

Bundles | 25 June 2021

# Our view on next week's key events

Discover what ING analysts are looking for next week in our global economic calendars

#### In this bundle



#### **Key Events**

## Key events in developed markets next week

After the Federal Reserve's hawkish shift, the US jobs report next week will be key for financial markets

By James Knightley, James Smith and Bert Colijn



#### **Key Events**

## Key Events in EMEA next week

Russia's retail trade data should be positive next week but longterm challenges remain while in Hungary, it's all about the job market

By Dmitry Dolgin and Peter Virovacz



#### Asia week ahead

# Asia week ahead: The best growth quarter comes to an end

Export data and PMI surveys for June will help to shape views on economic growth in Asia during the second quarter. Strong exports may have helped to...

Article | 25 June 2021 Key Events

# Key events in developed markets next week

After the Federal Reserve's hawkish shift, the US jobs report next week will be key for financial markets



Source: Shutterstock

# **US:** Persistent inflation pressures but unstable labour supply

The coming week will be a big one for US data given the Federal Reserve has indicated it is now far more open to the idea of scaling back its policy stimulus measures. With inflation pressures looking set to remain elevated for longer than policymakers initially thought and the economy continuing to boom, the main disappointment is the slower than hoped for recovery in jobs. This will make the June US labour report the key focus for markets next week.

With the reopening well under way, demand for workers is intense yet we have had much weaker than expected jobs numbers. This has been attributed to four key factors. Firstly, many schools are on remote learning, forcing parents to stay at home as well. Secondly, there is still some hesitancy to return to work from some people given the pandemic is ongoing. Thirdly, many people who lost their jobs may have chosen to take early retirement, particularly with surging equity markets having boosted pension pots. Then fourthly we have the extended and uprated Federal unemployment benefits that may have diminished the financial attractiveness of returning to work.

More than half the states have, or are in the process of ending this benefit payment so we may start to see some potential workers soon return to work. However, we strongly suspect that labour market strains will linger for several more months given we are now entering school summer

holiday season and for most people the Federal benefits will continue through to September.

Consequently, while we expect to see a decent employment growth figure in the range of 500-600,000 next Friday, total employment will remain more than six million lower than before the pandemic struck. Nonetheless, the demand is clearly there for workers so we suspect wage rates will continue ticking higher. With more Fed officials hinting that the US economy may be closer to full employment than seemed likely a few months ago we think the next key Fed policy hint will be at the August Jackson Hole conference. This could pave the way for a formal QE asset purchase tapering announcement before year-end.

Other numbers will include the ISM report and consumer confidence. Both should hold at firm levels with the former again highlighting the supply chain strains that are putting up costs and boosting the chances that inflation stays higher for longer.

# Sweden: Riksbank on autopilot with tightening years off

With inflation set to remain fairly muted over the coming years, the Riksbank is likely to be one of the latter central banks in the developed market arena to hike interest rates after the Covid-19 crisis. Policymakers are signalling no rate rises over the policy horizon out to 2024, and there's been little change on the macro front since the last meeting to suggest any major changes to that view at next week's meeting.

# **Developed Markets Economic Calendar**

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Monday 28 June			
Sweden	0830	May Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		-1.4/7.2
		Tuesday 29 June			
US	1400	Apr CaseShiller 20 (MoM/YoY%)	2.0/15.0		1.6/13.3
	1500	Jun Consumer Confidence	119.5	118.8	117.2
Germany	1300	Jun CPI Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	6.0/2.7		0.5/2.5
France	0745	Jun Consumer Confidence	-		97.0
Spain	0800	Jun CPI (YoY%) Flash NSA	-		2.7
	0800	Jun CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		0.5/41
Sweden	0830	May Trade Balance	-		1.8
Eurozone	1000	Jun Business Climate	-		1.5
	1000	Jun Economic Sentiment	117		114.5
	1000	Jun Consumer Confidence Final	-3.3		-3.3
		Wednesday 30 June			
US	1315	Jun ADP National Employment	520	475.0	978.0
	1445	Jun Chicago PMI	70	68.0	75.2
Germany	0855	Jun Unemployment Rate SA	6.0		6.0
France	0745	May Consumer Spending (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		-8.3/1.8
	0745	Jun CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM%)	-		0.3
UK	0700	Q1 GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-1.5/-6.1		-1.5/-6.1
	0700	Q1 Current Account GBP	-		-26.3
Italy	1000	Jun CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	-		-0.1/1.2
Canada	1330	Apr GDP (MoM%)	-1.2		1.1
Eurozone	1000	June Headline Inflation (YoY%)	2		
	1000	June Core Inflation (YoY%)	1.2		
Portugal	-	Jun CPI Flash (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		0.2/1.2
		Thursday 1 July			
US	1445	Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI Final	-		
		Jun ISM Manufacturing PMI	60.5	61.0	61.2
	1500	Jun ISM Manufacturing Prices Paid	87		88.0
Germany	0855	Jun Markit/BME Manufacturing PMI	-		
France		Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI	-		
UK	0930	Jun Markit/CIPS Manufacturing PMI Final	64.2		64.2
Italy	0845	Jun Markit/IHS Manufacturing PMI	-		62.3
	0900	May Unemployment Rate	-		10.7
Spain	0815	Jun Manufacturing PMI	-		59.4
Norway	0900	Jun Manufacturing DNB PMI SA	-		58.5
Sweden	0830	Riksbank Rate	0.00		0.00
Eurozone	0900	Jun Markit Manufacturing Final PMI	-		
	1000	May Unemployment Rate	7.9		8.0
		Friday 2 July			
US	1330	Jun Non-Farm Payrolls	550	600.0	559.0
	1330	Jun Private Payrolls	520	545.0	492.0
		Jun Unemployment Rate	5.7	5.7	5.8
	1330	May International Trade \$	-70	-70.3	-68.9
	1500	May Factory Orders (MoM%)	2	1.3	-0.6
Germany	0700	May Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		-5.5/4.4
Canada	1330	May Trade Balance C\$	1		0.59
		Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI SA	59		57.0
Source: Refiniti	v, ING, *G	MT			

Bundles | 25 June 2021

## **Author**

# James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US <u>james.knightley@ing.com</u>

#### James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

## Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

Article | 25 June 2021 Key Events

# Key Events in EMEA next week

Russia's retail trade data should be positive next week but long-term challenges remain while in Hungary, it's all about the job market



Source: Shutterstock

# Russia: Cautious longer-term outlook with low vaccination rates and mounting lockdown risk

Russian activity data should be positive, with retail trade likely showing 25-30% year-on-year growth, mostly on low base effects, but also thanks to restrained foreign tourism. Banking sector statistics have already indicated that Russians have financed local consumption with higher unsecured borrowing and savings. For the longer term we remain cautious, however. Challenges include the reopening of foreign tourism to Turkey and mounting risks of a lockdown due to a third wave of Covid in Russia. Despite government efforts, the vaccination rate is below 15%. A strict lockdown would cost around 1% of annual GDP per month.

# Hungary: Unemployment declines and double-digit wage growth on the horizon

In Hungary, the labour market will be in focus. With a reopening on the way in May, we expect the unemployment rate to decline. Due to last year's negative shock in wages in April, the base effect will support the year-on-year growth rate in April 2021. This could translate into double-digit wage growth again. A manufacturing PMI reading for June will also be released. We expect this to follow European sentiment and show further improvement, cementing our view of solid 2Q GDP growth.

# **EMEA Economic Calendar**

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.		
		Monday 28 June					
Mexico	1200	May Trade Balance SA	-		0.249		
		Tuesday 29 June					
Turkey	1200	May Bank NPL Ratio	-		3.74		
Czech Rep	0800	Q1 Revised GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-		-0.3/-2.1		
Hungary	0800	May Unemployment Rate 3M	4.2		4.3		
Brazil	1200	Jun IGP-M Inflation Index	-		4.1		
	1300	May Central Govt Balance	-		16.5		
		Wednesday 30 June					
Russia	1700	May Retail Sales (YoY%)	25.0	23.0	34.7		
Turkey	0800	May Trade Balance	-4.15		-3.06		
Hungary	0800	Apr Average Gross Wages (YoY%)	10.2		9.2		
		Thursday 1 July					
Russia	0700	Jun Markit Manfuacturing PMI	-		51.9		
Turkey	0800	Jun Manufacturing PMI	-		49.3		
Poland	0800	Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI	-		57.2		
Czech Rep	0830	Jun Markit PMI	-		61.8		
	1300	Jun Budget Balance	-		-255		
Hungary	0800	Jun Manufacturing PMI	55.0		52.8		
Brazil	1400	Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI	-		53.7		
Mexico	1530	Jun Markit Manufacturing PMI	-		47.6		
		Friday 2 July					
Hungary	0800	Apr Trade Balance Final	321		321		
Brazil	0900	Jun IPC-Fipe Inflation Idx	-		0.41		
		May Industrial Output (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		-1.3/34.7		
Source: Refinitiv, ING, *GMT							

# Author

# **Dmitry Dolgin**

Chief Economist, CIS <a href="mailto:dmitry.dolgin@ing.de">dmitry.dolgin@ing.de</a>

#### Peter Virovacz

Senior Economist, Hungary

peter.virovacz@ing.com

Article | 24 June 2021 Asia week ahead

# Asia week ahead: The best growth quarter comes to an end

Export data and PMI surveys for June will help to shape views on economic growth in Asia during the second quarter. Strong exports may have helped to counter weak domestic demand, driving GDP growth to record highs. Yet this will mark a high point for growth, as base effects begin to moderate from here on



Source: Shutterstock

# Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Tim	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Sunday 27 June			
China	0230	May Industrial Profit (YoY%)	42.3		57.0
		Monday 28 June			
Japan	0030	May Unemployment Rate	2.8		2.8
	0050	May Retail Sales (YoY%)	11.9		12.0
Hong Kong	0930	May Imports (YoY%)	27.3		25.2
	0930	May Exports (YoY%)	21.2		24.4
	0930	May Trade Balance (HK\$bn)	-36.8		-31.8
Malaysia	0500	May Exports (YoY%)	48.0		63.0
	0500	May Imports (YoY%)	41.0		24.4
	0500	May Trade Balance (MYR bn)	19.0		20.5
Thailand	0800	May Manufacturing Prod (YoY%)	19.0		18.5
		Tuesday 29 June			
Japan	0050	May Industrial O/P Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	-2.9/34.9		2.9/15.9
South Korea	0000	May Industrial Output (MoM/YoY%)	0.7/20.8		-1.6/12.4
		Wednesday 30 June			
China	0200	Jun NBS Non-Mfg PMI	55.7		55.2
	0200	Jun NBS Manufacturing PMI	51.1		51.0
India	-	1Q Current account balance (US\$bn)	-9.3		-1.7
Japan	-	Jun Consumer confidence index	34.8		34.1
Hong Kong	0930	May Retail Sales (YoY%)	6.7		12.1
	0930	May Retail Sale Vol (YoY%)	5.8		11.1
Thailand	0830	May Current Account balance (US\$bn)	-1.0		-1.3
		Thursday 1 July			
Japan	0050	2Q Large Manufacturing Tankan Index	17.0		5.0
	0050	Jun Monetary Base (YoY%)	655.4		22.7
Australia	0230	May Trade Balance (A\$bn)	7.2		8.0
China	0245	Jun Caixin Manufacturing PMI Final	52.3		52.0
India	0600	Jun IHS Markit Mfg PMI	-		50.8
Malaysia	0130	Jun IHS Markit Mfg PMI	-		51.3
Indonesia	-	Jun Inflation (YoY%)	1.4		1.7
Philippines	0130	Jun Manufacturing PMI SA	50.7		49.9
Taiwan	0130	Jun IHS Markit Manufacturing PMI	61.0		62.0
Thailand	0130	Jun Manufacturing PMI SA	-		47.8
South Korea	0100	Jun Export Growth (YoY%)	30.0		45.6
	0100	Jun Import Growth (YoY%)	29.0		37.9
	0100	Jun Trade Balance (US\$ bn)	4.8		2.9
	0130	Jun IHS Markit Manufacturing PMI	53.5		53.7
	0000	Jun CPI inflation (YoY%)	2.7		2.6
	0000	Jun Core CPI inflation (YoY%)	1.6		1.5
		Friday 2 July			
		Jun Manufacturing PMI	-		50.7
Course Definting	INIC *	CMT			

Source: Refintiv, ING, \*GMT

#### Author

#### Amrita Naik Nimbalkar

Junior Economist, Global Macro amrita.naik.nimbalkar@ing.com

## Alissa Lefebre

Economist

alissa.lefebre@ing.com

# Deepali Bhargava

## Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com</u>

#### **Ruben Dewitte**

Economist +32495364780 <u>ruben.dewitte@ing.com</u>

#### Kinga Havasi

Economic research trainee kinga.havasi@ing.com

#### Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.garderen@ing.com

#### **David Havrlant**

Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

#### **Sander Burgers**

Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

#### Lynn Song

Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

#### **Michiel Tukker**

Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

#### Michal Rubaszek

Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

#### This is a test author

#### Stefan Posea

Economist, Romania <a href="mailto:tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com">tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com</a>

#### **Marine Leleux**

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

#### **Jesse Norcross**

Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate <u>jesse.norcross@ing.com</u>

#### Teise Stellema

Research Assistant, Energy Transition teise.stellema@ing.com

#### **Diederik Stadig**

Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare <a href="mailto:diederik.stadig@ing.com">diederik.stadig@ing.com</a>

#### Diogo Gouveia

Sector Economist diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com

#### **Marine Leleux**

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

#### Ewa Manthey

Commodities Strategist <a href="mailto:ewa.manthey@ing.com">ewa.manthey@ing.com</a>

#### **ING Analysts**

#### James Wilson

EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

## **Sophie Smith**

Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

#### Frantisek Taborsky

EMEA FX & FI Strategist <a href="mailto:frantisek.taborsky@ing.com">frantisek.taborsky@ing.com</a>

#### Adam Antoniak

Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

#### Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

#### Coco Zhang

#### ESG Research

coco.zhang@ing.com

#### Jan Frederik Slijkerman

Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

#### Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure <u>Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com</u>

#### Marina Le Blanc

Sector Strategist, Financials Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

#### Samuel Abettan

Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

#### Franziska Biehl

Senior Economist, Germany <u>Franziska.Marie.Biehl@inq.de</u>

#### Rebecca Byrne

Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst <a href="mailto:rebecca.byrne@ing.com">rebecca.byrne@ing.com</a>

#### Mirjam Bani

Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@ing.com

#### Timothy Rahill

Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

#### Leszek Kasek

Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@ing.pl

#### Oleksiy Soroka, CFA

Senior High Yield Credit Strategist oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

#### **Antoine Bouvet**

Head of European Rates Strategy <a href="mailto:antoine.bouvet@ing.com">antoine.bouvet@ing.com</a>

#### Jeroen van den Broek

# Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

#### Edse Dantuma

Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare <a href="mailto:edse.dantuma@ing.com">edse.dantuma@ing.com</a>

#### Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist

francesco.pesole@ing.com

#### Rico Luman

Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics Rico.Luman@ing.com

#### Jurjen Witteveen

Sector Economist

jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

#### **Dmitry Dolgin**

Chief Economist, CIS <a href="mailto:dmitry.dolgin@inq.de">dmitry.dolgin@inq.de</a>

#### Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines <u>nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com</u>

#### **Egor Fedorov**

Senior Credit Analyst egor.fedorov@ing.com

#### Sebastian Franke

Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

#### Gerben Hieminga

Senior Sector Economist, Energy <a href="mailto:gerben.hieminga@ing.com">gerben.hieminga@ing.com</a>

#### Nadège Tillier

Head of Corporates Sector Strategy <a href="mailto:nadege.tillier@ing.com">nadege.tillier@ing.com</a>

#### Charlotte de Montpellier

Senior Economist, France and Switzerland <a href="mailto:charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com">charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com</a>

#### Laura Straeter

## Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684

<u>laura.Straeter@ing.com</u>

#### Valentin Tataru

Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

#### James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

#### Suvi Platerink Kosonen

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials <a href="mailto:suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com">suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com</a>

#### Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri <a href="mailto:thijs.geijer@ing.com">thijs.geijer@ing.com</a>

#### Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors maurice.van.sante@ing.com

#### Marcel Klok

Senior Economist, Netherlands marcel.klok@ing.com

#### Piotr Poplawski

Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

#### Paolo Pizzoli

Senior Economist, Italy, Greece paolo.pizzoli@inq.com

#### Marieke Blom

Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

#### **Raoul Leering**

Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

#### Maarten Leen

Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

#### Maureen Schuller

Head of Financials Sector Strategy Maureen.Schuller@ing.com

#### Warren Patterson

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

#### Rafal Benecki

Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

#### Philippe Ledent

Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg <a href="mailto:philippe.ledent@ing.com">philippe.ledent@ing.com</a>

#### Peter Virovacz

Senior Economist, Hungary <a href="mailto:peter.virovacz@ing.com">peter.virovacz@ing.com</a>

#### Inga Fechner

Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade <a href="inga.fechner@ing.de">inga.fechner@ing.de</a>

#### **Dimitry Fleming**

Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands <u>Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com</u>

#### Ciprian Dascalu

Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 ciprian.dascalu@ing.com

#### **Muhammet Mercan**

Chief Economist, Turkey <a href="mailto:muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr">muhammet.mercan@ingbank.com.tr</a>

### Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

#### Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com

#### Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas

#### padhraic.garvey@ing.com

#### James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US <u>james.knightley@ing.com</u>

#### **Tim Condon**

Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

#### Martin van Vliet

Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801 martin.van.vliet@ing.com

#### Karol Pogorzelski

Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

#### Carsten Brzeski

Global Head of Macro carsten.brzeski@ing.de

#### Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 <u>viraj.patel@ing.com</u>

#### **Owen Thomas**

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 owen.thomas@ing.com

#### Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

#### Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone <a href="mailto:peter.vandenhoute@ing.com">peter.vandenhoute@ing.com</a>

#### Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

#### **Chris Turner**

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <a href="mailto:chris.turner@ing.com">chris.turner@ing.com</a>

Gustavo Rangel
Chief Economist, LATAM
+1 646 424 6464
gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo
Economist, Digital Finance
+44 20 7767 5306
carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.