Commodities daily



Article | 31 July 2024

The Commodities Feed: Tensions build in the Middle East

Crude oil traded higher this morning on rising geopolitical conflicts in the Middle East. A constructive API report also further helped to lift sentiment in the oil market



Source: Shutterstock

Energy – Oil risk premium rises

Oil prices rebounded sharply in the early trading session today with the ICE Brent front-month contract trading above US\$80/bbl as tensions in the Middle East escalated following reports that Hamas chief Ismail Haniyeh has been assassinated in Iran. The details are still emerging from Iran with the market allocating a higher risk premium for oil. Meanwhile, a bullish inventory report by API further supported the oil market.

The API reported overnight that US crude oil inventories fell by 4.5m barrels, compared to the market expectations for a draw of just 0.8m barrels. Crude stockpiles at Cushing decreased by 929k barrels. Meanwhile, the products also saw withdrawals with gasoline and distillate stocks falling by 1.92m barrels and 322k barrels, respectively. The more widely followed EIA inventory report will be released later today.

Article | 31 July 2024

Recent reports suggest that Nigeria's government has agreed to sell crude oil to the Dangote Petroleum Refinery in Naira, in its effort to relieve pressure on the country's foreign exchange reserves and stabilise domestic fuel prices. The latest decision mandates the sale of 445k bbls/d of crude assigned for domestic use only. The refinery will also receive increased domestic crude supply as the Nigerian Upstream Petroleum Regulatory Commission (NUPRC) mandates the sale of crude to local refineries by major oil producers before considering overseas export options. It is reported that the refinery will have a total capacity of 650k bbls/d once fully operational, which would be enough to meet Nigeria's entire petrol demand.

Metals - Further Chinese support measures

At the recent Politburo meeting in China, officials pledged to roll out more support measures for the economy, focusing more on boosting consumer spending. However, the meeting somewhat downplayed market hopes for more support for the advanced industrial sectors, while the market still needs to see what actual policies the government announces. Meanwhile, signs of a stable manufacturing sector in China further supported the metals complex with prices of all industrial metals trading higher this morning.

In precious metals, gold edged higher for a second consecutive session with prices trading well above \$2,400/oz this morning on renewed tensions in the Middle East. Meanwhile, market participants remain optimistic about the upcoming Federal Reserve meeting in which officials could move closer to lowering interest rates.

The latest LME COTR report shows that investors decreased their net bullish position for copper by 5,760 lots to 65,467 lots (the lowest since the week ending 9 February 2024) for the week ending 26 July. This is the third consecutive week of decreases amid a weakening outlook for demand in China. A similar move has been seen in aluminium, with speculators decreasing their net bullish bets by 10,400 lots for four consecutive weeks to 99,494 lots over the last reporting week. This was the lowest level since the week ending on 8 December 2023. For zinc, money managers decreased net bullish bets by 6,686 lots for a third straight week to 20,908 lots as of last Friday.

Agriculture - India sugar production to fall 2% YoY in 2024/25

The first advance estimates from the Indian Sugar Mills Association (ISMA) show that gross sugar production (including sugar diverted for ethanol production) in India could fall to around 33.3mt in 2024/25 compared to around 34mt in 2023/24. The total acreage under sugarcane is expected to be around 5.61m hectares in 2024/25. Sugar allocation for ethanol production won't be disturbed as the nation will have enough sugar supplies in the next season. Meanwhile, sugar consumption is expected to average around 29mt for the period mentioned above, while sugar opening stocks in India at the start of 2024/25 are seen at 9.1mt.

Weekly data from the European Commission shows that the EU's soft-wheat exports for the 2024/25 season stood at 1.9mt as of 28 July, down 38% compared to 3mt reported a year ago. The decline in exports was largely driven by France's crop harvest, which has been impacted by rain and storms. The major destinations for these shipments were Nigeria, Morocco, and Egypt. In contrast, the commission added that the bloc's corn imports stood at 1.74mt, up 31% YoY.

Article | 31 July 2024 2

Authors

Ewa MantheyCommodities Strategist ewa.manthey@ing.com

Warren Patterson
Head of Commodities Strategy
Warren.Patterson@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Article | 31 July 2024 3