Snap | 13 October 2020

Indonesia: Central bank pauses yet again to support the currency

Bank Indonesia opted to keep policy rates steady to help stabilise the rupiah



4.0%

7-day Reverse repurchase rate

As expected

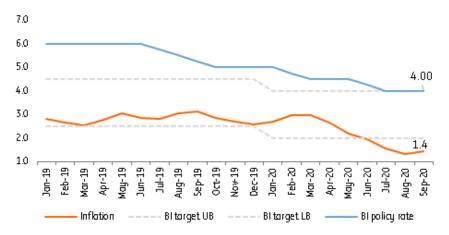
Central bank talks up IDR

Bank Indonesia (BI) maintained its current policy stance as expected, with the 7-day reverse repurchase rate left at 4% despite inflation falling well below the current 2-4% inflation target. The pause from the central bank was likely an attempt to support the rupiah which is down 5.7% year-to-date. The central bank tried to talk up the currency, forecasting a sustained appreciation for IDR with the current account likely in surplus by 3Q 2020 due to import compression. BI noted that inflation would likely settle below 2% in 2020 due to ample supply of food items while at the same time reassuring market players that liquidity remained ample. IDR has received some reprieve of late with market players reacting to optimism over the passage of the omnibus law although

Snap | 13 October 2020

monetary officials said the IDR remained undervalued.

Bank Indonesia policy rate, inflation target and CPI inflation



Source: Badan Pusat Statistik and Bank Indonesia

Hands tied yet again with IDR still vulnerable

Governor Perry Warjiyo vowed to keep the currency stable while also forecasting a sustained appreciation to close out the year, with the pause at today's meeting reflecting this strategy to stabilise the currency. BI remains constrained from cutting policy rates further with IDR only briefly recovering (+0.64% month-to-date) in light of the omnibus law passage. The IDR remains the region's worst performing currency and remains susceptible to potential weakness given investor anxiety over BI's recent burden sharing agreement with the national government. BI did vow to step up coordination with the government and the financial committee, with the central bank turning to quantitative easing measures to shore up liquidity in the financial market. We expect BI to remain on hold in the near term with IDR still vulnerable as the window to cut policy rates further in 2020 closes fast.

Author

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Snap | 13 October 2020

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Snap | 13 October 2020 3