Article | 11 May 2023

Rates Spark

Rates Spark: Hawkish white noise

Today's BoE hike is likely to be the last, but we're not sure markets will listen to its message as the Bank keeps its options open. Markets appear to have been ignoring repeated hawkish ECB warnings to focus instead on US disinflation



The recent Gilt underperformance will eventually reverse but the BoE won't be the catalyst for it

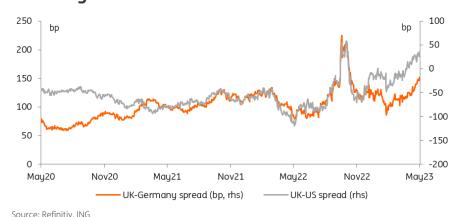
Our expectation for today's Bank of England (BoE) meeting, a 25bp hike, is shared by 47 out of the 48 survey respondents who participated in Bloomberg's survey. It is harder to judge if we're also in the majority in expecting no major change in policy guidance, effectively keeping the door open to more hikes if necessary. In the event, we think this will be the last in this cycle. The Bank sounds satisfied that enough tightening has been implemented and that its delayed effect will ensure (with an assist from base effects and a drop in energy prices in particular) inflation returning to its 2% target.

The focus will be on the BoE's forecasts and on its qualitative assessment

Article | 11 May 2023

As usual when meetings come with an update of the monetary policy report and with a press conference, the focus will be on forecasts and on the Bank's qualitative assessment. Here we think its predictions will be consistent with no more hikes, a slowing economy, and inflation returning to target within the forecast horizon, although a hawkish risk clearly stems from a more resilient economy. Markets have made their own mind up, pricing up to two more 25bp hikes in this cycle after today's and driving a marked underperformance of Gilts against Bund and Treasuries. This will reverse in time, but the move occurred without the BoE's encouragement, and it likely won't be the BoE who helps it reverse.

Gilts underperformed Bund and Treasuries into today's BoE meeting



Markets shrug off ECB hawks and focus on US disinflation

Away from the UK, the barrage of hawkish European Central Bank (ECB) comments continues with Bloomberg quoting internal sources as saying a September hike cannot be excluded. Unsurprisingly, this anonymous briefing failed to move market expectations, and rightly so. There are four months' worth of data until then, and two updates of the ECB's forecast, so what the hawkish wing of the Governing Council thinks in May of policy decisions in September is heavily discounted by the market. This is to say nothing of the already heavy hawkish briefing that took place since the May meeting, which markets are increasingly dismissing as white noise. In the same vein, the bar for Isabel Schnabel to push front-end EUR rates today is high.

A further slowdown in today's annual PPI measures should reinforce that disinflation narrative

Instead the focus remains very much on US inflation data, and markets assume a strong read-across to European policy rates. <u>Yesterday's CPI report showed a slowdown in key core inflation components</u> watched by the Fed. This caught many off guard after months of too slow progress on that front. Predictably, the curve's knee-jerk reaction is to bull-steepen with almost three cuts priced by the December 2023 meeting, and a fourth one by end-January. A further slowdown in today's annual PPI measures should reinforce that narrative.

Article | 11 May 2023

Curve steepening impetus is modest so far, and mostly found in the US



Source: Refinitiv, ING

Today's events and market view

Most of the action in the European morning will consist of Italian auctions in the 3Y/7Y/20Y sectors. The US Treasury will add to that in the afternoon, with a 30Y T-bond auction.

The BoE meets today. A majority of economists, including our own, expect a 25bp hike. We think this will be the final one in this cycle but the Bank is likely to keep its options open in case of another upside surprise in wage or inflation in subsequent months. This meeting will feature an update of the BoE's forecasts in its monetary policy report, as well as a press conference.

The US data calendar features jobless claims and PPI. The latter may well reinforce the impression given by yesterday's CPI report, that disinflation is on its way.

Author

Antoine Bouvet

Head of European Rates Strategy antoine.bouvet@ing.com

Benjamin Schroeder

Senior Rates Strategist benjamin.schroder@ing.com

Padhraic Garvey, CFA

Regional Head of Research, Americas padhraic.garvey@ing.com

Article | 11 May 2023

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies).* The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Article | 11 May 2023 4