

Czech Republic

Czech mortgage limits unchanged, capital rate increased

The Czech National Bank published the main conclusions of the forthcoming Financial Stability Report planning to be published on 11 June. Income limits affecting housing loans affordability did not change, but the CNB increased the countercyclical capital buffer again to 2%



Source: Shutterstock

New regime of announcing macroprudential policy

The CNB published the main conclusions of the new Financial Stability Report 2018/2019 (FSR). As such, the CNB switched to a similar standard as it does when publishing monetary policy decisions. The main conclusions of the report relevant to the setting of macroprudential policy are being agreed by CNB Board and published the same day, but the whole report will be released later, in this case on 11 June.

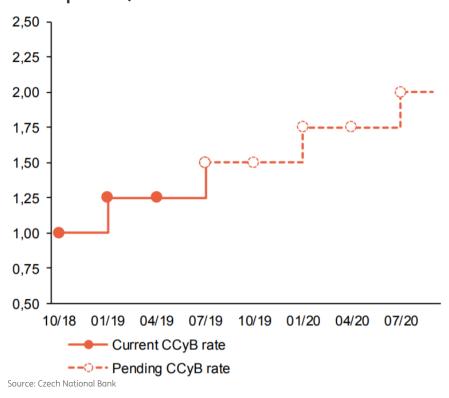
Income limits recommendations remained unchanged

Last year's FSR introduced a new recommendation for the banking sector in terms of lambda

households income limits, concretely DSTI (Debt Service-to-Income) at 45% and DTI (Debt-toincome) at 9. The new report keeps the limit unchanged and makes only some fine-tuning in terms of refinanced loans. This was expected as new housing loans volumes has fallen by 25% YoY in 1Q19 after the new limits started to apply since October 2018. Though part of a decline was given by frontloading in 2H18, it is becoming clear that new housing volume will fall at least by 15% YoY this year, bringing a solid credit slowdown. As such, the CNB even debated possibly easing the DSTI limit to 50%, but kept it unchanged in the end.

Countercyclical capital buffer was further increased

In the past two years, the release of FSR has been associated with an increase in the countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB) rate. This year's report continues this trend and CCyB rate was increased from 1.75% to 2% with effect from July 2020. Due to a one year delay between the announcement and the applicability of the buffer rate, the domestic sector had to increase the reserve from 1% to 1.25% since January this year, and will need to further increase it to 1.5% from July, 1.75% from January 2020 and to 2.0% from June 2020 (see the chart).



Current and pending CCyB rate in the Czech Republic (% of total risk exposure)

Further increase in capital not motivated by banking sector stability

A further increase in the reserve might be somewhat surprising, as the combination of tighter monetary policy and earlier CNB recommendations has led to a sufficient credit market cooldown. Also, the credit-to-GDP ratio is signalling an increase in total economy indebtedness that has been

relatively stable in recent years, which generally brings some questions why the CCyB rate is set close to its maximum on the Czech market, especially when the resilience of the Czech banking sector remains robust, as confirmed by the CNB's stress tests (CET1 ratio at 18.6% at end-2018).

Taking a preventive step

So why the CNB increased the rates further? Governor Rusnok mentioned during the press conference, that a further CCyB increase was rather a preventive step, as it had to be announced in advance, and the reserve could be reduced quickly if needed. Still, we believe that some motivation behind a high CCyB rate may also hinder dividend payouts, which implies the CNB statement in the press release: "*The domestic banking sector continues to have sufficient space for credit growth even after the capital buffer increases, assuming reasonable dividend policies*". Last but not least, the CNB gradually converges to the opinion, that the long-term neutral CCyB rate should not be zero, but positive, and the CCyB rate should fluctuate around this neutral level – therefore demands a higher rate now, at the peak of the economic cycle.

Higher capital requirements pushing off banking tax

Still, with a 1% CCyB rate applicable at the end of 2018, the Czech banking sector held CZK24bn more capital just due to CCyB purposes. With CCyB rate being 1 percentage point higher in a one-year horizon, the banking sector will need to increase its capital holding by another more than CZK20bn. Though the banking sector has a solid capital surplus above the minim requirements, a forthcoming growth in capital adequacy demanded by the Czech regulator might somehow mute or postpone a possible debate about a banking sector tax, as the combination of requirements might be rather excessive for the banking sector.

Author

Amrita Naik Nimbalkar Junior Economist, Global Macro amrita.naik.nimbalkar@ing.com

Alissa Lefebre Economist <u>alissa.lefebre@ing.com</u>

Deepali Bhargava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

Ruben Dewitte Economist +32495364780 ruben.dewitte@ing.com Kinga Havasi Economic research trainee <u>kinga.havasi@ing.com</u>

Marten van Garderen Consumer Economist, Netherlands <u>marten.van.garderen@ing.com</u>

David Havrlant Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

Sander Burgers Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

Lynn Song Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Michiel Tukker Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

Michal Rubaszek Senior Economist, Poland

<u>michal.rubaszek@ing.pl</u>

This is a test author

Stefan Posea Economist, Romania <u>tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com</u>

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Jesse Norcross Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate jesse.norcross@ing.com

Teise Stellema Research Assistant, Energy Transition <u>teise.stellema@ing.com</u> **Diederik Stadig** Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare <u>diederik.stadig@ing.com</u>

Diogo Gouveia Sector Economist <u>diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com</u>

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials <u>marine.leleux2@ing.com</u>

Ewa Manthey Commodities Strategist <u>ewa.manthey@ing.com</u>

ING Analysts

James Wilson EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

Sophie Smith Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

Frantisek Taborsky EMEA FX & FI Strategist frantisek.taborsky@ing.com

Adam Antoniak Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

Min Joo Kang Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Coco Zhang ESG Research <u>coco.zhang@ing.com</u>

Jan Frederik Slijkerman Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com

Marina Le Blanc Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

Samuel Abettan Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

Franziska Biehl Senior Economist, Germany Franziska.Marie.Biehl@ing.de

Rebecca Byrne Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst <u>rebecca.byrne@ing.com</u>

Mirjam Bani Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@ing.com

Timothy Rahill Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

Leszek Kasek Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@ing.pl

Oleksiy Soroka, CFA Senior High Yield Credit Strategist oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

Antoine Bouvet Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Jeroen van den Broek Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

Edse Dantuma Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare edse.dantuma@ing.com

Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist francesco.pesole@ing.com

Rico Luman Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics <u>Rico.Luman@ing.com</u>

Jurjen Witteveen Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

Dmitry Dolgin Chief Economist, CIS dmitry.dolgin@ing.de

Nicholas Mapa Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Egor Fedorov Senior Credit Analyst egor.fedorov@ing.com

Sebastian Franke Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

Gerben Hieminga Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

Nadège Tillier Head of Corporates Sector Strategy nadege.tillier@ing.com

Charlotte de Montpellier Senior Economist, France and Switzerland <u>charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com</u>

Laura Straeter Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

Valentin Tataru Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com James Smith Developed Markets Economist, UK james.smith@ing.com

Suvi Platerink Kosonen

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com

Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri thijs.geijer@ing.com

Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors <u>maurice.van.sante@ing.com</u>

Marcel Klok Senior Economist, Netherlands <u>marcel.klok@ing.com</u>

Piotr Poplawski Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

Paolo Pizzoli Senior Economist, Italy, Greece paolo.pizzoli@ing.com

Marieke Blom

Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

Raoul Leering Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

Maarten Leen Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

Maureen Schuller Head of Financials Sector Strategy Maureen.Schuller@ing.com

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Rafal Benecki Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

Philippe Ledent Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg philippe.ledent@ing.com

Peter Virovacz Senior Economist, Hungary peter.virovacz@ing.com

Inga Fechner Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade inga.fechner@ing.de

Dimitry Fleming Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

Ciprian Dascalu Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 <u>ciprian.dascalu@ing.com</u>

Muhammet Mercan

Chief Economist, Turkey muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 <u>Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com</u>

Padhraic Garvey, CFA Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

James Knightley Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

Tim Condon Asia Chief Economist

+65 6232-6020

Martin van Vliet Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

Karol Pogorzelski

Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

Carsten Brzeski Global Head of Macro

<u>carsten.brzeski@ing.de</u>

Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 <u>viraj.patel@ing.com</u>

Owen Thomas

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 <u>owen.thomas@ing.com</u>

Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone peter.vandenhoute@ing.com

Benjamin Schroeder Senior Rates Strategist

benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Chris Turner

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <u>chris.turner@ing.com</u>

Gustavo Rangel

Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo Economist, Digital Finance

+44 20 7767 5306 <u>carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com</u>