

Snap | 21 March 2019

Philippines: Rates unchanged but a cut in reserve requirements may be in the offing

The Philippines' central bank (BSP) kept policy rates unchanged as expected but a reduction in the reserve requirement ratio could be in the works



Snap | 21 March 2019 1

4.75% Overnight reverse repurchase rate

As expected

'Dovish' Diokno keep rates unchanged

The BSP kept policy rates steady, leaving its overnight reverse repurchase rate at 4.75%, as expected by the market. Official forecasts by the BSP continue to show inflation remaining within target for the year, with the latest readings showing inflation at 3.0% in 2019 (from 3.08%) and 3.0% (from 2.98%) in 2020. This was the first meeting for new central bank Governor Benjamin Diokno who is perceived to be dovish, having flagged threats to the growth outlook, such as the budget impasse, during the press conference.

RRR now a policy tool again?

ING continues to expect a cut in the reserve requirement ratio (RRR) in the near term given that it was omitted from the official policy statement on Thursday. Deputy Governor Diwa Guinigundo continued to maintain that the RRR and adjustments to it must move in line with the bank's monetary policy stance. But with domestic liquidity growth in the single digits and time deposit rates elevated, we foresee a reduction in this rate to 17% from 18% at an off cycle policy meeting in the next few weeks. We predicted the RRR cut in February, as inflation finally fell within target, and all indications suggest that price gains will remain within target for the balance of the year.

Policy reversal in May a possibility?

The BSP continues to preach "data dependency" and may await further validation that inflation is settling within target. But forecasts show a gradual deceleration, with price gains even expected to dip to the 2% handle in 3Q. Given the supply-side nature of 2018's inflation spike, we can expect price pressures to dissipate further now that the rice tarrification bill is in effect. On the other hand, BSP will also likely be monitoring oil price movements and the possible inflationary impact of El Niño, as risks to the inflation outlook.

On the external front, the Fed's abrupt turnaround on rate guidance will also give the BSP added leeway to finally consider reversing its tightening cycle, particularly because 1H growth is seen to be challenging due to the protracted budget delay and the ill effects of the current dry spell. BSP's inflation forecasts validate that the BSP is likely done with its tightening cycle, with a policy reversal in sight given slowing growth momentum, a dovish Fed and inflation back within target.

Author

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.inq.com

Snap | 21 March 2019 2

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 21 March 2019 3