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# Key events in EMEA and Latam

Next week will see three central bank meetings in EMEA/Latam. While we expect the Hungarian and the Czech central bank to stay on hold, the latter will have to face an unpleasant dilemma between higher inflation and weakening activity



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## Czech National Bank facing an unpleasant dilemma

The Czech national bank will have to deal with an unpleasant dilemma next Wednesday, as foreign uncertainty persists and weakening activity is becoming more visible in the domestic economy, while inflation hit the upper tolerance band in November. But inflation above the 3% border should be relatively short-lived, as current estimates suggest.

Also, some tightening was delivered by the koruna, which was stronger than the central bank expected by around 0.5% in 4Q19 (EUR/CZK 25.6 vs. 25.7).

We believe that an on-hold decision is more likely next week, which also reflects the latest public statements from some Board members, though two hands for a hike should remain in place like last time.

## Hungary: Hardly any change in the monetary setup for the last meeting

Taking into consideration the latest GDP and CPI figures, we hardly see any major change in the monetary policy setup by the National Bank of Hungary at its latest meeting in 2019. The only change we can see is a small adjustment to the targeted amount of crowded out liquidity. The central bank might cut it back (again) to the HUF 200-400bn range, which will provide an opportunity to phase out some FX swaps and push 3-m Bubor a touch higher, back to the 20-25bp range.

As we expect the NBH to review the 2020 GDP forecast for an upward revision, the risk assessment is subject to change. So far, the NBH has signalled asymmetric risk to inflation as downside risks strengthened. With a stronger-than-anticipated domestic GDP growth, the central bank might point out that the balance of risks has now shifted back to symmetric.

## Poland: Focus on labour market data

We expect both employment and wages to stabilise in the enterprise sector in November. The next impulse for the labour market is expected in January due to an increase in the minimum wage by 15.6% year-on-year. This decision should result in an increase in average wage by 1.5 percentage points. The impact on employment is ambiguous – change of dynamics in January will be rather related to a rebalancing of the surveyed firms.

The changes in dynamics in industrial production and retail sales should be moderate after seasonal and working day adjustment. So far, there is no evidence of a further slowdown in the case of both aggregates.

#### EMEA and Latam Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
largal	1670	Sunday 15 December	,	0.7/0./	0.670.6
Israel	1030	Nov CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-0.3/0.4	0.4/0.4
Russia	1700	Monday 16 December  Nov Industrial Production (YoY%)	2.5	2.6	2.6
Turkey		Sep Unemployment Rate (%)	2.5	2.0	14.02
Poland		Oct C/A (€mn)	442	250	171
Polaria		Oct Trade Balance (€mn)	587	364	468
		Oct Exports (€mn)	21569		19279
		Oct Imports (€mn)	20982	21227	18811
		Nov Core Inflation (YoY%)	2.5	2.5	2.4
Czech Rep		Nov PPI (Industrial) (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-0.3/0.9
сгесткер		Oct C/A (CZKbn)	-/-	-/-	7.66
Romania	0300	Oct C/A YTD (€m)	-	_	-8103
Bulgaria	0900	Nov CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	0.8/2.4
Bulguriu	0300	Tuesday 17 December	-/-	-/-	0.0/2.4
Russia	1300	Nov PPI (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	0/-5.8	-0.2/-4.9
Hungary		Policy Rate (%)	0.90	- 0/-3.8	0.9
Truligurg		Overnight Deposit Rate (%)	-0.05		-0.05
South Africa		Oct Leading Indicator	-0.05	_	103.2
30dtii Airica	0700	Wednesday 18 December			103.2
Russia	1300	Oct Real wages (YoY%)	4.1	3.4	3.1
Russiu		Nov Retail Sales (YoY%)	1	1.4	1.6
Poland		Nov Avg Gross Wages (YoY%)	6.0	5.9	5.9
roturia		Nov Employment (YoY%)	2.5	2.5	2.5
Czech Rep		Repo Rate	2.00		2.00
Israel	-	Dec 12Mth Inflation Forecast (%)	2.00	_	1.1
isidet		Thursday 19 December			1.1
Poland	0900	Nov Industrial Output (YoY%)	0.9	0.9	3.5
roturia		Nov PPI (YoY%)	0.2	0.3	-0.1
		National Bank of Poland Publishes Min			
Ukraine	-	3Q F GDP (YoY%)	-	-	4.2
Brazil		Central Bank Q4 Inflation Report			7.2
Mexico		Overnight Rate	7.25	7.25	7.5
Мехісо	1300	Friday 20 December	1.25	7.25	7.5
Poland	0900	Nov Retail Sales (YoY%)	5.3	-/-	5.4
rotaria	-	Nov Budget Level (YTD)	-	, -	-3192.1
Serbia	_	Oct C/A (€mn)	_	_	-164.7
Croatia	1000	Nov Unemployment Rate (%)	_	_	7.2
Crodita		Oct Real Wages (YoY%)	_	_	3.2
South Africa		Nov National Budget Balance (ZARbn)	_	_	-42.34
Brazil		Nov C/A Balance (\$mn)	-6000	_	-7874
Mexico		Oct Retail Sales (YoY%)	2.2	_	2.4
Hungary		3Q C/A (€mn)	-129.6	_	-121.5
. rangang		Dec Economic Sentiment	3.9		2.8
		Dec Business Confidence	8.1	_	7
		Dec Consumer Confidence	-8	_	-9.2
Source: ING, Bloomberg					

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