

Poland

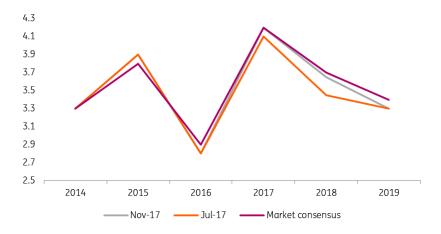
## Poland: A cautious MPC is in no hurry to hike rates

The post-meeting statement suggests the Council majority is confident that the current level of rates is appropriate for now; the MPC sees investment recovery but underlines fading wage pressures



Poland's Monetary Policy Committee left rates flat as was widely anticipated, but investors expect the Council to turn more hawkish following strong GDP and CPI figures. Both the post-meeting statement and later comments from MPC members suggest the Council sees risks to price stability as very limited. Particularly a statement from centrist R.Sura suggests he is unwilling to support a hike anytime soon. Chairman A.Glapiński even added that the data hardened his hike-averse stance and repeated he expects no hikes before 2019.

So a neutral stance has been reinforced. The post-meeting comments underline that GDP growth is likely to moderate in the medium to long run. According to NBP estimates, investments excluding mining rose by 6.9%YoY in 3Q17 as public outlays improved. The Chairman underlined that wage pressures faded lately (as unit labour costs decreased), while PLN appreciation already resulted in a significant monetary condition tightening. Also, the Council acknowledges the recent rise in CPI was largely driven by above-seasonal food prices.



## GDP - NBP projections vs market consensus

Consistently, we see only four members (E.Gatnar, Ł.Hardt, K.Zubelewicz and J.Osiatynski) who seem ready to deliver monetary tightening somewhere in 2018. Passing a hike against the Chairman would require the support of two out of three Council centrists (J.Kropiwnicki, G.Ancyparowicz and R.Sura). The recent comments of both G.Ancyparowicz and R.Sura suggest that is less likely to happen. We stick to our call for a first hike in 4Q18, and odds of an earlier hike have decreased.

The MPC decided to cut interest rates on mandatory reserves (from 1.35% to 0.5%), which is a limited burden for commercial banks and should boosts NBP profit marginally by PLN0.4bn (out of PLN9.2bn, an extraordinary high profit reached last year).



## CPI - NBP projections vs market consensus

Author

**Piotr Poplawski** Senior Economist, Poland <u>piotr.poplawski@ing.pl</u>

## Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.