

Snap | 7 May 2018 Romania

Romania: NBR hikes the key rate by 25bp to 2.50%

This was in line with our call and market consensus. The subsequent press release maintained a neutral tone, but the governor was mildly hawkish



The National Bank of Romania building in Bucharest

Source: Shutterstock

Market expectations were quite split with 11 out of 17 analysts sharing our view. The National Bank of Romania (NBR) Board unanimously decided to hike the key rate by 25bp to 2.50% and to raise the deposit and credit facility to 1.50% and 3.50% respectively. The NBR governor did not expresse a commitment to continue with the liquidity sterilisation operations, but mentioned that are likely to be carried on in the near future. The governor said that the central bank did not raise the key rate at the last meeting, as the previous hikes have yet to fully pass-through.

On the inflation topic, the NBR Board approved the May 2018 Inflation Report, which will be presented on 9 May. The new inflation projections are "expected to stick to coordinates almost similar to those in the preceding projection" with the year-end inflation still expected to fall into the "vicinity" of the upper bound of the variation band. The governor spent considerable time explaining the significance of the exogenous factors in the current inflation and reiterated that the central bank follows closely the evolution of the adjusted CORE2 inflation, which printed 3% in

Snap | 7 May 2018

March. The NBR sees that "monetary conditions continued to be less accommodative in April".

Mentioning that this represents his personal conviction, the governor expressed the view that "normalisation" of the monetary policy should mean real positive interest rates and hinted that the interest rates and the inflation rate should meet at some point in the ballpark of 3-3.5%. Nevertheless, Romania's situation cannot be decoupled from what is happening in the Eurozone, hence we could still have a gap between the nominal interest rates and inflation for some time. The governor suggested that the open market operations depend on market conditions. We read this as a function of EUR/RON. In the same vein he hinted that rate hikes are also dependent on market assessment. Hence, depreciation pressure could trigger higher rates. In its reply to PSD president, the NBR Board highlighted several times the need to avoid an inflation-depreciation-inflation spiral.

We read today's statements in a moderate hawkish key as the governor reiterated the NBR independence and expressed commitments to inflation goals to defend its credibility. The central bank is likely to give more consideration to additional factors besides inflation before deciding on the next hike. The 1Q18 GDP growth could come out on the weaker side as the economic sentiment deteriorated markedly recently, retail sales contracted in 1Q18, industrial production also shifted into a lower gear and lending data is struggling to maintain the pace. We see one more key rate hike for the rest of the year triggered by persistent above-target inflation with risks skewed to the upside.

Author

Valentin Tataru Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Snap | 7 May 2018 2

 $Additional\ information\ is\ available\ on\ request.\ For\ more\ information\ about\ ING\ Group,\ please\ visit\ \underline{http://www.ing.com}.$

Snap | 7 May 2018 3