

Commodities daily

# The Commodities Feed: USD weighs on the complex

Your daily roundup of commodities news and ING views



## Energy

Oil prices have come under a bit of pressure in early morning trading in Asia today. NYMEX WTI is trading down around 1% at the time of writing. A rise in Covid cases in Shanghai will not be helping sentiment, particularly given that China continues to pursue its zero-Covid policy, which creates a fair amount of demand risk for the market. In addition to demand worries, concerns over Kazakhstan's oil supply have eased after a Russian court said that oil flows through the CPC terminal on the Russian Black Sea coast can continue. A lower court had previously said oil flows should be suspended for 30 days due to violations of rules around oil spills. Furthermore, continued strength in the USD will be weighing on oil, along with the broader commodities complex.

It is set to be a fairly busy week for the oil market. Today will see OPEC release its monthly oil market report, while the EIA will release its Short Term Energy Outlook. Given the deteriorating macro picture, it will be interesting to see what revisions are made to oil demand forecasts for this year and next. These releases will be followed by the IEA's monthly market report on Wednesday as well as the first batch of Chinese trade data for June. And then on Friday, we will get Chinse output data for June, which will include refinery output for the month. On top of all these releases, President Biden will be visiting the Middle East later this week, which means there is the potential

for plenty of noise around the US putting further pressure on OPEC to increase oil production more aggressively.

European natural gas prices came under pressure yesterday, falling by more than 6%. The sell-off was driven by reports that Canada would return a turbine for the Nord Stream pipeline to Gazprom. Gazprom had reduced flows via the Nord Stream pipeline by around 60% from normal levels, citing delays in the return of a turbine and maintenance issues at a compressor station. However, Nord Stream flows should have come to a complete stop yesterday and will be offline until 21 July due to scheduled annual summer maintenance.

### Metals

The sell-off in industrial metals resumed on Monday, as a resurgence of Covid cases in China along with a strong dollar (reaching a 20-year high) weighed on risk assets and overshadowed the latest stimulus hopes from China.

The latest survey from the Shanghai Metals Market (SMM) shows that refined copper production in China rose 4.6% MoM and 3.3% YoY to 857kt in June, as smelters in the Shandong region restarted operations. The group also expects refined production to grow further over the coming months, as smelters complete maintenance or launch new capacity. Amongst other metals, domestic aluminium production rose 4.5% YoY to 3.4mt. The majority of the rise came from the resumption of production and the commencement of new capacity in Guangxi, Gansu and Yunnan regions. Cumulative, output rose marginally to 19.5mt in the first six months of the year. Meanwhile, China's refined zinc output fell 5.2% MoM to 488kt (primarily due to smelter maintenance), while refined lead production rose 2% MoM to 254kt in June.

There are reports that the Indian government is looking to scrap a 15% export levy on some steel products. Previously, the Indian government hiked export tariffs on iron ore and several steel products on 22 May.

#### Author

#### Warren Patterson

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. (**"ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central

Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.