

Snap | 5 February 2021

The Commodities Feed: Oil continues its move higher

Your daily roundup of commodity news and ING views



Energy

The oil market has continued its strong run, with ICE Brent up 6% so far this week, and briefly trading above US\$59/bbl yesterday. Stronger equity markets have proved supportive for oil, whilst sentiment following the various OPEC+ meetings this week was also constructive. OPEC+ was of the view that OECD inventories will fall below their 5-year average by June, and also suggested that they remain committed to rebalancing the market quickly. With Covid-19 cases now declining in certain regions, including the US and the UK, there will be a glimmer of hope that the worst is now behind us, particularly as the rolling out of vaccinations picks up.

The Saudis left their March official selling price for Arab Light into Asia unchanged at US\$1/bbl over the benchmark, whilst all other OSPs into the region were also left unchanged. All grades into the US, NW Europe and the Mediterranean saw increases, with OSP's increasing by US\$0.10/bbl, US\$1.40/bbl and US\$1.30/bbl respectively.

Metals

SGX Iron ore futures reversed losses from earlier in the week, to trade back above US\$150/t, with lower production numbers from Vale appearing to offer some support to the market. The miner

Snap | 5 February 2021

reported that its iron ore output in the last quarter of 2020 totaled 84.5mt, which was lower than expectations, and also below the 88.6mt produced in the third quarter of the year. The lower output was largely due to heavy rainfall, along with restrictions on tailings disposals. The miner ended last year with a capacity of 322mt and expects to expand this to 350mt by the end of 2021, and 400mt by the end of 2022. However, Vale left its 2021 production guidance unchanged between 315-335mt.

Agriculture

Corn prices hit fresh recent highs once again, with the CBOT corn contract touching US\$5.58/bu at one stage yesterday. Record export sales of US corn and expectations of stronger imports from China continue to be supportive for US corn prices. The USDA reported net sales of nearly 7.5mt of corn for the week ending 28 January, significantly higher than the 1.85mt of sales in the previous week, and levels not seen since at least 1990. 5.9mt of this corn was sold to China, and takes total US sales to China so far this marketing year to 17.7mt, well above the 61kt sold by the same stage last season.

Author

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 5 February 2021