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Key events in EMEA next week

Growth and inflation data dominate the economic calendar across the EMEA region next week



Inflation in Turkey may fall further in the near term

✓ Hungary: Hints of widespread growth to signal further price pressure for 2022

Next week's data should give us a sense of how the Hungarian economy started the year. We expect a strong performance within industry, based on soft indicators like the PMI. A deceleration in retail is possible, given people were waiting for the price caps to kick in. Consumers probably also held back spending while waiting for February's big government transfers.

We'll also get more detail on what drove the surprisingly strong fourth-quarter performance. We suspect it will confirm that this wasn't a one-off and represents widespread growth, and this could mean that there's further demand-driven price pressure in the pipeline for this year.

✓ Turkey: Inflation set to rise further while GDP points to further strong activity

Annual inflation likely maintained its upward trend, hitting 51% in February from 48.7% in January. This is linked to the ongoing impact of FX pass-through, higher energy prices and deteriorating expectations.

In terms of fourth-quarter GDP data, other indicators hint at continued strong activity for the following reasons:

- 1. The capacity utilization rate reached the highest level since 2017 on a seasonally-adjusted basis
- 2. The PMI remained in expansionary territory, despite a moderation in comparison to the third quarter
- 3. Economic confidence was still strong, even though we saw a decline in the final quarter of 2021 given the financial volatility
- 4. Continuing growth in retail sales.

Accordingly, 4Q21 growth will likely be in the 9.0-9.5% range, pulling 2021 growth to 11%.

EMEA Economic Calendar

| Country | Time Data/event | ING | Survey | Prev. |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------|-----------|
| | Monday 28 February | | | |
| Russia | - Jan GDP (YoY%) Monthly | - | | 4.3 |
| Turkey | 700 Q4 GDP Quarterly (YoY%) | 9.3 | 9.0 | 7.4 |
| | 0700 Jan Trade Balance | - | | -6.8 |
| Poland | 0900 Q4 GDP (QoQ%/YoY%) | -/- | | 1.7/7.3 |
| South Africa | 0600 Jan M3 Money Supply (YoY%) | - | | 5.7 |
| | 0600 Jan Private Sector Credit Ext. | - | 2.8 | 2.6 |
| | 1200 Jan Trade Bal (Incl. Region) | - | | 30.1 |
| Mexico | 1200 Jan Jobless Rate | - | | 3.5 |
| | Tuesday 1 March | | | |
| Russia | 0600 Feb Markit Manufacturing PMI | - | | 51.8 |
| Turkey | 700 Feb Manufacturing PMI | - | | 50.5 |
| | 1100 Jan Bank NPL Ratio | - | | 3.2 |
| Poland | 0800 Feb Markit Manufacturing PMI | - | | 54.5 |
| Czech Rep | 0800 Q4 Final GDP (QoQ%/YoY%) | - | | 0.9/3.6 |
| | 0830 Feb Markit PMI | - | | 59.0 |
| | 1300 Feb Budget Balance | - | | 3.9 |
| Hungary | 0800 Feb Manufacturing PMI | 56.1 | | 50.7 |
| Mexico | 1530 Feb Markit Manufacturing PMI | - | | 46.1 |
| | Wednesday 2 March | | | |
| Russia | 1600 Jan Retail Sales (YoY%) | - | | 5.4 |
| | 1600 Jan Unemployment Rate | - | | 4.3 |
| Hungary | 0800 Q4 GDP Final (YoY%) | 7.2 | | 7.2 |
| | Thursday 3 March | | | |
| Russia | 0600 Feb Markit Services PMI | - | | 49.8 |
| Turkey | 700 Feb CPI (MoM%/YoY%) | 2.5/51.0 | | 11.1/48.7 |
| Hungary | 0800 Jan Retail Sales (YoY%) | 4.5 | | 6.2 |
| | 0800 Dec Trade Balance Final | 187.0 | | 187.0 |
| Ukraine | 1200 Central bank interest rate | - | | 10.00 |
| South Africa | 0900 Q4 Current Account | - | | 226.4 |
| Brazil | 1300 Feb Markit Mfg PMI | - | | 47.8 |
| | Friday 4 March | | | |
| Hungary | 0800 Jan Industrial Output (YoY%) | 7.5 | | 5.8 |
| Brazil | 0800 Feb IPC-Fipe Inflation Index | - | | 0.74 |
| | 1200 Q4 GDP (QoQ%/YoY%) | -/- | | -0.1/4 |

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