Snap | 9 June 2022 Commodities daily

The Commodities Feed: LNG supply disruption

Your daily roundup of commodities news and ING views



Energy

The oil market continued its move higher yesterday, after a fairly constructive inventory report from the EIA. While US commercial crude oil inventories increased by 2.03MMbbls over the last week, when taking into account releases from the strategic petroleum reserve total US crude inventories declined by 5.24MMbbls. Given the strength in the refined products market, it is no surprise that refiners ramped up run rates by 1.6 percentage points to 94.2%, their highest levels since 2019. Despite this increase in run rates, gasoline inventories still declined over the week by 812Mbbls. This leaves US gasoline inventories at a little over 218MMbbls, closer to levels we usually see at the end of driving season, not at the beginning. Strong demand over the week contributed to the stock decline, with implied gasoline demand increasing by 222Mbbls/d. As for distillates, stronger refinery activity and weaker implied demand saw stocks grow by 2.59MMbbls, the largest weekly increase since December 2021.

Comments from the UAE energy minister would have also provided some support to the market, with the minister pointing out the struggle that OPEC+ is facing in boosting output and hitting its production targets under the OPEC+ deal. In addition, the minister noted the recovery in Chinese consumption following an easing in Covid related lockdowns, suggesting that there is further

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upside to prices.

Latest trade data released from China this morning shows that crude oil imports in May averaged around 10.9MMbbls/d, up around 13% YoY and almost 4% higher MoM. Cumulative imports over the first 5 months of the year still lag last year, by 1.7%.

A fire at the Freeport LNG export facility in the US has led to a stoppage in operations and it is reported that the plant could be down for at least three weeks. The Freeport LNG facility has a capacity of 15mtpta (around 20bcm), which makes up around 17% of total US liquefaction capacity. The impact on US gas prices has been bearish, given that this will weigh on LNG exports and leave more gas in the domestic market. However, this should prove supportive for European hub prices as well as spot Asian LNG prices, given that the LNG market is already tight, with Europe increasingly turning to LNG as it tries to reduce its dependency on Russian gas.

Agriculture

Brazil's agriculture agency, CONAB, has increased its soybean and corn production estimates for 2021/22 on the back of stronger yields. In its latest estimates, CONAB estimates Brazil's soybean production to increase to 124.3mt compared to 123.8mt previously. CONAB has revised down soybean export estimates to 75.2mt, from a previous estimate of 77mt as higher crushing margins were seen to be boosting domestic demand for soybeans. Corn production estimates were revised up to 115.2mt, from previous expectations of 114.6mt.

The Indian Sugar Mills Association has increased its estimates for domestic sugar production from 35mt to 36mt for the current marketing year that ends in September 2022. The association reported that sugar production has already reached around 35mt in the season so far. India has exported around 8.6mt of sugar this season through until the end of May, with another 0.8-0.9mt of sugar exports already contracted. Recently India capped sugar exports at around 10mt for the season, to ensure sufficient supply for the domestic market.

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