

Snap | 14 June 2024

# Poland's CPI inflation trends higher in May amid strong services price growth

Final data has confirmed that CPI inflation rose to 2.5% year-onyear in May up from 2.4% in April amid still robust growth in services prices. Headline inflation is expected to continue trending upwards in the coming months, while core inflation is likely to remain sticky around 4% YoY, leaving the MPC no room to cut rates this year

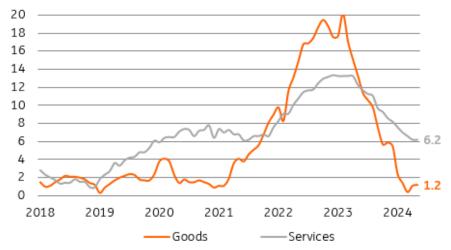


Prices of goods rose by 1.2% YoY and of services by 6.2% YoY as compared with 1.1% YoY and 6.2% YoY, respectively in April. The main source of the increase in annual inflation relative to April was fuel, whose prices in May were 3.6% higher than in May 2023 (down by 1.2% YoY in April this year). Food price growth continues at a low level, supported by strong competition between major retail chains and favourable weather conditions. Fruit prices were 2.5% lower in May than a year ago and vegetable prices were broadly unchanged YoY. A positive surprise is the further decline in core inflation which, according to our estimates, fell to around 3.8% YoY from 4.1% YoY in April. Compared to April, the prices of foreign travel services fell markedly (-9.3% month-on-month).

Snap | 14 June 2024

## Services inflation still high in Poland

Prices of consumer goods and services, %YoY



Source: GUS.

We have seen a gradual increase in inflation since April. This process should continue, with inflation rising markedly in 2H24 due to the partial unfreezing of electricity and gas prices. As a result, by the end of 2024, inflation could rise towards 5% YoY and the MPC should most likely keep interest rates unchanged this year. Unless some protective measures are introduced, a further increase in inflation is expected at the beginning of 2025 (restoration of the capacity fee, expiry of the maximum price for electricity at PLN500/MWh), so the first central bank rate cuts should not be expected before 2Q25. The MPC's cautious approach will also, in our view, be linked to the evolution of core inflation. We do not see room for it to fall noticeably further and forecast that it will remain around 4% in the coming quarters. We expect that the National Bank of Poland's main rate could be cut by a total of 75bp to 5.00% next year.

### **Author**

#### **Adam Antoniak**

Senior Economist

adam.antoniak@inq.pl

#### **Disclaimer**

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Snap | 14 June 2024 2

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 14 June 2024 3