Snap | 20 April 2020 Commodities daily

The Commodities Feed: US rigs continue to fall

Your daily roundup of commodity news and ING views



Source: Shutterstock

Energy

Oil markets are under pressure once again this morning, with ICE Brent down more than 1% at the time of writing. Although the weakness in the prompt NYMEX WTI contract dwarfs this move, with the May-20 contract down close to 20% at one stage this morning. We wouldn't read too much into this though, given that the May contract is set to expire tomorrow, and the bulk of the open interest and volume is already in the June contract.

There was little in the way of developments over the weekend for the oil market, although data from Baker Hughes on Friday did show another sizeable decline in the US oil rig count to 438 rigs, a fall of 66. This is the biggest weekly decline since February 2015. Over the last month, the total number of active oil rigs in the US has fallen by more than 35%, highlighting the impact that the current low ol price is having on drilling activity. This drilling slowdown will translate into lower production in the coming months.

On the data front, it is set to be a fairly quiet week for the oil market. We have the usual weekly API and EIA numbers on Tuesday and Wednesday. Then on Thursday, we will get Chinese March trade

Snap | 20 April 2020 1

data, which includes a breakdown of oil product trade.

Metals

Base metals mostly had a strong close last week, with a recovery in industrial activity in China and mine supply disruptions elsewhere continuing to offer support to markets.

In China, inventory drawdowns across metals and increased premia in the physical market have sparked optimism over a demand recovery. This has seen the Shanghai Futures Exchange (ShFE) market outperform the LME market. Copper inventories in China fell by 15kt over the last week to total 303kt as of 17th April. The net outflows for the month so far stand at 61kt, quite a bit higher than the 25kt outflows seen over the same period last year. Meanwhile, aluminium inventories saw outflows of 25kt over the week, to take total stocks to 486kt. Among other metals, zinc and lead stocks reported marginal outflows of 6kt and 0.4kt respectively over the week. Inventory drawdowns coupled with expectations of a VAT cut have kept nearby spreads tight across the local market. The physical premium for copper has risen to a multi-year high of CNY180/t, as well as the Yangshan premium, which has reached US\$81/t, the highest in seven months.

As for aluminium, the recent rally looks premature, despite a marginal recovery in demand from China. According to consultancy firm, Antaike, exports of aluminium semis and finished products will be hit hard from April onwards. Exports (semis + finished products) account for approximately one-third of total Chinese primary consumption, and so protracted lockdowns ex-China do not bode well for export activity. Meanwhile, the latest data from the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) shows that primary aluminium output in China rose by 2.3% YoY to 3mt in March, while cumulative output during the first three months of the year totalled 8.8mt, which was also 2.7% higher YoY. Meanwhile announced curtailments only started from the end of March, and so any impact may only be shown in the April number.

Author

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy

Warren.Patterson@asia.inq.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom

Snap | 20 April 2020 2

this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 20 April 2020 3