

Opinion | 24 March 2021

# Kiwis hold onto their bonds

The market narrative seems to change on a daily basis, but in the APAC space, besides watching US stocks and bond gyrations as usual, a failed QE operation in New Zealand provides food for thought, with the NZD and NZ bond yields falling sharply.



New Zealand Prime Minister Jacinda Ardern in Wellington, capital of New Zealand

Source: Shutterstock

## Its not all about the US you know

Stocks markets have flipped around again today, with the NASDAQ and S&P500 showing big falls (-1.12% and -0.76%) - though one thing the financial newswires seem to have forgotten to point out, is that on a two-day basis, stocks are actually still up, and recent moves have not morphed into any sort of trend yet - just lots of volatility. What does appear to have changed, however, is the narrative. Where bonds have been previously driving stocks, the latest move seems to be much more a case of stocks driving bonds. 10Y UST yields dropped 7.4bp to 1.621%.

But these moves were dwarfed by moves in APAC bond markets, in particular in New Zealand. Here, a failed QE operation yesterday saw 10Y NZ bonds down 13.9bp and the NZDUSD fall from about 0.7170 this time yesterday to about 0.6869 now. The AUDUSD was dragged down in sympathy with it. New plans to curb property markets by PM Ardern may have also been a contributing factor, but maybe investors are becoming more reluctant to part with bonds at these

Opinion | 24 March 2021

### yields?

In the US, both Powell and Yellen maintained the "inflation isn't a problem" mantra in appearances yesterday, which could have helped the fall in yields - though Yellen nearly spoiled it by saying the economy could hit full employment by 2022. The Fed's Kaplan also 'fessed up to having voted for a rate hike in 2022 (dot diagram), and sees 10Y UST yields at 1.75% - 2.0% by year-end (in line with INGF, at least on the bond yield part).

In other news overnight, the Bank of Canada has given some strong hints about moving to a taper as soon as April - perhaps this will spur thoughts for the US? Not by April, but possibly sooner than anyone is currently thinking (not that anyone is being encouraged to put a date on this by Fed Chair Powell, who claims he is not even "thinking about" this yet).

US new homes sales were soft yesterday - like existing home sales we mentioned a day ago. This is probably a weather effect (remember the big freeze?) but it bears watching in case it turns out to be more than that (a higher yield effect for instance). James Knightley has written about this in more detail in this linked note.

The IMF will likely expand its SDR programme by \$650bn after Yellen gave consent to this. The Trump administration was against this. The aim of this expanded SDR allocation would be to help poorer countries affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. Talking of the pandemic, Pfizer is developing a pill to stop the virus from replicating, amidst concern that vaccines may be only part of the answer to dealing with Covid-19.

Datawise, PMIs out in Europe today and already out in Australia - showing strong gains in the service sector (56.2 from 53.4) and continued strength in Mfg (57.0 from 56.9). Japan has released PMIs too. Some pick up in the Mfg PMI (52.0 up from 51.4) but little change in the Services PMI (46.5 from 46.3).

In ASEAN, we have a Bank of Thailand meeting today and Malaysian CPI (February) - both covered in more detail in our sister publication - <u>ASEAN Bytes.</u>

#### **Author**

## **Robert Carnell**

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

## Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose

Opinion | 24 March 2021

possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <a href="http://www.ing.com">http://www.ing.com</a>.

Opinion | 24 March 2021