YoY in March compared to a slight contraction in February. Another is industrial production which grew by 20.34%YoY in February.
- Though exports did not perform as well. The reason behind the strong growth in production and export orders could be the rise of 5G products.
- There were obvious inflows into Taiwan's stock market technology sector. But we are cautious that global demand could be too weak for telecommunication products to set a high price for the products.

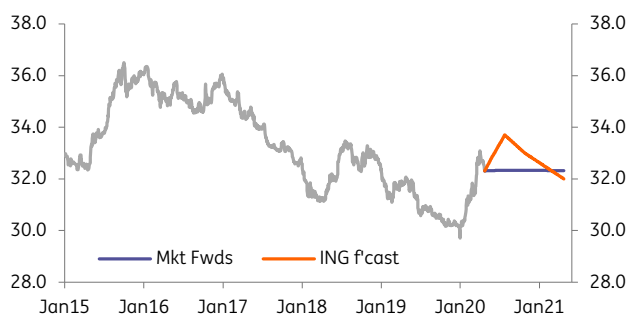
ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 30.30 (29.87)	3M 30.00 (29.57)	6M 29.50 (29.28)	12M 29.00 (28.87)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Iris Pang, Hong Kong +852 2848 8071

## USD/THB

It's going to be worse since the Asian crisis

Current spot: 32.31



Source: Bloomberg, ING forecasts

- A virtually stalled tourism sector explains the THB's plight with over 7% year-to-date depreciation. We don't think we have reached the bottom yet.
- Trade dodged the Covid-19 pain in 1Q20, and large trade surplus contributed positively to GDP growth, but probably only to be outweighed by the increasing drag from domestic demand and weak tourism. Our view of a -4.3% GDP fall in 2020 makes it the worst performance since the Asian crisis in 1998.
- As everywhere, the policy response is unprecedented, amounting to over 14% of GDP fiscal stimulus. But it may not to bear fruit until confidence returns and tourists start to flock back.

ING forecasts (mkt fwd)	1M 32.80 (32.32)	3M 33.70 (32.34)	6M 33.00 (32.33)	12M 32.00 (32.32)
-------------------------	------------------	------------------	------------------	-------------------

Prakash Sakpal, Singapore +65 6232 6181

## Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. (“ING”) solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA). ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <https://www.ing.com>.