

Snap | 9 October 2018

Hungary: Inflation hits five-year high

Headline CPI accelerated to 3.6% year-on-year amid higher unprocessed food, fuel and tobacco prices. As the core CPI has remained roughly stable, the central bank can still say its loose stance is justified



Source: Shutterstock

3.6%

Headline inflation (YoY)

Consensus (3.5%) / Previous (3.4%)

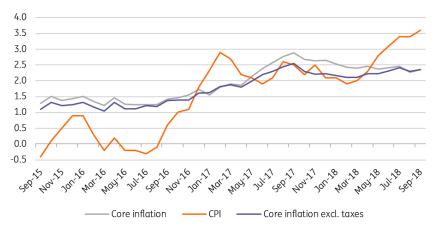
Higher than expected

Headline inflation came in at 3.6% YoY in September, in line with our forecast. The market was expecting an acceleration but not to this extent. Still, the reading didn't exactly catch the market off guard. While the headline reading is above the National Bank of Hungary's 3.5% forecast, we don't see it as a game changer. The central bank emphasises that it wants to see inflation reach the target in a sustainable manner, which means as long as core inflation remains below the 3% target, it will consider its loose policy stance to be perfectly justified. Core inflation came in at

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2.4% YoY in September.

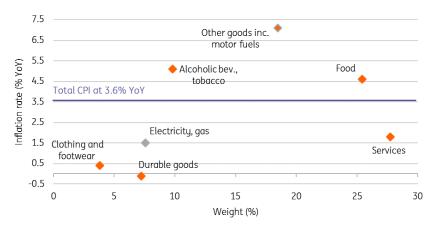
Headline and core inflation measures (% YoY)



Source: HCSO

As we predicted, the main driver of the September headline CPI was the 14.9% year-on-year growth in fuel prices, showing a mild deceleration from the previous month due to base effects. Food prices – especially unprocessed ones like fruit and vegetables – increased an above-average 4.6% YoY. Imported inflation is still relatively low as prices of durables went down by 0.1% YoY. This was well counterbalanced by the marginal (0.1 percentage point) acceleration in service inflation to 1.8% YoY.

CPI by main groups in September



Source: HCSO

Orange signs point to an acceleration while grey signs signify a slowdown in inflation compared to the previous month. Orange in grey border means the level is unchanged.

In 4Q18, we expect inflation to remain around recent levels, but the oil market presents huge uncertainty. Should oil prices stick to the 85 USD/barrel level, we see the base effect dragging down headline inflation to 3.3% YoY by year-end. If the increase in oil prices continues, Hungarian inflation will remain around 3.5%. In either of these scenarios,

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headline CPI will remain below 3% on average in 2018 as a whole. Our base case scenario is 2.8% YoY, while we forecast a jump to 3.3% on average in 2019.

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