

Article | 17 July 2019

US: A positive outlook despite softer housing figures

US housing starts and building permits were weaker than expected in June, but consumer fundamentals are in good shape and plummeting mortgage rates are stimulating demand, offering hope for a turnaround



House construction in Orleans, France

Soft June for housing

June US housing starts – the number of new residential construction projects started – have come in a little softer than expected. 1253k projects got underway last month, 0.9% down on May, versus the consensus forecast of 1260k. Building permits were down 6.1% month on month, leaving them at their weakest level since May 2017.

The details show the weakness in both housing starts and building permits was caused by a drop in apartment building appetite (multifamily units saw starts fall 9.2% and permits slump 16.8%). Single family units actually rose for both indicators (+3.5% MoM for starts, +0.4% for permits).

Article | 17 July 2019

Building permits and housing starts both fall (000s)



The sector has faced headwinds

The sector has been facing significant headwinds. Material costs have been rising and there is the obvious exposure to trade tensions given imports of timber and metal. There has also been plenty of commentary around the lack of available lots while the Fed's Beige Book (latest issue to be published later today) has talked of a lack of labour in the sector despite strong hiring – construction payrolls rose 21,000 in June. This was something that was also picked up on by Federal Reserve Chairman Jerome Powell in recent testimony.

Lower borrowing costs are stimulating home buyer interest



Reasons for optimism on housing

Nonetheless, we remain upbeat on the prospects for US housing. After all, the consumer is in great shape with employment at record levels, wages rising strongly in real terms and confidence remaining firm. Importantly, mortgage rates have plummeted in the wake of the plunge in Treasury yields. The average 30-year fixed rate mortgage is down at 4.04% versus a peak of close to 5.2% back in November. This is making housing more "affordable" despite the strength of home prices. Mortgage approvals for house purchases are looking quite strong as can be seen in the

Article | 17 July 2019

chart above, which should translate into housing demand in the coming months. The NAHB (National Association of Home Builders) index for July also improved, which suggests that like us, builders are hopeful of a turnaround.

Author

James Knightley
Chief International Economist, US
james.knightley@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Article | 17 July 2019 3