

Bundle | 23 October 2020

Our view on next week's events

Discover what ING analysts are looking for next week in our global economic calendars

In this bundle



Key Events

Key events in developed markets next week

3Q GDP data releases both in the US and Europe are likely to show record rebound numbers from the second-quarter slump, but who will be really cheering...

By Bert Colijn and James Knightley



Asia week ahead

Asia week ahead: 3Q GDP numbers due from northeast Asian countries

Hong Kong, Korea, and Taiwan report 3Q GDP numbers next week, and we expect export strength to have outweighed domestic demand weakness, but that...



Key Events

Key events in EMEA and Latam next week

A policy rate decision in Brazil as well as 3Q GDP releases in the Czech Republic and Mexico will be the key events to watch next week

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Source: Shutterstock

Eurozone: GDP, inflation and jobs data to show the recovery is headed

A very busy week for the Eurozone as GDP, inflation and unemployment data will give a strong sense of where things are headed in terms of the recovery. Perhaps more accurately: where things were headed ahead of the second wave and new restrictions that have made the outlook all the more uncertain.

Inflation for October is likely to remain in the negative territory although the timing of the sales period in certain countries could cause an upside surprise.

With short-time work schemes still in place, unemployment is likely to have increased in September. GDP data released on Friday will look back at 3Q and will likely be stellar due to the bounce-back effect from the lockdown.



US: Fiscal stimulus talks continue and 3Q GDP will reflect the rebound

They will... they won't.. they will... debate over whether the Democrats, the White House and the Republican Senators can finally hammer out an agreement on another fiscal stimulus will remain a key theme. The case for fiscal stimulus is strong in an environment where unemployment benefits are being tapered and Covid-19 cases are rising, causing anxiety for households and businesses with the nagging concern that some form of containment measures could yet be introduced in the US. Yet Senate Republicans are wary to deliver ahead of the election – partly on concerns of the level of national debt and partly because of the sense that the White House is caving into Democrat demands. We have doubts that there will be a deal before the election, but a fiscal stimulus is coming.

The key data release will be 3Q GDP growth and we expect it to be a record 34.5% annualised growth thanks to consumer spending rebounding on pent up demand after lockdowns and the support for household incomes coming from increased unemployment benefits, which saw upwards of 70% of recipients receive higher incomes than when they were actually working. Residential fixed investment will also be a big growth driver given the strength in housing numbers, fueled by record-low mortgage rates. Inventories have also been rebuilt and will provide a further boost to headline growth. Business investment is likely to provide more muted upside given plenty of spare capacity while net trade will be a drag. Even after this impressive figure we should note that economic output will still be 3.2% below that of the end of 4Q19.

Canada: Central bank policy to remain unchanged

The Bank of Canada policy meeting will deliver no additional stimulus with the policy rate left at 0.25%.

The economy likely expanded at an annualised rate in excess of 40% in 3Q20 having contracted 38.7% in 2Q20 while the labour market has seen nearly 2.3 million of the 3 million jobs lost in March and April recovered. Inflation remains low though and like the US Federal Reserve, we expect Canada's central bank communique to stress there is little prospect of any policy tightening anytime soon.

Developed Markets Economic Calendar

Monday 26 October 2030 ABS Australia Preliminary September Merchandise Trade 2050 Aug F Leading economic index 20900 Oct IFO Business Climate 20900 Oct IFO Expectations 20900 Oct IFO Current Assessment 20900 Oct IFO Current Assessment 2000 Sep P Durable Goods Orders (MoM%) 2000 Sep P Durable Goods Orders (ex. Transport, MoM%) 2000 Sep P Durable Goods Orders (ex. Transport, MoM%) 2000 Sep M3 Money Supply (YoY%) 2000 Sep M3 Money Supply (YoY%) 2000 Sep M3 Money Supply (YoY%) 2000 Feb M3 Money Supply (YoY%) 2000 Feb M3 Money Supply (YoY%) 2000 Fed's Bullock Gives Online Speech 2000 Fed's Kaplan Takes Part in Panel Discussion with Mark Car 20350 Sep Retail trade (MoM/YoY%) 2000 Fed's Kaplan Takes Part in Panel Discussion with Mark Car 20350 Sep Retail trade (MoM/YoY%) 2000 Sep Retail Sales (Ex. Motor Vehicles, SA, MoM%) 2000 Oct Economic Tendency Indicator	- 94.0 97.0 91.0 1.1 0.6 100.0 8.8 -	1.0 0.5 101.9 -	88.8 93.4 97.7 89.2 0.5 0.6 101.8 9.5 5.28
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0800 Oct Economic Tendency Indicator	-		-1.9/-0.3
3		-	-4.9
	-	-	94.5
0830 Sep Retail sales (Ex. Fuel, MoM/YoY%)	-	-	-0.27/2.98
	7/ 5	72.0	-31.4
,	34.5	32.0	
	-	-	32.7
	- 0.1	-	1.0/-13.8
2		-	-0.1
		-	0.00
		-	91.1
3		-	0.00
		-	0.25
,		-	-0.5
		-	-8.0
. 2		-	6.3
,			-0.2/-0.2
	-/-	-/-	0.4/-0.6
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3			
		81.0	81.2
· · · · · · · · ·		-	8.1
			-11.8/-14.8
			0.1/-0.3
1000 Oct P Core CPI (YoY%)	0.1	-	0.2
0700 3Q P GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-9.7/-11.3
1100 3Q P GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-13.036/-1.0
1230 Aug GDP (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	3.0/-5.0
0030 3Q PPI (Q) (QoQ/YoY%)	-	-	-1.2/-0.4
0700 Sep Credit Indicator (YoY%)	-	-	4.7
0900 Oct Unemployment Rate	-	-	3.7
	Thursday 29 October Thursday 29 October 1230 3Q A GDP (QoQ Annualised %) 5000 Oct Consumer confidence index 2350 Sep P Industrial production - Prel (MoM/YoY%) - Policy Rate - Oct 29 BoJ 10-year yield target (%) 1000 Oct Economic Confidence 1245 ECB Main Refinancing Rate 1245 ECB Marginal Lending Facility 1245 ECB Deposit Facility Rate 10855 Oct Unemployment Change (000's) 10800 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%) 10800 Oct P HICP (MoM/YoY%) 10800 Oct P HICP (MoM/YoY%) 10800 Oct P U. of Mich. Sentiment Index 1000 Sep Unemployment Rate (%) 1000 3Q A GDP (QoQ/YoY%) 1000 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%) 1000 Oct D CPI (MoM/YoY%)	Thursday 29 October	Thursday 29 October 1230 3Q A GDP (QoQ Annualised %) 34.5 32.0 0500 Oct Consumer confidence index - - 2350 Sep P Industrial production - Prel (MoM/YoY%) - - - Policy Rate -0.1 - - Oct 29 BoJ 10-year yield target (%) - - 1000 Oct Economic Confidence 90.2 - 1245 ECB Main Refinancing Rate 0.00 - 1245 ECB Marginal Lending Facility 0.25 - 1245 ECB Deposit Facility Rate -0.5 - 0855 Oct Unemployment Change (000's) - - 0855 Oct Unemployment Rate (%) 6.3 - 1300 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%) -0.3/-0.4 -/- 0800 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%) -/- -/- 0803 Riksbank: Publication of Payments in Sweden 2020 -/- -/- Friday 30 October 81.0 81.0 1400 Oct F U. of Milch. Sentiment Index 81.0 81.0 1000 3Q A GDP (QoQ/YoY%) 8.9/-7.8 -/- 1000 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%) 0.1/-0.4 -/-

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Asia week ahead

Asia week ahead: 3Q GDP numbers due from northeast Asian countries

Hong Kong, Korea, and Taiwan report 3Q GDP numbers next week, and we expect export strength to have outweighed domestic demand weakness, but that...



Source: Shutterstock

😜 Hong Kong, Korea, and Taiwan report 3Q GDP

Hong Kong, Korea, and Taiwan are the next in line to report their GDP figures for 3Q20 over the next week.

The Covid-19 lockdowns sharply dented GDP in the second quarter but as economies re-opened, they clawed back some lost ground last quarter. However, the risk to this stems from the second wave further suppressing domestic demand. All three northeast Asian countries releasing GDP data suffered from the second wave over the last quarter.

On the flip side, accelerated export recovery should bode well for the GDP numbers. We expect export strength to outweigh domestic demand weakness producing a strong GDP bounce over 2Q. However, that won't be enough to pull the year-on-year growth back into positive territory just yet.

What else?

China's industrial profits growth is on a steady upward trend in September, signalling steady investment and GDP growth in the period ahead. Likewise, forward-looking indicators in Korea including consumer and business confidence data should guide us on the recovery in the final quarter of the year.

Lots of Japanese activity releases will come as fresh inputs for the Bank of Japan policymakers deciding the policy next week (29 October), though none of these are likely to change the current policy stance.

Moving to the south, manufacturing releases from Singapore and Thailand for September and trade figures from Malaysia will help us fine-tune 3Q GDP estimates for these countries.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.		
	Sunday 25 October					
Thailand	- Sep Manufacturing index (YoY%)	-8.0	-5.5	-9.3		
	Monday 26 October					
Singapore	0500 Sep Industrial production (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	13.9/13.7		
South Korea	2300 3Q P GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	1.3/-1.9	-	-3.2/-2.7		
	Tuesday 27 October					
China	0130 Sep Industrial profits (YTD, YoY%)	22.0	-	19.1		
Hong Kong	0830 Sep Exports (YoY%)	-19.5	-	-2.3		
	0830 Sep Imports (YoY%)	-4.0	-	-5.7		
	0830 Sep Trade balance (HK\$ bn)	-9.7	-	-14.6		
South Korea	2100 Oct BOK Consumer Sentiment Index	-	-	79.4		
	Wednesday 28 October					
Malaysia	0400 Sep Exports (YoY%)	7.0	-	-2.9		
	0400 Sep Imports (YoY%)	-5.0	-	-6.5		
	0400 Sep Trade balance (RM bn)	17.8	-	13.2		
South Korea	2100 Nov BOK Business Survey Index, mfg	-	-	68.0		
	2100 Nov BOK Business Survey Index, non-mfg	-	-	62.0		
	Thursday 29 October					
India	- Sep Fiscal deficit (INR crore)	-	-	48998		
Singapore	- 3Q Jobless rate (Q) (%, SA)	-	-	2.9		
South Korea	2300 Sep Industrial production (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-0.7/-3.0		
	Friday 30 October					
Hong Kong	0830 3Q A GDP (YoY%)	-10.0	-	-9.0		
Taiwan	0800 3Q P GDP (YoY%)	-1.00	-	-0.58		
Thailand	- Sep Current acc balance (US\$bn)	1.1	-	3.0		
Source: ING. Plaambarg. *CMT						

Source: ING, Bloomberg, *GMT

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Key Events

Key events in EMEA and Latam next week

A policy rate decision in Brazil as well as 3Q GDP releases in the Czech Republic and Mexico will be the key events to watch next week



Source: Shutterstock

Czech Republic: Second partial lockdown portends a 'W'shaped recovery

The Czech economy is heading into a second partial lockdown due to soaring Covid cases, which will lead to a fall in fourth quarter GDP and a 'W'-shaped economic scenario. Still, third quarter growth should be solid and the Czech Statistical Office will publish these figures next week, again only 30 days after the end of the quarter. This means that September's figures are not yet known, which makes estimates less reliable, though June-August figures confirmed a solid rebound, leading to rapid quarter-on-quarter growth of around 5%. This easily surpasses the relatively pessimist figure in the CNB forecast of 2.8%.

EMEALatam Economic Calendar

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
	Monday 26 October			
Turkey	0700 Oct Real Sector Confidence Index SA	-	-	105.7
	0700 Oct Capacity Utilization (%)	-	-	74.6
Czech Rep	0800 Oct Business Confidence	-	-	1.7
	0800 Oct Consumer & Business Confidence	-	-	-0.5
	0800 Oct Consumer Confidence	-	-	-9.0
Hungary	2300 Oct Economic Sentiment	-	-	-19.3
	2300 Oct Business Confidence	-	-	-15.1
Kazakhstan	0900 Key Policy Rate (%)	-	-	9.00
	- Sep M3 Money Supply (MoM%)	-	-	0.1
Serbia	1100 Aug Real Wages (YoY%)	-	-	7.1
Israel	1100 Aug Industrial Production (SA, MoM%)	-	-	-3.2
	Tuesday 27 October			
South Africa	0930 3Q Unemployment Rate (%)	-	-	23.3
Israel	- Sep Leading 'S' Indicator (MoM%)	-	-	-0.06
	Wednesday 28 October			
Turkey	0730 Central Bank Inflation Report			
South Africa	0800 Sep CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	0.2/3.3
	0800 Sep Core CPI (MoM%, NSA)	-	-	0.2
	 Medium-Term Budget Policy Statement 			
Brazil	- Selic Rate	2.00	2.00	2.00
	Thursday 29 October			
Croatia	0900 Sep Industrial Production (SA, YoY%)	-	-	-1.2
South Africa	0600 Sep M3 Money Supply (YoY%)	-	-	10.86
	0600 Sep Private Sector Credit (YoY%)	-	-	3.87
	0930 Sep PPI (MoM/YoY%)	-	-	0.7/2.4
Israel	1100 Sep Monthly Unemployment Rate (%)	-	-	4.9
	Friday 30 October			
Turkey	0700 Sep Trade Balance (US\$bn)	-4.9	-	-6.28
	0800 Sep Foreign Tourist Arrivals (YoY%)	-	-	-71.2
Poland	0900 Oct P CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	0.2/3.2
Czech Rep	0800 3Q A GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	4.5/-7.3	-/-	-8.7/-10.9
Hungary	0800 Aug Avg Gross Wages (YoY%)	-	-	10.8
	0800 Aug F Trade Balance (€mn)	-	-	251.0
Romania	0700 Sep Unemployment Rate Total 15 - 74 Years Old SA	-	-	5.3
Serbia	1100 Sep Retail Sales (YoY%)	-	-	4.5
	1100 Sep Industrial Production (YoY%)	-	-	4.2
	1100 Sep Trade Balance (€m)	-	-	-447.4
Croatia	0900 Sep Retail Sales (YoY%)	-	-	-8.6
	- Sep M1 Money Supply (HRKmn)	-	-	155178
South Africa	1200 Sep Trade Balance (ZARbn)	-	-	38.9
	1200 Sep National Budget Balance (ZARbn)	-	-	-63.7
Brazil	1200 Aug Unemployment Rate (%)	14.3	14.2	13.8
Mexico	1200 3Q P GDP (YoY%)	-8.3	-	-18.7
Source: ING Bloom	nhera			

Source: ING, Bloomberg

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