

## Political pantomime

Markets seem to be looking through the political theatre that is being played out in the US and elsewhere. So whether it is the US Presidential Election, or Brexit negotiations, amidst a mixture of nerves and optimism, the clearest trend currently is dollar weakness - for which look no further than USDCNY or USDKRW



### Plenty for markets to chew on

US stock markets, which set the scene for global equities much of the time, remain soggy. It's not an outright sell-off, but they have certainly been finding it easier to go down in the last week or so than to go up. Perhaps oddly, the same can also be said for bond markets. That isn't usually the case, as portfolio managers switch between equities and bonds so the prices of both tend to be negatively correlated. This is, therefore, not a risk-off move as is evident by the astonishing strength of Asian FX, in particular, CNY and KRW, but we are also seeing some recovery in the AUD, NZD and JPY too.

Also, I strongly doubt that headlines about Pelosi and Mnuchin making progress on a fiscal deal are relevant for the markets recent price action. I don't think it helps the Democratic Presidential bid to cede sufficient ground to enable a fiscal deal right now, so long as they don't appear to be the main reason for its hold up. By the same token, I don't think Republican Senators are ready to vote through a deal with a ticket price as high as \$1.9tr, with or without pressure from President Trump.

Neither side wants to be portrayed as the villain in this drama, so both are appearing to be constructive, while simultaneously dragging their feet and counting down to the closing credits.

Which leaves longer-term considerations. In this case, the most likely in my view is that markets are now pricing in a strong likelihood of a Biden Presidency perhaps even clean sweep of Congress, and this is weighing on the USD, as they view a less confrontational trade environment. They will also probably be factoring in a large fiscal stimulus early next year, with none of the hold up that is currently preventing a deal. That may be nudging bond yields higher. But higher tax rates on corporates, which are also a feature of the Biden platform, may also explain the lacklustre behaviour of stocks.

There is less than two weeks to go until the polls close, and one possible Presidential debate left (may or may not happen if what I read is accurate). So assuming that there are no cataclysmic revelations between now and then, this sort of soft dollar, rising yield, soggy equity backdrop is probably going to be the main storyline in this soap-opera.

## The Brexit theatre enters pantomime season

To speed up a resolution of the Brexit saga, which has now been dragging on for more years than I care to remember, I think that as negotiations enter their final intensive phase, the key negotiators should each now be forced to dress as characters from the seasonal pantomimes that UK school children would normally be attending at this time of year (had it not been for social-distancing). That would focus their minds on achieving a result. The EU's Michel Barnier dressed as Widow Twankee, for example, and the UK's Lord Frost as Aladdin (complete with tights) would put this spectacle into its proper light, which is to deliver a theatrical ending, in which the UK can be seen to have achieved some sort of flag-waving patriotic victory for Boris Johnson to parade to voters and his sceptical party members alike. And for the EU, to simply get a workable deal which doesn't leave them too much worse off than before.

The timescale for some sort of agreement has now slipped back into Mid-November, and there will doubtless be a flurry of ratifications necessary in member states before this can be passed, which will take the theatre right to the closing curtain on Dec 31. As pantomime season will not be taking place this year in all likelihood, enjoy this instead. Markets seem to have read to the end of the script anticipating a happy ending if the pound's recent price action is anything to go by. It's not a done deal, but to my personal jaded way of thinking, that is what we are now witnessing. Political theatre.

## Asia today

It's a quiet calendar in the G-7 today with some debt data from the UK, and jobless claims and housing starts unlikely to provide much of a nudge to markets in either country.

In Asia, it's quiet too, Prakash Sakpal reviews the looming Thai trade data due later this morning, and also yesterday's inflation numbers from Malaysia below:

**"Thailand:** September trade data is due today. Year-on-year export growth in the majority of Asian economies has crept back into positive territory in September. But not yet in Thailand where the key export drivers, electronics and automobiles remain missing in action. However, we expect September to be slightly less negative (-3.0% YoY vs. -7.9% in August). With continued deep import falls (ING forecast -18% YoY) the trade surplus should stay near its record high; August's \$4.3 billion

surplus was the second highest. This is positive for the THB. The currency has been pretty resilient to the latest escalation of political turmoil in the country with the USD/THB firm around the 31.20 level. We maintain our end-year forecast of 32.30.

**Malaysia:** In a hopeful sign of domestic demand returning, vehicle sales posted a strong rebound in September (up 7% MoM and 26% YoY). But that wasn't evident in yesterday's consumer price data for September; inflation was steady at -1.4% YoY, led by continued declines in housing and transport components. The second wave of Covid-19 outbreak since last month could still derail the recovery. Strengthening this headwind to recovery further are occasional bouts of political jitters. All eyes now are on the 2021 Federal Budget to be unveiled in early November. We expect expansionary policy to remain in force for the foreseeable future".

## Author

### Robert Carnell

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific

[robert.carnell@asia.ing.com](mailto:robert.carnell@asia.ing.com)

## Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies).* The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <http://www.ing.com>.