

Bundles | 13 September 2019

Good MornING Asia - 13 September 2019

All seems to be positive for the markets today with rising optimism on the US-China trade relations and accelerating global easing cycle supporting investor sentiment.

In this bundle



Asia Morning Bites

ASEAN Morning Bytes

General market tone: Risk-on. All seems to be positive for the markets today with rising optimism on the US-China trade relations and accelerating global...



Asia week ahead: Will the BoJ follow the Fed's footsteps?

Alongside the Fed and the Bank of England are policy decisions by three Asian central banks next week. The key question is will the Bank of Japan follow...

Asia Morning Bites

ASEAN Morning Bytes

General market tone: Risk-on. All seems to be positive for the markets today with rising optimism on the US-China trade relations and accelerating global easing cycle supporting investor sentiment.



EM Space: The risk rally continue on trade hopes and central bank easing.

- **General Asia:** The Trump administration preparing to offer China an interim trade deal and the ECB rolling out a stimulus package should sustain the risk-on investor sentiment. While market players may continue to bargain hunt, gains may be capped on conflicting reports on the interim trade deal. All eyes are now on the Fed's policy decision next week.
- Malaysia: Contrary to our view of a 25bp rate cut but in line with the broad consensus, the central bank (BNM) left the policy rate at 3.0%. It also maintained 4.3-4.8% growth forecast for the year with inflation continuing to be low in the rest of the year. However, the policy statement did acknowledge the persistent downside risk ahead. We maintain our view of further BNM easing this year, though with only one more meeting lift in the year we revise our end-2019 target for the policy rate to 2.75% from 2.50%.
- Indonesia: Finance Minister Mulyani indicated the need for a "better immune system" for the economy to ward off external risks. Given the current global uncertainties, the government has moved to set up a stimulus package to insulate the economy and boost investment momentum. President Jokowi recently gave his cabinet a one-month ultimatum to deliver the reform package and should this be delivered, this could increase financial

account flows and boost IDR despite Bank Indonesia rate cuts.

What to look out for: Trade developments and US retail sales

- EU trade balance (13 September)
- India trade (13 September)
- US retail sales (13 September)

Author

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Asia week ahead: Will the BoJ follow the Fed's footsteps?

Alongside the Fed and the Bank of England are policy decisions by three Asian central banks next week. The key question is will the Bank of Japan follow the Fed in cutting rates



Source: Shutterstock

The decision week for the Bank of Japan

The central bank of Japan, Taiwan, and Indonesia all meet next week on Thursday, 19 September, immediately after the US Fed's decision the same day.

Monetary easing is gaining traction in developed markets with the ECB lowering rates and restarting quantitative easing this week and the Fed cutting rates again next week. We don't think the BoJ wants to fall behind and risk further economic weakness as the continued safe-haven appreciation of the currency (JPY) dampen exports and GDP growth ahead. Japan's growth has

been anaemic and inflation is nowhere close to the BoJ's 2% target, nor is likely to get there in the distant future. Making matters worse will be the consumption tax hike looming next month. The hike may add a few points to inflation but history is a guide to how disruptive these tax hikes have been for the economy.

The evidence for a front-loaded boost to consumption and investment is looking very hard to locate, though that doesn't necessarily rule out a post-tax slump - ING Asia Chief Economist.

Taking rates deeper into the negative territory remains an option, as Governor Kuroda pointed out earlier this month, though the adverse impact on consumer sentiment through more negative returns on saving remains a policy dilemma. The recent sell-off in JGBs (less negative yields with the 10-year up from -0.28% in late August to -0.21% currently) and weaker JPY should be a relief for the BoJ but again that's a reflection of what's happened to the US Treasury yield, while the thawing US-China trade relations sapped the safe-haven demand for the JPY.

Even so, a rate cut shouldn't come as a complete surprise for the markets. What good that does to the economy will remain a question absent any effective policy tools to address the perennial problem of sub-target inflation (or is it the target that's rather unrealistic?).

Japan: Toxic trade trouble

Recent rise in JGB yields reflects rise in UST yields



Mixed expectations about BI and CBC

The other two Asian central banks meet next week may pass as non-events given our forecasts of no policy changes by them. However, the acceleration of global easing cycle tips the balance in favour of more central bank rate cuts in the region.

There is a solid consensus on Taiwan's central bank (Central Bank of China) leaving the policy on

hold. Indeed, the economy has gained some traction lately as new smartphone launches are aiding in export recovery. But, just as our Greater China expert, Iris Pang, pointed out, the uncertainty continues ahead of the 5G launch next year.

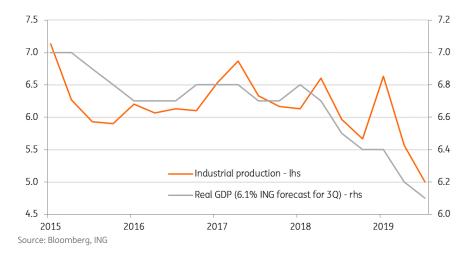
Bank Indonesia (BI) cut rates in the last two meetings in July and August. With the focus continued on the currency stability in setting the monetary policy, an opportunistic move of yet another cut at the forthcoming meeting cannot be ruled out despite latest data showing a slight uptick in inflation. The consensus appears to be split though on a 25bp rate cut and an on-hold decision.

Taiwan's industrial production surprises us all

China's remaining activity data for August

The remaining August data on industrial production, fixed-asset investment, retail sales, and new home prices will make into headlines. In fact, the average July-August industrial production growth will provide a good sense about GDP growth in the current quarter. A surprising drop in exports imparts downside risk to the consensus view of a pick-up in IP growth in the last month to 5.2% year-on-year from over a decade-low of 4.8% in July (Iris forecasts 4.5%). Our 6.1% GDP growth forecast for the current quarter is on track.

China's industrial production growth points to further GDP slowdown



Finally, has electronics downturn troughed?

The calendar is also packed with trade data releases for August from Indonesia, Singapore, and Thailand – all likely showing persistent export weakness.

Singapore's non-oil domestic exports figure will be an interesting watch for trends in the country's electronics sector, which has been underperforming its Asian counterparts. Underlying our -14.0% YoY NODX growth forecast is continued electronics weakness despite some green shoots of the sector's recovery evident elsewhere in the region (Taiwan and Malaysia). Taiwan's export orders data may provide further insight into this.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Monday 16 September			
China	0300	Aug Industrial Production (YoY%)	4.5	5.2	4.8
	0300	Aug Fixed asset investment (YTD YoY%)	5.7		5.7
	0300	Aug Retail Sales (YoY%)	7.2	8.0	7.6
India	0730	Aug WPI (YoY%)	1.2	1.0	1.1
Indonesia	0500	Aug Exports (YoY%)	-6	-	-5.1
	0500	Aug Imports (YoY%)	-8.2	-	-15.2
	0500	Aug Trade balance (US\$mn)	-527.8	-	-60.0
Philippines	-	Jul OCW remittances (YoY%)	2.6	-	-2.9
		Tuesday 17 September			
China	0300	Aug New home prices (MoM/YoY%)	0.3/10.4	-	0.6/10.1
Hong Kong	0900	Aug Unemployment rate (%)	3.1	-	2.9
Singapore	0130	Aug NODX (MoM/YoY%)	0.5/-14.0	-	3.7/-11.2
South Korea	2200	PPI (MoM/YoY%)	-	-	0.0/-0.3
		Wednesday 18 September			
Japan	1250	Exports (YoY%)	-	-	-1.6
	1250	Imports (YoY%)	-	-	-1.2
		Thursday 19 September			
Indonesia	-	BI policy decision (7-day reverse repo, %)	5.5	-	5.5
Philippines	-	Aug Balance of payments (\$m)	-580	-	248.0
Taiwan	0900	Interest Rate Decision	-	-	1.375
		Friday 20 September			
Thailand	0400	Exports (YoY%)	-4.5	-	4.3
	0400	Imports (YoY%)	-10	-	1.7
	0400	Trade balance (\$m)	862	-	110.0
Hong Kong	0900	Aug CPI (YoY%)	3.8	-	3.3
Source: ING, Blo	omberg	g, *GMT			

Click here to download a printer-friendly version of this table

Author

Alissa Lefebre

Economist

alissa.lefebre@ing.com

Deepali Bhargava

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific

Deepali.Bhargava@ing.com

Ruben Dewitte

Economist

+32495364780

ruben.dewitte@ing.com

Kinga Havasi

Economic research trainee

kinga.havasi@ing.com

Marten van Garderen

Consumer Economist, Netherlands marten.van.garderen@ing.com

David Havrlant

Chief Economist, Czech Republic 420 770 321 486 david.havrlant@ing.com

Sander Burgers

Senior Economist, Dutch Housing sander.burgers@ing.com

Lynn Song

Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Michiel Tukker

Senior European Rates Strategist michiel.tukker@ing.com

Michal Rubaszek

Senior Economist, Poland michal.rubaszek@ing.pl

This is a test author

Stefan Posea

Economist, Romania tiberiu-stefan.posea@ing.com

Marine Leleux

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Jesse Norcross

Senior Sector Strategist, Real Estate jesse.norcross@ing.com

Teise Stellema

Research Assistant, Energy Transition <u>teise.stellema@ing.com</u>

Diederik Stadig

Sector Economist, TMT & Healthcare diederik.stadig@ing.com

Diogo Gouveia

Sector Economist

diogo.duarte.vieira.de.gouveia@ing.com

Marine Leleux

Sector Strategist, Financials marine.leleux2@ing.com

Ewa Manthey

Commodities Strategist ewa.manthey@ing.com

ING Analysts

James Wilson

EM Sovereign Strategist James.wilson@ing.com

Sophie Smith

Digital Editor sophie.smith@ing.com

Frantisek Taborsky

EMEA FX & FI Strategist frantisek.taborsky@ing.com

Adam Antoniak

Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Coco Zhang

ESG Research coco.zhang@ing.com

Jan Frederik Slijkerman

Senior Sector Strategist, TMT jan.frederik.slijkerman@ing.com

Katinka Jongkind

Senior Economist, Services and Leisure Katinka.Jongkind@ing.com

Marina Le Blanc

Sector Strategist, Financials

Marina.Le.Blanc@ing.com

Samuel Abettan

Junior Economist samuel.abettan@ing.com

Franziska Biehl

Senior Economist, Germany <u>Franziska.Marie.Biehl@inq.de</u>

Rebecca Byrne

Senior Editor and Supervisory Analyst rebecca.byrne@ing.com

Mirjam Bani

Sector Economist, Commercial Real Estate & Public Sector (Netherlands) mirjam.bani@inq.com

Timothy Rahill

Credit Strategist timothy.rahill@ing.com

Leszek Kasek

Senior Economist, Poland leszek.kasek@ing.pl

Oleksiy Soroka, CFA

Senior High Yield Credit Strategist oleksiy.soroka@ing.com

Antoine Bouvet

Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Jeroen van den Broek

Global Head of Sector Research jeroen.van.den.broek@ing.com

Edse Dantuma

Senior Sector Economist, Industry and Healthcare edse.dantuma@ing.com

Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist francesco.pesole@ing.com

Rico Luman

Senior Sector Economist, Transport and Logistics

Rico.Luman@ing.com

Jurjen Witteveen

Sector Economist jurjen.witteveen@ing.com

Dmitry Dolgin

Chief Economist, CIS dmitry.dolgin@ing.de

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Egor Fedorov

Senior Credit Analyst egor.fedorov@ing.com

Sebastian Franke

Consumer Economist sebastian.franke@ing.de

Gerben Hieminga

Senior Sector Economist, Energy gerben.hieminga@ing.com

Nadège Tillier

Head of Corporates Sector Strategy nadege.tillier@ing.com

Charlotte de Montpellier

Senior Economist, France and Switzerland charlotte.de.montpellier@ing.com

Laura Straeter

Behavioural Scientist +31(0)611172684 laura.Straeter@ing.com

Valentin Tataru

Chief Economist, Romania valentin.tataru@ing.com

James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

Suvi Platerink Kosonen

Senior Sector Strategist, Financials suvi.platerink-kosonen@ing.com

Thijs Geijer

Senior Sector Economist, Food & Agri thijs.geijer@ing.com

Maurice van Sante

Senior Economist Construction & Team Lead Sectors maurice.van.sante@inq.com

Marcel Klok

Senior Economist, Netherlands marcel.klok@ing.com

Piotr Poplawski

Senior Economist, Poland piotr.poplawski@ing.pl

Paolo Pizzoli

Senior Economist, Italy, Greece paolo.pizzoli@ing.com

Marieke Blom

Chief Economist and Global Head of Research marieke.blom@ing.com

Raoul Leering

Senior Macro Economist raoul.leering@ing.com

Maarten Leen

Head of Global IFRS9 ME Scenarios maarten.leen@ing.com

Maureen Schuller

Head of Financials Sector Strategy <u>Maureen.Schuller@ing.com</u>

Warren Patterson

Head of Commodities Strategy Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Rafal Benecki

Chief Economist, Poland rafal.benecki@ing.pl

Philippe Ledent

Senior Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg philippe.ledent@ing.com

Peter Virovacz

Senior Economist, Hungary peter.virovacz@ing.com

Inga Fechner

Senior Economist, Germany, Global Trade inqa.fechner@inq.de

Dimitry Fleming

Senior Data Analyst, Netherlands Dimitry.Fleming@ing.com

Ciprian Dascalu

Chief Economist, Romania +40 31 406 8990 <u>ciprian.dascalu@ing.com</u>

Muhammet Mercan

Chief Economist, Turkey muhammet.mercan@inqbank.com.tr

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Sophie Freeman

Writer, Group Research +44 20 7767 6209 Sophie.Freeman@uk.ing.com

Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

Tim Condon

Asia Chief Economist +65 6232-6020

Martin van Vliet

Senior Interest Rate Strategist +31 20 563 8801

martin.van.vliet@ing.com

Karol Pogorzelski

Senior Economist, Poland Karol.Pogorzelski@ing.pl

Carsten Brzeski

Global Head of Macro carsten.brzeski@inq.de

Viraj Patel

Foreign Exchange Strategist +44 20 7767 6405 viraj.patel@ing.com

Owen Thomas

Global Head of Editorial Content +44 (0) 207 767 5331 owen.thomas@ing.com

Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@inq.com

Peter Vanden Houte

Chief Economist, Belgium, Luxembourg, Eurozone peter.vandenhoute@ing.com

Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Chris Turner

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE chris.turner@ing.com

Gustavo Rangel

Chief Economist, LATAM +1 646 424 6464 gustavo.rangel@ing.com

Carlo Cocuzzo

Economist, Digital Finance +44 20 7767 5306 carlo.cocuzzo@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.