

Snap | 17 September 2021

# Sentiment remains shaky amongst US consumers

The University of Michigan reports that consumer sentiment remained weak as Covid's resurgence and the rising cost of living weigh on peoples' minds. Nonetheless, consumers continue to spend and with household finances and incomes in decent shape, and Covid showing signs of peaking out, we think this will continue



Shoppers at a technology store in Houston

# At least it didn't get worse...

The September University of Michigan consumer sentiment report has posted an underwhelming rise to 71.0 from 70.3, below the consensus 72.0 forecast. A combination of Covid resurgence and anxiety about the rising cost of living were responsible for the seventh largest ever drop in sentiment in August and the hope was that this was an outsized reaction that would be at least partially reversed. Unfortunately, all we got was a 0.7 point increase with confidence remaining weaker than in the depths of the lockdowns last year, keeping it on a par with levels last seen a decade ago.

#### US consumer confidence



## Not a great time to buy... but they still keep spending

The details show the main issue is that households feel it isn't a great time to make major purchases. The "good time to buy" responses to car, home and major appliance purchases all fell sharply. Prices have certainly risen for all these things, while supply issues mean there aren't many cars or homes to buy anyway.

Yesterday's retail sales report suggests that while households may be nervous, for now they are still happy to spend more broadly. The Conference Board measure hasn't fallen anywhere near as far, which also gives us some comfort. Moreover, our hope is that with Covid case numbers now falling, we are at the bottom for sentiment and we will see a recovery in coming months. After all, household incomes are being supported by rising wages and employment gains while household finances are in good shape with stimulus payments allowing more households to build a savings buffer.

## Republicans feeling a bit better

It is always interesting to look at the political dynamics although they don't tell us much that we shouldn't already know in that Republicans never feel as upbeat when there is a Democrat president and vice-versa. However, this month we actually see a decent improvement in sentiment amongst Republicans while Democrats appear to be increasingly anxious. These sorts of things can have implications for voter turnout at elections so are always worth watching.

3

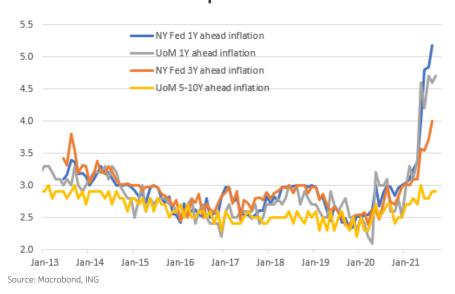
### Sentiment by political affiliation



#### Inflation expectations are looking less anchored

Finally, inflation expectations were little changed with 1Y ahead price rises pegged at 4.7% while 5-10Y ahead price rise expectations remain at 2.9%. The Federal Reserve continues to state that "longer-term inflation expectations remain well anchored at 2 percent" and this phrase will again be included in next Wednesday's FOMC statement – click <a href="here">here</a> for our preview. However, as the chart below shows, the surveys are suggesting that this anchor may not be quite as strong as it once was, with the Fed's own survey conducted by the New York Fed, casting quite a bit of doubt on the Fed's assertion.

# **Consumer inflation expectations**



Snap | 17 September 2021

#### **Author**

James Knightley
Chief International Economist, US
james.knightley@ing.com

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.