

Article | 25 October 2024

# THINK Ahead: Look at all this on the horizon!

Impress your friends with your knowledge of key events around the world next week. You don't get James Smith's take this time, as he's sunning himself somewhere lovely...



We would love to think this is James Smith on his holiday

## THINK Ahead in developed markets

United States (James Knightley)

- Given the backdrop of 3% growth, low unemployment, equity markets at all-time highs, and inflation still above 2%, you could be forgiven for questioning why the Fed cut rates 50bp and why the market expects the Fed to cut rates down to 3%. Those questions could intensify over the coming week.
- **GDP (Wed):** Resilient consumer spending should power a second consecutive 3% GDP print next week. High-income households are going from strength to strength, but lower-income households are feeling more pain as inflation's legacy hurts spending power much more. Residential construction should also be a bit of a drag, while business capex looks to be running fairly weak.
- Core PCE deflator (Thu): Core CPI rose 0.3%MoM in September and the market is split as to whether we will get a 0.2% or a 0.3% reading for the Fed's favoured core PCE deflator measure of inflation. Based on the inputs from CPI and PPI, the general sense is that we will get something around 0.24-0.26%MoM. 0.3% would obviously be visually less palatable and

- would keep the YoY rate up at 2.6%. Muted MoM prints from October to December last year mean, at best, we are likely to see the annual inflation rate end the year in a similar place.
- Jobs report (Fri): After last month's sizeable 254k increase, the consensus is looking for a weaker outcome this time around. The weather will play a part, with hurricanes in the South East impacting workers' ability to get to their place of employment. Likewise, the strikes at Boeing will weigh on the payroll number, with likely knock-on effects on suppliers. Consequently, we see the risk of a slight downside miss to the consensus. We forecast a 100k increase with the unemployment rate ticking up to 4.2%. Wage growth should also be more muted after a surprise 0.4%MoM jump in September.

## **United Kingdom** (James Smith)

• **Budget (Wed):** Chancellor Rachel Reeves has little choice but to increase day-to-day spending on government departments. That inevitably means higher taxes, potentially centred on employers. Higher investment is coming toom, but we expect this boost to be more modest as the Treasury seeks to avoid a steep increase in borrowing that might unsettle markets.

# THINK Ahead for Central and Eastern Europe

## **Poland** (Adam Antoniak)

• Flash CPI (Thu): We forecast that CPI inflation increased further in October amid higher annual growth in fuel prices (low base from October 2023) and a continued rebound in food prices. At the same time, core inflation remains elevated (above 4%YoY). Rising inflation is the key factor preventing the NBP from starting the monetary easing cycle.

## Hungary (Peter Virovacz)

• GDP (Wed): According to our short-term forecast, the Hungarian economy is experiencing another technical recession, following a previous one in late 2022-early 2023. The economic challenges are mainly attributed to the negative impact of agriculture due to a high prioryear base and adverse weather conditions this year, coupled with declining output in industry and construction in 3Q24. If we are right, this will lead to significant downward revisions to growth forecasts for 2024 and 2025.

# Key events in developed markets next week

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Prev.
	Monday 28 October	_	
US	1430 Oct Dallas Fed Manufacturing Index	-7	-9
Spain	0800 Sep Retail Sales (YoY%)	-	2.3
	Tuesday 29 October	0.0.15.0	0.7/5.0
US	1300 Aug Case-Shiller 20 (MoM%/YoY%)	0,2/5,0	0.3/5.9
	1400 Sep JOLTs Job Openings (mn)	8	8.04
	1400 Oct Consumer Confidence	99.5	98.7
Germany	0700 Nov GfK Consumer Sentiment	-20	-21.2
Sweden	0700 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.4/0.9	-0.3/0.5
LIC	Wednesday 30 October	44.5	417
US	1215 Oct ADP National Employment	115	143
6	1230 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%)	3.0	3.0
Germany	0855 Oct Unemployment Rate	6.1	6
	0900 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	-0.2/-0.5	-0.1/0.3
F	1300 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	0.1/1.8	0/1.6
France	0630 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	-/-	0.2/1
UK	1230 Autumn Budget 2024	07/00	- 0.2/0.0
Italy	0900 Q3 GDP Prelim (QoQ%/YoY%)	0,3/0,8	0.2/0.9
Spain	0800 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	-/-	0.8/3.1
_	0800 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	-0.6/1.5
Eurozone	1000 Q3 GDP Flash Prelim (QoQ%/YoY%)	-/-	0.2/0.6
	1000 Oct Business Climate	-	-0.76
	1000 Oct Economic Sentiment	-	96.2
	1000 Oct Consumer Confidence Final	-	
LIC	Thursday 31 October	0.4	0.2
US	1230 Sep Personal Income (MoM%)	0.4	0.2
	1230 Sep Personal Spending (MoM%)	0.4	0.2
	1230 Sep Core PCE Price Index (MoM%)	0.3	0.1
	1230 3Q Employment Cost Index (QoQ%)	0.9	0.9
6	1345 Oct Chicago PMI	47.5	46.6
Germany	0700 Sep Retail Sales (MoM%/YoY%)	-1/1.2	1.6/2.1
France	0745 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	-1.3/1.1
Italy	0900 Sep Unemployment Rate	6.3	6.2
- 1	1000 Oct HICP (MoM%/YoY%)	0,2/0,9	1.2/0.7
Canada	1230 Sep GDP (MoM%)	-	0
Portugal	0930 Oct CPI (YoY%)	-	2.1
Eurozone	1000 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	-0.1/1.7
	1000 Oct Core CPI (YoY%)	-	2.7
	1000 Sep Unemployment Rate	-	6.4
	Friday 1 November	400	25/
US	1230 Oct Non-Farm Payrolls (000s)	100	254
	1230 Oct Private Payrolls (000s)	90	223
	1230 Oct Unemployment Rate	4.2	4.1
	1400 Oct ISM Manufacturing PMI	48.0	47.2
1.117	1400 Oct ISM Manufacturing Prices Paid	48.0	48.3
UK	0930 Oct S&P Global/CIPS Manufacturing PMI Final	- /0 5	51.5
Italy	0845 Oct S&P Global/IHS Manufacturing PMI	48.5	48.3
Switzerland	0730 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	-0.3/0.8
Source: Refinitiv, ING			

## Key events in EMEA next week

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Prev.
	Wednesday 30 October		
Russia	1600 Sep Retail Sales (YoY%)	6.1	5.1
	1600 Sep Unemployment Rate	2.4	2.4
	1600 Sep GDP (YoY%)	1.4	2.4
Turkey	1100 Sep Bank NPL Ratio	-	1.69
Czech Rep	0800 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.5/1.6	0.4/0.6
Hungary	0730 Q3 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%)	-0.4/0.1	-0.2/1.5
	Thursday 31 October		
Turkey	0700 Sep Trade Balance Final (USD bn)	-5.1	-5
Poland	0900 Oct CPI (MoM%/YoY%)	0.5/5.1	0.1/4.9
Hungary	0730 Aug Trade Balance Final (EUR mn)	671	671
Ukraine	1100 Interest Rate Decision	-	13.00
	Friday 1 November		
Russia	0600 Oct S&P Global Manufacturing PMI	-	49.5
Turkey	0700 Oct Manufacturing PMI	-	44.3
Czech Rep	0830 Oct S&P Global PMI	-	46
	1200 Oct Budget Balance	-	-181.7
Source: Refinitiv, ING			

## Author

## James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US <u>james.knightley@ing.com</u>

#### **James Smith**

Developed Markets Economist, UK james.smith@ing.com

## **Adam Antoniak**

Senior Economist, Poland adam.antoniak@ing.pl

## Peter Virovacz

Senior Economist, Hungary <a href="mailto:peter.virovacz@ing.com">peter.virovacz@ing.com</a>

### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial

Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <a href="www.ing.com">www.ing.com</a>.