Opinion | 23 October 2019

Clarity? Nope!

Yesterday's Brexit vote was a mix of good and bad for PM Johnson. Markets have given it a thumbs down if GBP is any guide. Hope has risen for a resolution to HK's problems, following an FT story about Chief Executive, Carrie Lam, stepping down. But this is not a straightforward issue either. Inflation dominates today's calendar releases.



Britain's Prime Minister Boris Johnson speaks outside 10 Downing Street in London.

Source: Shutterstock

In a nutshell...

James Smith's latest Brexit update will be out early this afternoon, but in the meantime, he has helpfully prepared this summary of the forthcoming note:

"The UK is now highly unlikely to leave the EU on October 31. That's the single biggest takeaway from Tuesday's fiery evening in Westminster. MPs rejected the government's ultra-fast timetable for passing the Withdrawal Agreement Bill (WAB).

The EU is now expected to grant an Article 50 extension - perhaps one lasting 3-4 months, with an option to shorten it if a deal is ratified in the UK.

But while the prime minister has been defeated in a key battle, it's not clear he has lost the war.

While there are a number of hurdles still to be overcome, there is a feeling that a majority now exists for the deal that could conceivably get the WAB over the line.

That would enable Johnson's Conservatives to go to an election with the UK formally outside of the EU. But don't forget that Labour MPs will likely be needed to sign-off on an election, and many are wary given how far they are behind in the polls. That means the UK may not go to the polls until 2020, and opposition lawmakers may hope that this extra time will see some of the Conservative's recent momentum begin to ebb away".

Hope for a resolution in HK?

Today's FT carries a story that Beijing is drawing up plans to replace HK's Chief Executive, Carrie Lam, with an interim leader. The full story can be found on the FT's Home Page.

Lam's removal is one of the key demands from the protest movement, but not the only one. Universal suffrage, and an independent inquiry into police tactics are others. So it remains to be seen if this development, if it is confirmed, will be enough calm the protest movement. The suggestion is that any replacement will be contingent on calm returning to the streets of Hong Kong.

One of the factors that may be pressuring a change of heart in Beijing is the suggestion that the US Senate is to require annual reviews of Hong Kong SAR to decide whether it is autonomous enough to justify its special trading status as distinct from mainland China.

Will these latest moves help to create calm? This is what our Iris Pang in HK thinks: "After the Financial Secretary handed out more candy for the economy there is an FT report that China is going find a new CEO for Hong Kong to replace Mrs Carrie Lam. If there is a new CEO then he/she will have to be very tough on dealing with violence on the one hand and possibly setting up independent investigations on police use of force on the other hand. But even if this is done, we doubt that the protests will stop altogether. The economy still has a long way to go before it can be recovered".

Out of gas?

We wrote yesterday that on a very dull day for economic releases, it might pay to keep an eye on the September existing-home-sales data out of the US.

Our reasoning? Although it is a small element of the US economy, housing has an undue influence on other things, such as consumer spending and sentiment. It is, after all, the single biggest asset on most household's balance sheets. The figure for September dropped back to 5.38m homes (saar). Not enough to signal a retreat in the housing market, but enough to suggest that recent gains are running out of steam. We will probably need a further fall in US Treasury yields and mortgage yields to provide some further push for this market. This is where the Fed could step in with more rate cuts. The October 31 meeting looks likely to deliver on that front.

Inflation data and what it means

Prakash Sakpal writes on today's inflation data out of Malaysia and Singapore: "September consumer price inflation figures from Malaysia and Singapore are unlikely to show any departure from the existing low inflation trends in these economies. We share the consensus view of a slight

dip in Malaysia's inflation to 1.3% year-on-year from 1.5% in August and an unchanged rate of Singapore's headline inflation at 0.5% and core at 0.8%.

So what does this all mean for the monetary policies of each economy's respective central bank? Some weak signals emerged recently from Malaysia, which had otherwise been outperforming the region. These signals reinforce our view that there will be one more preemptive Bank Negara Malaysia policy rate cut in the current quarter.

Singapore's economy is already flirting with a recession. Widening of the negative output gap suggests that inflation should remain subdued for a prolonged period, which conflicts with the continued MAS tightening announced last week (albeit at a slower pace of SGD NEER appreciation). Unfortunately, monetary policy is now fixed for the next six months, shifting the onus on fiscal policy, which also looks unlikely to deliver a meaningful boost. Barring any improvement in the external trade environment, the economy is in for further slow growth".

Author

Amrita Naik Nimbalkar

Junior Economist, Global Macro amrita.naik.nimbalkar@ing.com

Alissa Lefebre

Economist <u>alissa.lefebre@ing.com</u>

Deepali Bharqava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

Ruben Dewitte

Economist +32495364780 ruben.dewitte@ing.com

Kinga Havasi

Economic research trainee kinga.havasi@ing.com

Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.garderen@ing.com

David Havrlant

Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

Sander Burgers

Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

Lynn Song

Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Michiel Tukker

Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

Michal Rubaszek

Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

This is a test author

Stefan Posea

Economist, Romania tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com

Marine Leleux

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Jesse Norcross

Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate jesse.norcross@ing.com

Teise Stellema

Research Assistant, Energy Transition teise.stellema@ing.com

Diederik Stadig

Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare diederik.stadig@ing.com

Diogo Gouveia

Sector Economist diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com

Marine Leleux

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Ewa Manthey

Commodities Strategist

ewa.manthey@ing.com

ING Analysts

James Wilson

EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

Sophie Smith

Digital Editor
sophie.smith@ing.com

Frantisek Taborsky

EMEA FX & FI Strategist frantisek.taborsky@ing.com

Adam Antoniak

Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Coco Zhang

ESG Research coco.zhang@ing.com

Jan Frederik Slijkerman

Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure <u>Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com</u>

Marina Le Blanc

Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

Samuel Abettan

Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

Franziska Biehl

Senior Economist, Germany <u>Franziska.Marie.Biehl@ing.de</u>

Rebecca Byrne

Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst rebecca.byrne@ing.com

Mirjam Bani

Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@ing.com

Timothy Rahill

Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

Leszek Kasek

Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@inq.pl

Oleksiy Soroka, CFA

Senior High Yield Credit Strategist oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

Antoine Bouvet

Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Jeroen van den Broek

Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

Edse Dantuma

Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare edse.dantuma@ing.com

Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist francesco.pesole@ing.com

Rico Luman

Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics Rico.Luman@ing.com

Jurjen Witteveen

Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

Dmitry Dolgin

Chief Economist, CIS dmitry.dolgin@inq.de

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Egor Fedorov

Senior Credit Analyst eqor.fedorov@ing.com

Sebastian Franke

Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

Gerben Hieminga

Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

Nadège Tillier

Head of Corporates Sector Strategy nadege.tillier@ing.com

Charlotte de Montpellier

Senior Economist, France and Switzerland charlotte.de.montpellier@inq.com

Laura Straeter

Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

Valentin Tataru

Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

Suvi Platerink Kosonen

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com

Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri thijs.geijer@ing.com

Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors maurice.van.sante@ing.com

Marcel Klok

Senior Economist, Netherlands marcel.klok@inq.com

Piotr Poplawski

Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

Paolo Pizzoli

Senior Economist, Italy, Greece paolo.pizzoli@ing.com

Marieke Blom

Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

Raoul Leering

Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

Maarten Leen

Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

Maureen Schuller

Head of Financials Sector Strategy <u>Maureen.Schuller@ing.com</u>

Warren Patterson

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Rafal Benecki

Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@inq.pl

Philippe Ledent

Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg philippe.ledent@ing.com

Peter Virovacz

Senior Economist, Hungary peter.virovacz@ing.com

Inga Fechner

Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade inga.fechner@ing.de

Dimitry Fleming

Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

Ciprian Dascalu

Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 <u>ciprian.dascalu@ing.com</u>

Muhammet Mercan

Chief Economist, Turkey muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com

Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US <u>james.knightley@ing.com</u>

Tim Condon

Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

Martin van Vliet

Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

Karol Pogorzelski

Senior Economist, Poland <u>Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl</u>

Carsten Brzeski

Global Head of Macro carsten.brzeski@ing.de

Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 viraj.patel@ing.com

Owen Thomas

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 owen.thomas@ing.com

Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone peter.vandenhoute@ing.com

Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Chris Turner

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE chris.turner@ing.com

Gustavo Rangel

Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo

Economist, Digital Finance +44 20 7767 5306 carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com