

Snap | 23 April 2019

## Eurozone consumer confidence drop reinforces lacklustre start to 2Q

After rising for the first three months of the year, the fall in consumer confidence points to modest household consumption at the start of 2Q



Not a great start to the second quarter, as consumer confidence drops from -7.2 to -7.7 in April. The consumer was just seeing confidence recover at the start of the year, after a continuous decline over the course of 2018. The improvements in wage growth, slowing inflation and declining unemployment rate had boosted confidence in times of global economic uncertainty, but the April decline shows that the recovery was fragile, as confidence has dropped back to January levels.

The strong rise in petrol prices over recent weeks may have contributed to the drop in confidence, as real incomes have been impacted negatively by the jump since the end of March. The drop in confidence means that consumption growth will likely remain modest for now, and is in line with the weaker service sector PMI that came out last week. With industry still signalling a contraction in output, according to the manufacturing PMI, April does not mark the start of a bounce back in growth.

Snap | 23 April 2019 1

## **Author**

**Bert Colijn**Senior Economist, Eurozone bert.colijn@ing.com

## Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <a href="http://www.ing.com">http://www.ing.com</a>.

Snap | 23 April 2019 2