

Bundle | 21 November 2018

Good MornING Asia - 21 November 2018

The recurring question for any daily comment - what's new? The answer is more a question of degree than of absolutes.

In this bundle



What's new?

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By Robert Carnell



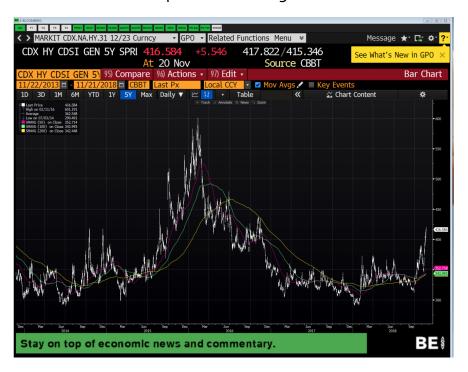
ASEAN morning bytes

General market tone: Risk-off. Risk off tone dominated Tuesday's session with technology shares tanking while a retail giant also took a hit on poor...

By Nicholas Mapa

What's new?

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Unsubstantiated comments

There are two comments I dragged off newswires this morning, which I have been unable to find a secondary confirmation for, so for clarity, let me point out that these are not necessarily accurate, but are worth thinking about anyway, just in case they are:

- 1. First, is that the US President has suggested the Fed actually cut rates. This is a bit stronger than earlier criticism of Powell for having raised rates, and does get support from some regional Fed quarters Neel Kashkari for one this isn't new. Kashkari has been a perennial dove, and also a non-voter, but also Patrick Harker is apparently not wedded to a December hike either. Neither of them becomes voting FOMC members until 2020 though. Markets are less convinced than they were about a December hike, but whether you look at OIS markets or Fed funds futures, December looks pretty clear to see another hike just a bit less than 2 weeks ago.
- 2. The other is connected with comments about Saudi Arabia, where we haven't heard too much about the CIA investigation into Jamal Khashoggi's death, but do have some remarks from the US President about Saudi Arabia's ally status, and some further remarks suggesting that oil ought to fall further. Oil has been a big factor calming investor sentiment

in the Asia region, with only Malaysia a real victim of lower prices due to its net producer status. Still, we have seen too low prices in Asia before, and in my opinion, \$65/bbl is the bottom of the "indifference range" for oil, where producers and consumers are equally happy / unhappy. Much below this, and I think there is a net welfare loss globally, and would prefer to see the decline in oil halt about where it is now.

\$62.44

Jan 19 Brent Crude future

Price per barrel

2 ...and another thing...

What's more, and we wrote a bit about this yesterday, my misgivings about equities based on a bit of very limited (and probably wrong) technical analysis and quite a lot of gut-feeling, seems to be bearing fruit, with further falls on key equity measures overnight,

Here's a question without an answer. How far, or how fast does the S&P 500 (or whatever the Fed's key benchmark is, Wilshire 5000?) have to fall before it causes them to pause? ANd how far to do what President Trump apparently wants and reverse tack?

I suspect the answer is, "A lot". But judging what constitutes a lot is a function of both the extent of any decline and its rate. So far, thanks to a very positive start to the year, the S&P 500 is down only about 1.2%ytd. In dollar terms, the Shanghai composite is down 25%, the Shenzen composite 32%. If I had to make a wild stab in the dark, I would say that for a pause, another 10% fall in US markets from here ought to be enough to encourage a pause. That would take the S&P500 back to its August 2017 dip, and would represent a little under a 20% decline from its 2018 peak of 2940. For a reversal, I reckon you would have to see other markets join in the rout, including high yield credit. A quick look at some screens this morning (see above for our picture of CDX 5Y Spreads) shows spreads here beginning to rise sharply, but are still way off the early 2016 lows. Worth watching though - financial conditions are definitely tightening, with or without the Fed.

Day ahead

There isn't much on the calendar anywhere today. Thailand trade figures could show a flip back into deficit, though they are hovering around balance, so this isn't too market moving, though it is taking place despite the benefits of lower oil prices, so it isn't that impressive.

In the US, the October durable goods orders data is the G-7 highlight. For what it is worth, my preference is to look at a combined outcome of the 3-month moving average for core (ex-aircraft, military) orders and shipments as the best quide to what corporate America is doing in terms of business investment. It looked last month as if it may be slowing, though from a pretty high level.

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International theme: Oil quickly reverses on Trump comments on Saudi

• The US dollar bounced but mainly on a safe-haven bid with equity markets rocked by poor earnings and tanking tech shares. Uncertainty on the outlook for oil forced crude prices to drop, weighing further on risk sentiment.

EM Space: Asia seen to track the free-fall

- **General Asia:** Asian equity markets will likely be rocked to open on Wednesday with Wall Street seeing a rough session overnight. Poor earnings, falling tech shares and plunging crude oil prices, all point to a sell-off.
- Thailand: The October trade report is due. We share the consensus view that the trade balance returned to the deficit after a one-off surplus in September even as lower oil price likely to have depressed import growth. A surge in oil imports has caused a significant dent to the trade surplus in the first nine months of this year, supporting our forecast of a narrower current surplus of about 7% of GDP in 2018 than 11% in 2017.
- Philippines: The state visit of Xi Jinping to the Philippines yielded 29 agreements at the

- onset of his visit to Manila, including an energy exploration deal in the West Philippine Sea. Details for the agreements remained scant so markets will be watchful for dollars and cents for actual investment signings during the second day of Xi's visit.
- Philippines: Retail pump prices were slashed for a 6th straight week with local fuel prices tracking the global crude oil price downtrend. Gasoline and diesel prices were cut by roughly PHP 1.25 and PHP 1.10, bringing the year-to-date increase in pump prices to PHP 2.65 and PHP 6.0 respectively. This development validates that inflation had peaked in 3Q and will likely trend lower in the coming months.
- Philippines: Prices for the all-important staple rice continues to trend lower with the latest report showing another 0.88% weekly drop in the first week of November. However, the year-on-year rice price inflation remains elevated, albeit some slowdown to 16% from 20.7% in October. Meanwhile, the government finally secured supply of 500,000 MT at its bidding on Tuesday with stocks seen for delivery at end-December and end-January. This will benefit the inflation path further although headline prints still seen to be above 6%.

What to look out for: Oil prices

- HK CPI inflation (20 November)
- US housing starts (20 November)
- TH trade (21 November)
- US durable goods (21 November)
- US existing home sales (21 November)
- JP CPI inflation (22 November)
- SI 3Q GDP (22 November)
- MY CPI inflation (23 November)
- SI CPI inflation (23 November)
- TH GIR (23 November)

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