

United States

US: Trade remains the weak link

The US is on course to hit a new record deficit in 2021 as strong domestic demand sucks in imports while ongoing Covid containment measures limit the opportunity for exports. Trade improvements with China appear to be holding, but it is merely resulting in import substitution with other Asian economies rather than boosting US manufacturing

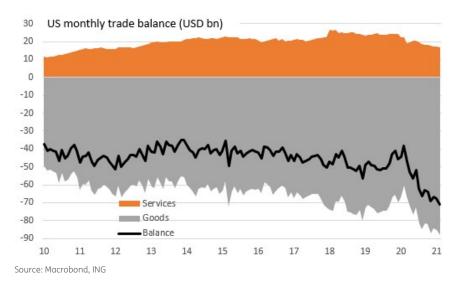


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A new record monthly trade deficit

A new US record trade deficit is confirmed for February, coming in at -\$71.1bn versus -\$67.8bn in January. Imports fell 0.7% month-on-month, but exports fell 2.6% MoM with bad weather in February likely to have disrupted transport activity to some extent.

Monthly US trade balance USD bn



Weather and pandemic constraints are impacting the data

Supply constraints relating to an uneven re-opening pattern and industry specifics, such as the global shortage of semi-conductor chips, may also be leading to businesses curtailing imports of other components in the production process (auto parts, for example). It is also possible that the higher cost of international freight, reflecting a scarcity of containers where they are needed, is also impacting the data in the near-term.

Services (YoY% change) Goods (YoY% change) 20 10 10 -10 -10 -Exports -20 -20 -Import -30 -30 -40 11 12 13 14 15 21 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 16 17 18 19 20 Source: Macrobond, ING

Export and import growth (YoY%)

Trade to drag on growth in 2021

Based on the first two months of 2021 it looks as though the US is on track for a new record deficit for the full year. Admittedly it is very early days, but we believe the trade deficit will continue to deteriorate in the months ahead as strong domestic, stimulus fuelled demand sucks in more imports while exports struggle as ongoing Covid-related lockdowns weigh on activity elsewhere.

Rest of Asia benefiting from China moves

Geographically the smaller deficit with China after the escalation of trade tensions appears to be holding. In fact, year to date exports to China are up 58.7% versus 2020, but we have to

acknowledge that China was in the grips of its pandemic at the beginning of 2020 and we are likely to see that rate of growth slow. The trade deficits with Europe appears to be holding, while shrinking with Mexico and mildly expanding with Canada.

However, the trade deficit with "the rest of the world", which is largely non-China Asia, continues to balloon. Vietnam, Malaysia, Taiwan, Thailand and Korea are the main beneficiaries, which highlights the point that we have merely seen substitution of US imports away from China to other parts of Asia rather than any meaningful improvement of reshoring activity to the US. Nonetheless, we don't expect this to prevent the US economy from growing nearly 7% this year.

0 -100 -200 -300 -400 -500 -600 -700 -800 -900 USD bn - 2021 figure is ING projection -1,000

97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

China Canada Mexico EU Rest of World

US goods trade balance by geography (USD bn)

Source: Macrobond, ING

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-1,100

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based on Jan-Feb data

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