

THINK economic and financial analysis

FX | United Kingdom...

# Good MornING Asia - 21 March 2018

China finally loses patience with the US, citing subsidies for the soybean sector - expect action to follow if Trump escalates trade war

### In this bundle



### So, it begins...

China finally loses patience with the US, citing subsidies for the soybean sector - expect action to follow if Trump escalates the trade war By Robert Carnell Opinion | 20 March 2018

# So, it begins...

China finally loses patience with the US, citing subsidies for the soybean sector - expect action to follow if Trump escalates the trade war



# An escalation of the trade war is more important than social media infringements

It barely makes it onto the top stories of newswires, but the comments from the party-backed newspaper "The Global Times" that China "...must take strong restrictive measures", in response to soybean dumping by the US has the potential to be a lot more meaningful than the woes of tech stocks, which seem to be taking top billing.

Coming from the media, these comments suggest that China is still trying to avoid being sucked into a trade war. But with rumours rife that Trump will announce the results of the investigation into intellectual property abuses as soon as this Friday, this may be viewed as an early retaliatory shot.

Until now, you could have made the case that the US was taking a clever approach to trade threatening much but then offering opt-outs for those willing to sign up to Trump's conditions on steel and aluminium. The rush to do so has been marked only by the EU's refusal to join the throng and their announcement that they expect to get exemptions anyway. With Korea, Brazil, Australia, Canada, and Mexico all saying they have exemptions or are aiming to get them, what started out as a global tariff, has become more and more China-focused by the day. The intellectual property rights investigation, however, screams out "China" from the very start, and together with the global ganging up on Chinese steel and aluminium, does raise the chances of a more forceful response from China, and in turn, further retaliation in kind from the US.

It could just be me, but I think this is a bit more important than some data-infringements by social media giants.

## Powell makes FOMC debut tonight - things to watch

Rather than re-hash our colleague's excellent note on the Fed - <u>First of four</u> - please read the real deal.

The abridged version of which is:

- 1. The Fed will hike 25bp tonight
- 2. Watch the dot-plot median to see if three hikes become four
- 3. Watch the words, "gradual" rate hikes, "tailwinds" from fiscal policy, "solid" growth and "robust" jobs market.

Wild-cards:

There really is only one, and that is trade. How will Chairman Jay Powell dodge criticism of Trump's trade policies, given that almost all reasonable economists would do so? One opt-out is that Powell is not an economist, so he may decline to comment. We suspect if asked, he will suggest that the Fed has it as a "watching brief". That should buy them time to figure out what is really going on.

## Day ahead

Aside from the FOMC, the UK may provide some market interest today, with forecasters expecting January wages growth to push up to 2.6% YoY from 2.5% in December. With the Bank of England also meeting this week (tomorrow) this might give them more room to talk up the prospects of rate hikes this summer - though we still struggle to see the point of hiking against a temporary inflation bump that is almost entirely currency-driven.

In Asia, there should be no automatic response to the Fed's expected tightening tonight. The one central bank that may respond tomorrow or in coming days with some tightening is the People's Bank of China, though it may do so only by 5bp.

Author

**Robert Carnell** Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific <u>robert.carnell@asia.ing.com</u>

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.