

Good MornING Asia - 10 September 2020

As corrections go, the one just passed promised a lot and delivered very little. Was this all that was needed to breathe fresh life into tech stocks?

In this bundle



Normal service resumes

As corrections go, the one just passed promised a lot and delivered very little. Was this all that was needed to breathe fresh life into tech stocks?

By Robert Carnell



Asia Morning Bites

ASEAN Morning Bytes

Asian markets could bounce back after US markets recover overnight ahead of today's ECB meeting

Opinion | 10 September 2020

Normal service resumes

As corrections go, the one just passed promised a lot and delivered very little. Was this all that was needed to breathe fresh life into tech stocks?



Source: Apple

Back to normal

If you'd taken a short staycation this week, and came back to work next Monday, you might be forgiven for thinking that nothing much had happened in the intervening period.

Much of yesterday's NASDAQ and S&P500 sell-off has been reversed overnight. Stock futures suggest more to come today. By close tomorrow, we may only be down slightly on the week.

The dollar has resumed its weakening, and this, in spite of today's ECB meeting, where rumours are circulating about a stronger GDP outlook. [Here's an updated ECB outlook from our Head of Macro, Carsten Brzeski.](#)

Asian FX is also strengthening again, with the notable exception of the MYR, which normally, I would say would show a bit more resilience today as oil has taken some solace from the dollar's decline, and nudged higher (front-month Brent futures back above \$40 as I look right now). That said, with BNM likely to cut policy rates by 25bp today, the MYR may again buck the local trend and stay soft.

The AUD and NZD are busy retracing earlier falls. Shame, they both felt as if they could do with

going a bit further. And the JPY is showing no signs of safe haven appreciation today and is back up over USD/JPY106.

Again, the cross-asset correlation is not dramatic, but there is a slight increase in US 10Y Treasury yields of about 2bp alongside the stock moves, suggesting that this whole move has been largely a stock phenomenon - with only minimal collateral damage across other markets. Gold is climbing again.

As far as the rest of the week is concerned, it's very hard to say, but I'd be wary of looking for another direction change for a while - though perhaps if buying fervour is still a bit limp, it may be more of a range-trade than before.

Day ahead

As mentioned, Bank Negara Malaysia is looking at its monetary stance today, here's what Prakash Sakpal thinks, "Bank Negara Malaysia's (BNM) policy decision will be out at 3 pm local time. The consensus is split on a '25bp rate cut' and an 'on-hold policy' outcome. We are in the 'rate cut' camp. Unlike most Asian central banks whose rate policies have almost reached their easing limit, BNM still has some room ease further. And, there is a strong case for it to do so today, as we explained in our [policy preview note](#) published on Monday. Markets have also have priced in a rate cut, judging from the more than 20bp decline in 10-year local currency bond yields since the last BNM meeting in early July".

Author

Robert Carnell

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific

robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

ASEAN Morning Bytes

Asian markets could bounce back after US markets recover overnight ahead of today's ECB meeting



EM Space: Investors will take their cue from ECB meeting and US initial jobless claims

- **General Asia:** Sentiment in Asia may track US moves overnight with technology stocks rebounding after trading lower for most of the week. Market players will digest political developments in the US as Donald Trump brushes aside accusations that he deliberately concealed the severity of Covid-19. Investors will be monitoring Malaysia's policy meeting and take additional cues from US initial jobless claims report and the ECB meeting later on Thursday.
- **Thailand:** Released yesterday, the Consumer Confidence Index for August improved slightly to 51.0 from 50.1 in July. It's still well below the pre-Covid level of 67.3 in January. Private consumption was a key spending-side drag on GDP in 2Q. It remains so in the current quarter. As the Bank of Thailand's monetary easing has almost run its course, outgoing governor Veerathai Santiprabhob has urged more fiscal policy accommodation to revive growth. While we don't see any more policy support forthcoming, rising political uncertainty will continue to hinder confidence and any prospective economic recovery.
- **Malaysia:** Bank Negara Malaysia's (BNM) policy decision will be out at 3 pm local time. The consensus is split on a '25bp rate cut' and an 'on-hold policy' outcome. We are in the 'rate cut' camp. Unlike most Asian central banks whose rate policies have almost reached their

easing limit, BNM still has some room ease further. And, there is a strong case for it to do so today, as we explained in our [policy preview note](#) published on Monday. Markets have also have priced in a rate cut, judging from the more than 20bp decline in 10-year local currency bond yields since the last BNM meeting in early July.

- **Philippines:** Philippine trade data will be reported later on Thursday with both exports and imports expected to remain in deep contraction. The trade gap will likely tighten as imports drop faster than the weakness in exports, one of the key reasons for the Peso's outperformance in 2020. Although a boon to PHP, the freefall in imports will also likely mean that potential output for the economy will be handicapped going into 2021, one other reason we do not expect a quick turnaround from the recession with our GDP forecast to remain in the red until 1Q 2021.
- **Philippines:** Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) will be issuing its own securities starting 18 September as it broadens its liquidity management toolkit. The BSP bonds will issue Php20 bn worth of 28-day bills on a weekly basis and will likely issue longer-dated securities should the central bank want to mop up more liquidity. The maiden issuance will not likely affect local bond yields just yet given that excess liquidity is at roughly Php1.4 trillion but we do expect the additional policy tool to be utilized when BSP begins normalizing policy operations.

What to look out for: ECB meeting and Covid-19 developments

- Philippines trade (10 September)
- Thailand consumer confidence (10 September)
- Malaysia BNM policy meeting (10 September)
- ECB policy meeting (10 September)
- US PPI inflation and initial jobless claims (10 September)
- Malaysia industrial production (11 September)
- US CPI inflation (11 September)

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <http://www.ing.com>.