THINK economic and financial analysis



Australia | India...

Dismal data drops Dow

US March data is just the beginning, and we will see far worse ahead - are markets fully pricing that in?



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This data isn't quite blood-curdling enough

Let's start today with some US data:

- March retail sales: minus 8.7% month-on-month
- April Empire Manufacturing Survey: minus 78.2 (previous worst was -34.3 during the GFC)
- March Manufacturing production: minus 6.3% month-on-month

If I was reading these aloud, I'd probably do it in a mock Vincent Price voice (he of "Fright Night" and other horror fame...you know the one).

But even then they could have been worse. The control group of the retail sales release actually rose, and gasoline prices and auto sales were clearly a big factor on this nominal data.

James Knightley has written up both the <u>industrial production</u> and <u>retail sales</u> figures in these linked notes. His point (and the one I want to leave you with today) is that the April versions of these and other figures will be much, much worse. if this was Fright Night, what is coming next is the full box set of Friday 13th.

Markets down, some more than others

US equities, as measured by the Dow or S&P500 were down about 2% overnight and that will set

the tone for Asian markets today. There already seems to be some weakness in key Asian FX barometers such as USDCNH and USDKRW.

Bond markets responded even more strongly, with the 10Y US Treasury down about 12bp - which seems fitting against a manufacturing dip that was worse than anything seen since the end of World War II. More alarmingly, we note the 1 and 3-month Ted Spreads nudging higher again. This is just one measure of financial markets stress/distress but is probably reflected in others.

My guess, and this is only a guess as there is no, (in my view) good guide to what prices equities should trade at, is that Wall Street has not fully factored in:

- 1. How bad the data will get and
- 2. How long it is going to remain bad

Hope is being kept alive by talk of opening up the states, and later today in US time, we may here some "guidelines" from the US President, who seems to have backed off his earlier claim to have ultimate control over when this opening should occur. That's a positive sign. But we should be under no illusions that this marks a big step towards business as usual. It is merely a tiny step back from the brink, and one that may only be followed slowly by further small steps, and only if we are lucky and this doesn't set off a second wave.

Europes' pioneers in this deconfinement process, Austria, Denmark, and from next week, Germany, when they open up their small shops again, will be worth watching for clues as to how this is going to go for the rest of us still locked up in our apartments.

The Happy Moon-days

President Moon Jae-in's Democratic Party of Korea (DPK) looks set for a landslide win in the Legislative Assembly elections that took place yesterday. The DPK, which previously held power with a minority 120 seats out of the 300 Assembly, is, according to polls, on course for something closer to 180 seats and an outright majority. The vote looks like a referendum on President Moon's handling of the Covid-19 crisis, which has caused Korea far less economic damage than many of its neighbours. The lesson for others is easily learned. TEST, TEST, TEST.

Its a bit too early to predict a big policy shift now that he has a majority, but Korea's fiscal stimulus is quite small compared to some other countries in the region, so I wouldn't be at all surprised if this is loosened further in the months ahead. We may see more "on-budget" spending to boost some of the less impactful soft-loan type policies that dominate current stimulus packages and supplementary budgets. The deficit will widen, but I don't think anyone cares any more and Korea's fiscal position is a very good one, with a debt to GDP ratio only about 40%.

Today's data in APAC

We may see a small negative market reaction from bad **Australian** March employment data later this morning. But with the Reserve Bank of Australia (and government) all-in in terms of their policy responses, I doubt the reaction will be big or too prolonged. The real story for Australia is that they have very successfully managed to contain their Covid-19 problem and may soon be relaxing movement constraints. Having (correctly in my view) thrown money at the virus problem, they stand in very good stead to recover well at that point. Recent AUD strength has been appropriate, and any dip will likely be short-lived. Prakash Sakpal writes today:

India reported a 35% YoY plunge in exports in March as it went into lockdown in the last week of that month. This contrasts with relatively firmer March exports from other Asian countries that have reported figures. This data adds further downside risk to our view that GDP will eke out about 1% growth in 1Q20. The extended lockdown through end-April spells a much worse outlook for the current quarter.

Singapore will release its non-oil domestic exports data on Friday morning (17 April). We are looking for a 21% YoY NODX fall, much weaker than consensus 8% decline. Meanwhile, property in Singapore appears to be bearing the brunt of the Covid-19 outbreak. Home sales were down 32% in March over February, led by a 90% fall in luxury home sales. With all these bad March figures, we imagine a steeper GDP fall in 1Q20 than the -2.2% advance estimate.

Author

Amrita Naik Nimbalkar Junior Economist, Global Macro amrita.naik.nimbalkar@ing.com

Mateusz Sutowicz Senior Economist, Poland <u>mateusz.sutowicz@ing.pl</u>

Alissa Lefebre Economist alissa.lefebre@ing.com

Deepali Bhargava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

Ruben Dewitte Economist +32495364780 ruben.dewitte@ing.com

Kinga Havasi Economic research trainee <u>kinga.havasi@ing.com</u>

Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.garderen@ing.com

David Havrlant

Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486

david.havrlant@ing.com

Sander Burgers Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

Lynn Song Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Michiel Tukker Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

Michal Rubaszek Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

This is a test author

Stefan Posea Economist, Romania <u>tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com</u>

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Jesse Norcross Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate jesse.norcross@ing.com

Teise Stellema Research Assistant, Energy Transition <u>teise.stellema@ing.com</u>

Diederik Stadig Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare <u>diederik.stadig@ing.com</u>

Diogo Gouveia Sector Economist <u>diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com</u>

Marine Leleux Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com **Ewa Manthey** Commodities Strategist <u>ewa.manthey@ing.com</u>

ING Analysts

James Wilson EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

Sophie Smith Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

Frantisek Taborsky EMEA FX & FI Strategist frantisek.taborsky@ing.com

Adam Antoniak Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

Min Joo Kang Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan <u>min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com</u>

Coco Zhang ESG Research <u>coco.zhang@ing.com</u>

Jan Frederik Slijkerman Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

Katinka Jongkind Senior Economist, Services and Leisure Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com

Marina Le Blanc Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

Samuel Abettan Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

Franziska Biehl

Senior Economist, Germany Franziska.Marie.Biehl@ing.de

Rebecca Byrne Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst <u>rebecca.byrne@ing.com</u>

Mirjam Bani Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) <u>mirjam.bani@ing.com</u>

Timothy Rahill Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

Leszek Kasek Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@ing.pl

Oleksiy Soroka, CFA Senior High Yield Credit Strategist oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

Antoine Bouvet Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Jeroen van den Broek Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

Edse Dantuma Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare edse.dantuma@ing.com

Francesco Pesole FX Strategist francesco.pesole@ing.com

Rico Luman Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics <u>Rico.Luman@ing.com</u>

Jurjen Witteveen Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

Dmitry Dolgin

Chief Economist, CIS dmitry.dolgin@ing.de

Nicholas Mapa Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Egor Fedorov Senior Credit Analyst egor.fedorov@ing.com

Sebastian Franke Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

Gerben Hieminga Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

Nadège Tillier Head of Corporates Sector Strategy nadege.tillier@ing.com

Charlotte de Montpellier Senior Economist, France and Switzerland <u>charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com</u>

Laura Straeter Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

Valentin Tataru Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

James Smith Developed Markets Economist, UK james.smith@ing.com

Suvi Platerink Kosonen Senior Sector Strategist, Financials suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com

Thijs Geijer Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri <u>thijs.geijer@ing.com</u> Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors <u>maurice.van.sante@ing.com</u>

Marcel Klok Senior Economist, Netherlands <u>marcel.klok@ing.com</u>

Piotr Poplawski Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

Paolo Pizzoli Senior Economist, Italy, Greece <u>paolo.pizzoli@ing.com</u>

Marieke Blom Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

Raoul Leering Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

Maarten Leen Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

Maureen Schuller Head of Financials Sector Strategy Maureen.Schuller@ing.com

Warren Patterson Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Rafal Benecki Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

Philippe Ledent Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg philippe.ledent@ing.com

Peter Virovacz Senior Economist, Hungary peter.virovacz@ing.com Inga Fechner Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade inga.fechner@ing.de

Dimitry Fleming Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

Ciprian Dascalu Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 <u>ciprian.dascalu@ing.com</u>

Muhammet Mercan Chief Economist, Turkey muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr

Iris Pang Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Sophie Freeman Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com

Padhraic Garvey, CFA Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

James Knightley Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

Tim Condon Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

Martin van Vliet Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

Karol Pogorzelski Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

Carsten Brzeski

Global Head of Macro carsten.brzeski@ing.de

Viraj Patel Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 viraj.patel@ing.com

Owen Thomas Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 owen.thomas@ing.com

Bert Colijn Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

Peter Vanden Houte Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone <u>peter.vandenhoute@ing.com</u>

Benjamin Schroeder Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Chris Turner Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <u>chris.turner@ing.com</u>

Gustavo Rangel Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo Economist, Digital Finance +44 20 7767 5306 carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com