

Happy New Year - From ING Asia Economics Team

2017 was a good year for Asia, coming after a poor 2016. 2018 started well and finished badly. 2019...? It doesn't seem to be starting all that well, but it could end better.



Source: shutterstock

Crystal ball gazing

After 26 years of this sort of job, I can honestly tell you that forecasting is over-rated - you knew that though didn't you? Moreover, all the fun stuff - Trump, Brexit are the responsibility of my colleagues - I don't want to step on their toes and make any predictions there, though it is tempting, and I certainly have some opinions.

On Asia though, 2019 could provide some further headaches.

Let's start with China, and the slippage of the manufacturing PMI at the end of December into contraction territory is not an encouraging place to start, although the non-manufacturing index was more upbeat. Declining industrial profits is also not a good story to start the New year with and soft retail sales also indicate that China's slowdown is domestic, as well as export based. This could show the impact of the trade war filtering through the broader economy, it could be residual

weakness from earlier restructuring / deleveraging or a bit of both.

Notwithstanding the causes, and the stimulus the authorities will doubtless unleash on the economy (they have already started to do so), China's economy does seem to be losing traction. Moreover, the hotly debated question, "How much stimulus?", is really just a derivative of the alternate question, "How big is the loss of momentum?", and one where the answer does not adequately describe the end condition.

However, there are reasons to be optimistic. A deal of sorts on trade with the US is possible this year, though I doubt it will come without considerable strings attached for China, and I don't see a rapid removal of all of the recently imposed tariffs by the end of March. Also, a push towards greater self-reliance as some of President Xi's latest comments seem to reaffirm, is both possible and to some extent desirable in the current environment of mutual distrust that seems unlikely to dissipate this side of 2020.

Elsewhere, politics dominates

It will be a busy year for politics in Asia this year, and upsets are possible. Elections are to be held in India, Indonesia, Thailand (possibly), and mid-term elections in the Philipines. Both the Indian and Indonesian elections could see changes in government. Economic difficulties can deliver a political pushback, even when the aggregate GDP figures seem to suggest all is going well, as they do in India. We aren't sure if the Thai elections scheduled for 24 February will take place - they have been delayed before, they could be again.

Global headwinds may not turn out so bad

Polls of US CEOs suggest nearly half of them see the US in recession by the end of this year, and an overwhelming majority of them do so by the end of 2020. I would actually put rather more of my money on what they think than on what members of my profession think. The CEOs at least have the benefits of inside information of their firm or industry. My bunch of carnival fortune-tellers has to rely on only publically available data.

But then a little slowdown (if that's what we get) isn't all that bad, more like the inevitable diet that follows the holiday season. We should view it as both cleansing and purgative. For Asia, that too may be on the cards. And headwinds of slower international trade growth could provide the necessary nudge to get governments thinking about economic reforms and productivity-enhancing policies. You are supposed to mend the roof when the sun is shining, but there's nothing like a light rain-shower to hasten your efforts.

Moreover, the news on trade isn't all bad. The New Year ushered in the Comprehensive and Progressive Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP) trade deal for 11 countries including Japan and Singapore, Vietnam, Canada, Australia and New Zealand (but not the US or China). An ongoing trade spat between the US and China is never going to be an irrelevance for the region, but greater trade between the CPTPP countries can significantly reduce its significance for the rest of the region.

PMIs dominate today's data releases

In a short while, PMI data for Malaysia, Thailand, Philippines, South Korea, Indonesia, Vietnam and the Caixin China PMI will be released. The general picture is likely to be a sombre one, though

probably not too alarming. China's private-sector focussed Caixin PMI will be worth close watching after the official index moved below the 50 mark, and after it confounded expectations of falling into contraction itself for the last two months.

Thai CPI will remain very weak, and after last month's hike, the chances of another upwards nudge this year look remote. Likewise, Indonesian CPI today is expected to ease back towards 3.0%, taking some of the pressure off Bank Indonesia to follow through as aggressively with rates hikes as it did in 2018. Hopes for some slowing in Fed tightening this year too from Jerome Powell and his US rate-setting team will make it easier for Asian Central Banks to take it easy with rates and give domestic growth a chance.

Author

Amrita Naik Nimbalkar Junior Economist, Global Macro amrita.naik.nimbalkar@ing.com

Mateusz Sutowicz Senior Economist, Poland <u>mateusz.sutowicz@ing.pl</u>

Alissa Lefebre Economist alissa.lefebre@ing.com

Deepali Bhargava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

Ruben Dewitte Economist +32495364780

+32495364780 ruben.dewitte@ing.com

Kinga Havasi Economic research trainee <u>kinga.havasi@ing.com</u>

Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.garderen@ing.com

David Havrlant Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

Sander Burgers

Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

Lynn Song Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Michiel Tukker Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

Michal Rubaszek Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

This is a test author

Stefan Posea Economist, Romania <u>tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com</u>

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Jesse Norcross

Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate jesse.norcross@ing.com

Teise Stellema

Research Assistant, Energy Transition teise.stellema@ing.com

Diederik Stadig Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare <u>diederik.stadig@ing.com</u>

Diogo Gouveia

Sector Economist diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Ewa Manthey Commodities Strategist

ewa.manthey@ing.com

ING Analysts

James Wilson EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

Sophie Smith Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

Frantisek Taborsky EMEA FX & FI Strategist frantisek.taborsky@ing.com

Adam Antoniak Senior Economist, Poland

adam.antoniak@ing.pl

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Coco Zhang

ESG Research <u>coco.zhang@ing.com</u>

Jan Frederik Slijkerman

Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com

Marina Le Blanc Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

Samuel Abettan

Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

Franziska Biehl Senior Economist, Germany

Franziska.Marie.Biehl@ing.de

Rebecca Byrne Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst <u>rebecca.byrne@ing.com</u>

Mirjam Bani Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@ing.com

Timothy Rahill Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

Leszek Kasek Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@ing.pl

Oleksiy Soroka, CFA Senior High Yield Credit Strategist <u>oleksiy.soroka@ing.com</u>

Antoine Bouvet Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Jeroen van den Broek Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

Edse Dantuma Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare edse.dantuma@ing.com

Francesco Pesole FX Strategist francesco.pesole@ing.com

Rico Luman Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics <u>Rico.Luman@ing.com</u>

Jurjen Witteveen Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

Dmitry Dolgin Chief Economist, CIS dmitry.dolgin@ing.de Nicholas Mapa Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Egor Fedorov Senior Credit Analyst egor.fedorov@ing.com

Sebastian Franke

Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

Gerben Hieminga

Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

Nadège Tillier

Head of Corporates Sector Strategy nadege.tillier@ing.com

Charlotte de Montpellier

Senior Economist, France and Switzerland <u>charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com</u>

Laura Straeter

Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

Valentin Tataru

Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK james.smith@ing.com

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials

suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com

Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri thijs.geijer@ing.com

Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors <u>maurice.van.sante@ing.com</u>

Marcel Klok Senior Economist, Netherlands <u>marcel.klok@ing.com</u>

Piotr Poplawski Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

Paolo Pizzoli Senior Economist, Italy, Greece <u>paolo.pizzoli@ing.com</u>

Marieke Blom Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

Raoul Leering Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

Maarten Leen Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

Maureen Schuller Head of Financials Sector Strategy Maureen.Schuller@ing.com

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Rafal Benecki Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

Philippe Ledent Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg philippe.ledent@ing.com

Peter Virovacz Senior Economist, Hungary peter.virovacz@ing.com

Inga Fechner Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade inga.fechner@ing.de **Dimitry Fleming** Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

Ciprian Dascalu

Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 <u>ciprian.dascalu@ing.com</u>

Muhammet Mercan

Chief Economist, Turkey muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 <u>Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com</u>

Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

Tim Condon

Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

Martin van Vliet Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

Karol Pogorzelski Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

Carsten Brzeski Global Head of Macro carsten.brzeski@ing.de

Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 <u>viraj.patel@ing.com</u>

Owen Thomas

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 <u>owen.thomas@ing.com</u>

Bert Colijn Chief Economist, Netherlands

bert.colijn@ing.com

Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone peter.vandenhoute@ing.com

Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Chris Turner Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <u>chris.turner@ing.com</u>

Gustavo Rangel

Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo

Economist, Digital Finance +44 20 7767 5306 <u>carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com</u>