Snap | 7 September 2018

Romania

Romania: Net wages jump in July

This is a slight deceleration compared with the 14.3% growth in June, but seen in conjunction with a historically low unemployment rate, this reveals a tight labour market

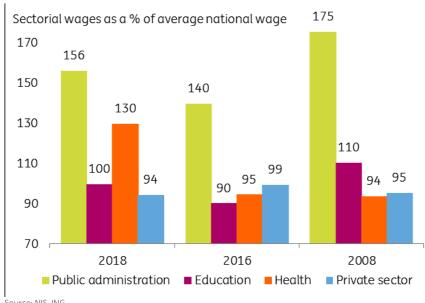


Source: Shutterstock

Wages in the public sector are up by 21.5% YoY driven by 19.3% YoY growth in the education sector and an even more impressive 31.1% in public healthcare. This keeps the pressure elevated on the private sector as well, which posted an 11.0% YoY increase.

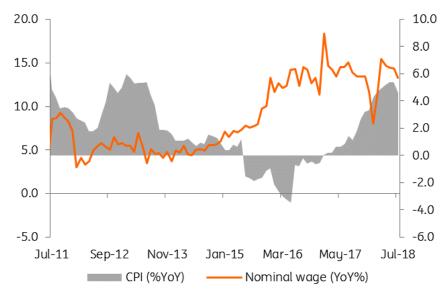
Snap | 7 September 2018

Uneven developments



Source: NIS, ING

Inflation eroding some of the wage growth

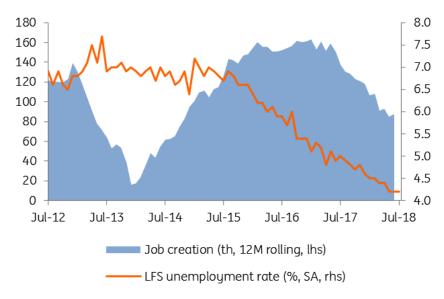


Source: NIS, ING

The revised employment data released by the National Institute of Statistics has shown that the unemployment rate has reached a new historical low since the time the new data is available (1997), at 4.2% in July.

2 Snap | 7 September 2018

Job creation slowing down



Source: NIS, ING

With job creation slowing down and limited fiscal impulse going forward, the pace of wage rises could continue to ease a bit. Still, pressures are not likely to diminish that much due to state wage policies and it could be exacerbated by the electoral calendar.

Author

Valentin Tataru Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security

Snap | 7 September 2018

discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 7 September 2018 4