

Snap | 4 December 2019

The Commodities Feed: US draws & OPEC+ cuts

Your daily roundup of commodity news and ING views



Source: Shutterstock

Energy

Trade developments once again hit sentiment across markets yesterday, and it was no different for oil. President Trump suggested that a trade deal with China may only come after the election, and this has increased fears that the US could go ahead with imposing further tariffs on China on the 15 December.

Focusing on oil developments, and yesterday the OPEC+ Joint Technical Committee (JTC) met in Vienna ahead of the full ministerial meetings on Thursday and Friday. Reports suggest that deeper cuts were not discussed at the meeting, while compliance between OPEC+ members over October was reportedly 140%. Reports also suggest that the JTC is looking into Russia's request to exclude condensate from its oil production cuts. Meanwhile, the Iraqi oil minister has once again suggested that OPEC+ will look at possibly deeper cuts and does not believe other members will be an obstacle to doing so. If all members were compliant with the deal this may be the case, however, with a number of members falling well short in cutting output, including Iraq, other members may be reluctant to cut further. The reassurance of stronger compliance will likely be needed before other members agree to deeper cuts.

Snap | 4 December 2019

Between trade and OPEC+ noise, the usual weekly US crude oil inventory numbers have fallen between the cracks for many in the market. However, API numbers reported yesterday were fairly constructive, with US crude oil inventories falling by 3.72MMbbls, which was more than the 1.5MMbbls draw the market was expecting (according to a Bloomberg survey). While on the product side, builds of 2.93MMbbls and 794Mbbls were reported in gasoline and distillate fuel oil respectively. These numbers suggest that refinery run rates picked up over the week, a trend that we would expect to continue, as refineries ramp up production following the turnaround season. The more widely followed EIA report will be released later today, and while the report may lead to an immediate price response, we believe attention will soon turn back to the OPEC+ meeting and any further news on the trade front.

Metals

Trade has once again dictated price action, hitting risk appetite yesterday. This has unsurprisingly been fairly supportive for gold, which settled a little over 1% higher yesterday, leaving it at levels last seen in early November. The shift in narrative, from 'optimistic' to 'cautiously optimistic' has seen a move back towards safe-haven assets. This has broken (or at least paused) a trend that we had seen over the last 3 months, where growing optimism, saw gold prices falling by around 6%, the speculative net long shrinking by around 30% from its peak, and gold ETF holdings declining from a little over 82moz in early November to 81moz currently. Assuming we do not see progress in trade talks before the 15th December, gold is likely to see a strong end to the year.

Turning to base metals, and the same developments could prove to be rather gloomy for the complex, with tariffs likely to weigh further on global industrial and manufacturing activity. The LME complex finished the day deep in the red, with nickel settling almost 2.5% lower, while copper was down almost 1.2% at the close. Meanwhile, China issued the 15th batch of copper scrap import quotas on Tuesday, which came in at 7,970 tonnes. This takes total quota issuances to around 561kt so far this year for higher quality scrap. The quota batches have been consistently decreasing throughout 2H19, along with reduced import arrivals according to customs data. This has partly helped to narrow the discount between recycled copper and cathode. Looking ahead, it's difficult to predict what will happen next for scrap, as the market awaits answers to copper scrap's 'identity issue', and whether it should be redefined as 'rubbish' or 'resource', along with the policy that will define the future landscape for scrap imports into China.

Agriculture

Finally, turning to the sugar market, and there was some good news for the bulls yesterday, with the Indian Sugar Mills Association reporting that cumulative sugar production for the 2019/20 season in India through until the end of November stood at 1.89mt, down 54% YoY. While the poorer number does reflect some mills starting the crushing season late, expectations are that Indian sugar production in the 2019/20 will see a significant decline YoY. ISMA's latest output estimate for the current season is 26.9mt, down 19% YoY. This number could end up being closer to 26mt, taking into consideration ethanol diversion. While lower output from India will help to shift the global market from a surplus to deficit, there is still plenty of domestic stock overhang, which will continue to threaten the world market. Therefore we remain modestly constructive on the sugar market.

Snap | 4 December 2019

Daily price update

	Current	% DoD ch	%YTD ch		Current	% DoD ch	%\
ICE Brent (US\$/bbl)	60.82	-0.16	13.05	Spot Gold (US\$/oz)	1,477.6	1.04	
NYMEX WTI (US\$/bbl)	56.1	0.25	23.54	Spot Silver (US\$/oz)	17.2	1.55	
ICE Gasoil (US\$/t)	570	-0.87	11.60	LME Copper (US\$/t)	5,815	-1.16	
NYMEX HO (Usc/g)	188	-0.32	11.85	LME Aluminium (US\$/t)	1,766	-1.34	
Eurobob (US\$/t)	544	0.08	13.52	LME Zinc (US\$/t)	2,202	-1.83	
NYMEX RBOB (Usc/g)	156	-0.66	18.07	LME Nickel (US\$/t)	13,375	-2.48	
NYMEX NG (US\$/mmbtu)	2.44	4.81	-16.97				
TTF Natural Gas (EUR/MWh)	15.77	-0.25	-28.25	CBOT Corn (Usc/bu)	372	-0.40	
				CBOT Wheat (Usc/bu)	531	-2.35	
API2 Coal (US\$/t)	58	-1.19	-31.52	CBOT Soybeans (Usc/bu)	871	0.06	
Newcastle Coal (US\$/t)	70	0.65	-31.26	ICE No.11 Sugar (Usc/lb)	12.86	0.86	
SGX TSI Coking Coal (US\$/t)	144	-0.12	-32.06	ICE Arabica (USc/lb)	123	1.11	
SGX Iron Ore 62% (US\$/t)	85.98	-0.49	23.77	ICE London Cocoa (GBP/t)	1,984	0.00	

Source: Bloomberg, ING Research

Author

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 4 December 2019