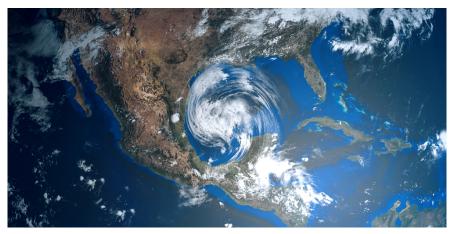


Snap | 30 August 2021 Commodities daily

# The Commodities Feed: Hurricane Ida hits US Gulf Coast

Your daily roundup of commodity news and ING views



Source: Shutterstock

## **Energy**

The oil market has continued to strengthen this morning. ICE Brent is trading back above US\$73/bbl, while WTI is creeping closer to the US\$70/bbl level. Momentum is clearly upwards following the price action seen last week, where Brent rallied more than 11%. More recent strength in the market has been driven by category-4 Hurricane Ida in the US Gulf. According to the Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE) 1.74MMbbls/d of offshore US Gulf of Mexico (GoM) oil production has been shut in, which is equivalent to 95.65% of total US GoM output. 93.75% of US GoM natural gas production has also been shut in. While the storm has been bullish for oil prices, this could shift fairly quickly. More than 2MMbbls/d of refining capacity has been shut due to the hurricane. The big question is, which will make a quicker return - offshore oil production or refining capacity? If it is the former, we could start to see a build-up of crude oil inventories, which would not be a constructive signal for oil prices, although it would likely be supportive for refined product cracks. The Colonial pipeline, which runs from Houston to the East Coast has also been affected. The operator has decided to temporarily shut lines 1 and 2 from Houston to Greensboro, North Carolina. This could lead to some tightening up in the refined products market on the US East Coast.

There is also the potential for further volatility as we move through the week. OPEC+ is scheduled to meet on 1 September for their monthly meeting. We do not foresee any fireworks from the group following the more recent recovery in prices. And we expect that they will continue the

Snap | 30 August 2021 1

easing of their supply cuts as planned. OPEC+ is set to increase output by 400Mbbls/d per month through until the end of the year. This will also be the first OPEC+ meeting since the US administration called on OPEC+ to increase supply further. We do not believe the group will entertain this idea.

The latest positioning data show that speculators slightly reduced their net long in ICE Brent over the last reporting week. The managed money net long was reduced by 8,854 lots, leaving speculators with a net long of 245,964 lots as of last Tuesday. This reduction was predominantly driven by longs liquidating. NYMEX WTI saw a similarly small reduction. The speculative net long in WTI was reduced by 7,188 lots to 272,926 lots.

## Metals

Spot gold prices traded to their highest levels since the end of July following Jerome Powell's speech at the annual Jackson Hole Symposium. Powell's comments were more dovish than the stance taken by a number of regional Fed presidents. While tapering could begin this year, much will depend on data and the spread of the delta variant. As a result, the market will be focusing on the US jobs report at the end of this week. A strong number could still put us on track for a September taper announcement.

China's National Food and Strategic Reserves Administration announced that they will release a third batch of metals from state reserves on 1 September. 70kt of aluminium, 50kt of zinc and 30kt of copper will be offered in this latest release. Up until now, a total of 270kt of the three metals have been released from reserves.

The latest reports from Shanghai Metals Market suggests that Changji in Xinjiang region in China has required five local aluminium smelters to curb output from August, which would result in an annual capacity cut of about 360kt.

# **Agriculture**

The International Sugar Organization has increased its sugar deficit estimate for the 2021/22 season to 3.83mt compared to an earlier forecast for a deficit of 2.65mt. Supply concerns from Brazil due to frost this year should keep supply tight. The organization expects Brazilian sugar production to fall by around 4.45mt YoY in 2021/22, offsetting healthy production growth in Thailand and elsewhere. Global production is expected to increase by a marginal 0.2% YoY to 170.6mt. The ISO expects sugar consumption to increase at a healthy pace of 1.6% YoY to 174.5mt in 2021/22.

#### **Author**

### **Warren Patterson**

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group

Snap | 30 August 2021 2

(being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Snap | 30 August 2021 3