Opinion | 27 February 2019

# Is Krugman right?

Nobel Laureate, Paul Krugman, sees some chance of a global recession late this year or next, but Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) Managing Director, Ravi Menon, sounds more relaxed - where do we stand?



# Global Recession possibility

Paul Krugman has been quoted recently as saying that there is some chance of a global recession late this year or next.

There is no widely accessible global recession indicator. But there are such indicators for the US, from which, most of the global business cycle usually starts and ends. One readily available indicator, the NY Fed index, has a recession in 12 months probability running at a 23.62%. That sounds a bit elevated, but not quite ringing alarm bells.

That said, this index has almost never risen from a lower level to reach this point, without then going on to register higher probabilities and in due course a recession. False signals are extremely rare. That is concerning.

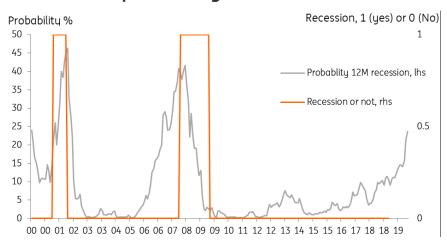
As for a global recession, this is harder to define, with no widely accepted definition. The IMF has a rather complicated definition, involving declining Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) based per-capita GDP backed up by one of seven other indicators including oil consumption and per capita

consumption amongst others. But for most of us, lacking the resources of the IMF, this isn't really all that helpful.

Perhaps a more accessible version is an older IMF definition, which backs out the global GDP growth rate from the per capita GDP cut-off, and suggests that a global recession happens when global growth falls below 3% per year. For the next several years, the IMF is forecasting global growth of just 3.6% to 3.7%. The buffer is small. Moreover, such forecasts tend to be a bit behind the curve. Have the IMF fully taken on board the effect of tariffs on China's exports and growth? Or the impact of the semiconductor cycle? US growth looks good for now, but some aspects of it suggest some slowdown this year and next, so is that baked firmly into the forecast? And Europe, it already looks slow and judging by business sentiment indicators, could slow further. India stands on the brink of a perilous standoff with Pakistan. Brexit may still happen badly (see here for latest). I could go on, but for the sake of brevity (and sanity), I won't.

In short, the 0.6% buffer does not look terribly large or very comforting.

# US recession probability indicator



# MAS MD, Menon, sounds relaxed about global prospects

Now before I describe what MAS Managing Director, Ravi Menon, had to say yesterday about the Singapore and Global economies, let's be clear about priorities. Mine, as a market / bank economist, are to look for things that are about to go horribly wrong, to provide a prior warning for our clients. Mr Menon's, are to preserve and foster economic and market confidence. We are bound to look at the world in a different way, and our conclusions, as a result, may differ widely for perfectly legitimate reasons.

Menon suggested, contrary to things we have said in this note, that there is no reason for (other) central banks (CBs) in Asia to ease rates, describing the hikes by some regional CB's last year as appropriate and sensible. I agree with the last bit, and the room for easing may be limited, and probably for later in the year, not now. But real rates in a number of Asian economies, Indonesia for one, Korea another, look high enough to offer domestic economies some support through possible future easing, and not just if external conditions worsen, as domestic conditions aren't looking too impressive in some economies either.

Menon also takes a different view than Krugman saying that the global economy isn't heading for

a hard landing in 2019. Adding that China's slowdown is enabling it to reach a more sustainable growth rate. I tend to share his conclusion, but I would be far more cautious about the hard landing outlook, You see, to me, this still seems like something that *could* happen, even if on balance I don't think it will. But then as mentioned earlier, my job is to highlight risks, not to calm nerves.

As far as Singapore goes, Mr Menon was similarly upbeat, though there was just the hint of a door being opened for future changes in policy direction (next MAS meeting is in April) as he is quoted on Blomberg as saying that although there is no need for stimulus if the economy evolves as expected in line with MAS forecast ranges "two months is a long time, so we'll see how it looks like then". That may be the most significant comment of the lot.

The SGD is a little softer overnight. The MAS decision in April is unlikely to show a change in the NEER policy, but I would say the risks of an easing grew a very small amount following these remarks.

# Bank of Korea - probably won't ease, but should they?

A weak domestic economy, very low inflation, external headwinds - all of these are ingredients for a rate cut from the Bank of Korea (BoK) today. Yet not a single economist in the Bloomberg consensus thinks there will be a cut. Why? Probably for similar reasons as Mr Menon cited earlier for other Asian central banks. Though that time may well come later this year. We all wait with bated breath on developments between the US and China on trade. The possibility of auto tariffs would also seriously affect Korea's stumbling economy. A rate cut later this year might well be on the cards and would be entirely warranted if it came under such circumstances, in my view.

# Asia Day ahead

From Prakash Sakpal:

India is the last Asian country to report GDP data for 4Q18 today. We expect it to join the majority of regional countries in posting slower growth, and consider consensus estimate of 6.8% YoY GDP growth subject to downside risk from a slowdown in exports and manufacturing (ING forecast 6.6%). The escalation of border tensions with Pakistan overshadows the economy and markets. The INR has depreciated 0.6% since the tensions started with the terror attack on 14 February and it is down 2.1% year-to-date, the most among Asian currencies. There are no reasons for the depreciation pressure to ease as the tensions will likely remain a burning issue going into elections in May.

Thailand's balance of payments data for January is expected to show a sharp negative swing in the current account balance, just like we saw from the customs-basis trade balance, which plunged to a deficit of \$4 billion in the last month from \$1.1 billion surplus in December. Having dropped to 7.5% of GDP in 2018 from 11% in the previous year, we forecast that the current surplus will shrink further to 4.5% in 2019. Yet it remains a strong support for the Thai baht, Asia's best-performer currency last year and remains so this year (see "Thailand: Steady economy amid political risk").

#### **Author**

#### Alissa Lefebre

Economist

alissa.lefebre@inq.com

## Deepali Bhargava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

#### **Ruben Dewitte**

Economist +32495364780 ruben.dewitte@ing.com

# Kinga Havasi

Economic research trainee kinga.havasi@ing.com

## Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.qarderen@inq.com

#### **David Havrlant**

Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

## **Sander Burgers**

Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

#### Lynn Song

Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

#### **Michiel Tukker**

Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

#### Michal Rubaszek

Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

This is a test author

#### Stefan Posea

# Economist, Romania <a href="mailto:tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com">tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com</a>

#### **Marine Leleux**

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

#### **Jesse Norcross**

Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate <u>jesse.norcross@ing.com</u>

#### Teise Stellema

Research Assistant, Energy Transition <u>teise.stellema@ing.com</u>

# Diederik Stadig

Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare diederik.stadig@ing.com

## Diogo Gouveia

Sector Economist <a href="mailto:diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com">diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com</a>

#### **Marine Leleux**

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

## Ewa Manthey

Commodities Strategist <a href="mailto:ewa.manthey@ing.com">ewa.manthey@ing.com</a>

## **ING Analysts**

#### James Wilson

EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

## **Sophie Smith**

Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

## Frantisek Taborsky

EMEA FX & FI Strategist <a href="mailto:frantisek.taborsky@ing.com">frantisek.taborsky@ing.com</a>

## Adam Antoniak

Senior Economist, Poland

## adam.antoniak@ing.pl

# Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

## Coco Zhang

ESG Research coco.zhang@ing.com

## Jan Frederik Slijkerman

Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

## Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure <u>Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com</u>

#### Marina Le Blanc

Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@inq.com

#### Samuel Abettan

Junior Economist <a href="mailto:samuel.abettan@ing.com">samuel.abettan@ing.com</a>

#### Franziska Biehl

Senior Economist, Germany <u>Franziska.Marie.Biehl@ing.de</u>

#### Rebecca Byrne

Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst <a href="mailto:rebecca.byrne@ing.com">rebecca.byrne@ing.com</a>

## Mirjam Bani

Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@ing.com

## Timothy Rahill

Credit Strategist <a href="mailto:timothy.rahill@ing.com">timothy.rahill@ing.com</a>

#### Leszek Kasek

Senior Economist, Poland <a href="mailto:leszek.kasek@ing.pl">leszek.kasek@ing.pl</a>

## Oleksiy Soroka, CFA

Senior High Yield Credit Strategist

## oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

#### **Antoine Bouvet**

Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

#### Jeroen van den Broek

Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

#### Edse Dantuma

Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare <a href="mailto:edse.dantuma@ing.com">edse.dantuma@ing.com</a>

## Francesco Pesole

**FX Strategist** 

francesco.pesole@ing.com

#### Rico Luman

Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics Rico.Luman@ing.com

## Jurjen Witteveen

Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

# **Dmitry Dolgin**

Chief Economist, CIS <a href="mailto:dmitry.dolgin@ing.de">dmitry.dolgin@ing.de</a>

#### Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

#### **Egor Fedorov**

Senior Credit Analyst <a href="mailto:egor.fedorov@ing.com">egor.fedorov@ing.com</a>

# Sebastian Franke

Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

## Gerben Hieminga

Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

## Nadège Tillier

Head of Corporates Sector Strategy

## nadege.tillier@ing.com

# Charlotte de Montpellier

Senior Economist, France and Switzerland <a href="mailto:charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com">charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com</a>

#### Laura Straeter

Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

#### Valentin Tataru

Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

#### James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

#### Suvi Platerink Kosonen

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials <a href="mailto:suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com">suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com</a>

## Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri thijs.geijer@ing.com

## Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors <u>maurice.van.sante@ing.com</u>

#### **Marcel Klok**

Senior Economist, Netherlands marcel.klok@ing.com

## Piotr Poplawski

Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

#### Paolo Pizzoli

Senior Economist, Italy, Greece paolo.pizzoli@ing.com

#### Marieke Blom

Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

#### **Raoul Leering**

# Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

#### Maarten Leen

Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

#### Maureen Schuller

Head of Financials Sector Strategy <u>Maureen.Schuller@ing.com</u>

#### **Warren Patterson**

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

#### Rafal Benecki

Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

## Philippe Ledent

Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg <a href="mailto:philippe.ledent@ing.com">philippe.ledent@ing.com</a>

#### **Peter Virovacz**

Senior Economist, Hungary <a href="mailto:peter.virovacz@ing.com">peter.virovacz@ing.com</a>

## Inga Fechner

Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade <a href="mailto:inga.fechner@ing.de">inga.fechner@ing.de</a>

## **Dimitry Fleming**

Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

#### Ciprian Dascalu

Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 ciprian.dascalu@ing.com

#### **Muhammet Mercan**

Chief Economist, Turkey <a href="mailto:muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr">muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr</a>

#### Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

#### Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com

## Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas <a href="mailto:padhraic.garvey@ing.com">padhraic.garvey@ing.com</a>

# James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US <u>james.knightley@ing.com</u>

#### **Tim Condon**

Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

#### Martin van Vliet

Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

## Karol Pogorzelski

Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

#### Carsten Brzeski

Global Head of Macro <u>carsten.brzeski@ing.de</u>

## Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 viraj.patel@ing.com

#### Owen Thomas

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 owen.thomas@ing.com

# Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

#### Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone <a href="mailto:peter.vandenhoute@ing.com">peter.vandenhoute@ing.com</a>

# Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist <a href="mailto:benjamin.schroder@ing.com">benjamin.schroder@ing.com</a>

## **Chris Turner**

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <a href="mailto:chris.turner@ing.com">chris.turner@ing.com</a>

# Gustavo Rangel

Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

# Carlo Cocuzzo

Economist, Digital Finance +44 20 7767 5306 <u>carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com</u>