Snap | 11 July 2024 Romania

Romanian disinflation continues, but medium-term upside risks linger

A slightly above-expectation print in Romanian inflation does not impact our year-end forecast of 4.2%. The upside influence stemming from gas prices likely prevented another small positive surprise. That said, internal demand pressures are unlikely to fade too soon, preventing a significant deceleration of inflation through the medium term



Agri-food market in Bucharest, Romania

Romanian inflation decelerated to 4.9% in June from 5.1% in May. Food inflation inched down to almost 1.0%, remaining well-behaved, while services inflation moderated to 8.8%, continuing to stay at uncomfortably high levels. Meanwhile, a monthly jump in gas prices ahead of July's scheduled increase kept non-food inflation almost constant at 6.3% and prevented it from marking another round of visible progress in annual terms. Other relevant monthly developments are declines in food items like flour, vegetables, fruits and sugar, non-food items like fuels, and services (e.g., air fares). Core inflation made some progress but it's yet to prove that it has escaped the stickiness pressures.

Looking at the consumer basket more broadly, inflation dynamics continued to make a step in the

Snap | 11 July 2024

right direction with this print. Aside from the strong contribution of gas prices, which are not necessarily a clear mirror of the internal demand pressures, inflation could have even made another positive surprise in June. Still, price pressures remained quite spread out across the non-food and services categories and policymakers are likely continuing to pay attention to that.

In the short run, next month's print is set to reverse some of the recent gains, mainly due to the impact of fuel excise duties. This should put a small temporary brake in the advance of non-food inflation towards target. That said, we think that the services component should continue its rather slow disinflation progress largely as before.

On the outlook, even though the upside risks have increased slightly, we are currently sticking to our 4.2% year-end forecast. We don't think that there is room for inflation to decelerate much more next year, especially given the largely anticipated increase in the tax burden in 2025. Other factors, such as double-digit wage growth, the persistent fiscal slippage and the strong lending activity – all with limited room for cooling down in the near term – continue to point towards limited room for policy easing from the National Bank of Romania in 2024 and 2025.

Author

Stefan Posea

Economist, Romania tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Snap | 11 July 2024 2