

Romania

Romanian inflation edging higher in February

The annual inflation rate reached 3.2% in February 2021, closely matching the consensus and our view. We revise higher our 2021 average inflation forecast from 2.7% to 3.0% and the year-end from 3.0% to 3.3%



Romanian seasonal workers wait for check-in at the Avram lancu international airport, in central Romania.

Source: Shutterstock

3.2%

February inflation

February inflation printed 3.2%, a touch above our 3.1% estimate, which is due exclusively to a marginal increase in electricity prices versus our expectation of a small decrease. After the sharp monthly spike in electricity prices in January (+18.4%), it seems that consumers are in no hurry to look for alternatives on the competitive market. This has helped core inflation to stay at 4.3% in February -similar to January, and significantly above the latest central bank projections. We

expect the core inflation rate to remain firmly higher than headline inflation at least through the second quarter of 2021, followed by a stabilisation in the 3.0-3.5% range for the rest of the year.

While on the upside there are still plenty of factors which can still surprise us, it is relatively difficult to find some corresponding downside influences, except for some negative pandemic-related surprises. Looking forward this year, we already have a rather benign view on both food and non-food prices while on the services side we feel comfortable in anticipating some short-term price pressures, given the prospects for the economy to work at full speed in the second half of the year.

Limited policy reaction

Having all this in mind, we are revising higher our 2021 average inflation forecast from 2.7% to 3.0% and the year-end from 3.0% to 3.3%. Unless pandemic-related developments require harsher restrictive measures (unanticipated at this point), the risk balance still looks mildly tilted to the upside. However, we prefer to be a touch on the conservative side and wait for the economy to confirm the strong recovery, which is widely anticipated now.

Policy-wise, the central bank will likely try to look through this inflation rise and take a middle-way approach in order to balance the inflation prospects with the upward FX pressures and recent bond yields dynamics. We maintain our views for no change in the key rate at least through the first half of 2022, limited FX depreciation (we stick to our 4.92 year-end forecast for the EUR/RON) and careful liquidity management, with liquidity surpluses more likely to be the exception than the norm. Should sell-off episodes occur in the bond market, the central bank will likely try to contain excessive volatility, but large-scale purchases are unlikely in our view.

Author

Valentin Tataru Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.