1



Snap | 20 February 2025

Bank of Korea preview: Rate cuts resume, but inflation caution clouds outlook

With the FX market stabilising and concerns about slowing growth intensifying, we expect the Bank of Korea to resume rate cuts next week. But inflation worries persist as trade war risks increase



Source: Shutterstock

2.75% BoK's 7-day repo rate

The BoK is expected to resume its policy easing, but the decision may not be unanimous

We believe that the Bank of Korea's priority is supporting weak domestic demand, even as concerns about the inflation outlook keep policymakers on a hawkish footing.

The USDKRW fell to 1,440, but the move is in line with DXY trends. The political turmoil in Seoul that

Snap | 20 February 2025

triggered excessive KRW weakness has abated since January's policy meeting. Consumerprice inflation is rising at a 2% rate and pipeline prices are on the rise. Even so, we expect inflation to remain within the BoK's target range this year, giving it more latitude to cut. For now, the manufacturing sector is holding up relatively well despite tariff threats. US President Trump's reciprocal tariffs are likely to hit Korean manufacturers, increasing the odds the BoK's will remain skewed toward monetary easing on 25 February.

Yet, caution abounds. The BoK worries rate cuts could accelerate the rise in domestic household debt and property prices. As such, the BoK is likely to be extremely cautious in telegraphing more rate cuts. The central bank also is keeping a close watch on how the widening gap between the US and Korea yields affects the KRW.

Overall, we expect the BoK to cut rates four times this year, though each decision will likely be a close call. Case in point: next week's policy meeting could see a dissenting vote. Fewer than three BoK board members have expressed a clear openness to ease, which clouds market expectations over the next three months.

Next week, the BoK will publish its quarterly macro outlook report. We expect the BoK will lower its GDP forecast for 2025 to the 1.5%-1.6% range, which is still higher than ING's forecast of 1.3% growth, while hiking its inflation forecast to 2.0%.

Consumer confidence index
91.2 in January, 88.2 in December

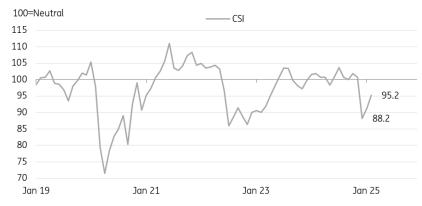
Consumer sentiment continued to recover for a second month after a sharp drop in December

The worst fears about December's political turbulence slamming consumer confidence haven't been realized. Since the end of 2024, data show that while sentiment remains below neutral, it hasn't plunged as feared. Nor has financial volatility surged.

Meanwhile, inflation expectations eased to 2.7% in December from 2.8% in the previous month despite the recent acceleration in inflation. Expectations for inflation are relatively tame, which may come as a relief to the BoK. But with Trump's tariffs heading Korea's way, the BoK will take a wait-and-see approach to adding more monetary stimulus.

2 Snap | 20 February 2025

Consumer sentiment improved for a second straight month



Source: CEIC

1.7% YoY

Producer prices

0.6% MoM, nsa

Pipeline inflation is on the rise

Producer prices held steady at 1.7% year on year in January for the second month, but monthly growth (0.6% MoM, not-seasonally adjusted) has accelerated in the past three months. Fresh food (4.0%) and energy prices (4.0%) rose the most. Services prices (0.4%), such as eating out (0.3%) and transportation (0.3%), also contributed. We believe that the rise in pipeline inflation will likely feed into consumer inflation with a time lag.

We expect consumer prices to hover around 2% for some time, but risks are to the upside. As a result, the BoK will be cautious about cutting interest rates. If prices rise more than expected, the government will try to curb inflation with various measures.

Author

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies).* The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

Snap | 20 February 2025 3

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Snap | 20 February 2025 4