

Key Events

Key events in developed markets next week

Persistently high core inflation has allowed the Federal Reserve to stick with the call of another 25 basis point hike for the next meeting, and we don't see upcoming data changing that view. Sweden's Riksbank looks set for a large rate hike in a bid to boost the currency, despite mounting economic and housing concerns



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S: Upcoming data won't dissuade the Fed from hiking rates

The calming of bank stresses and the combination of reasonable activity numbers but persistently high core inflation has allowed the Fed to stick with the message that another 25bp interest rate hike is the most likely outcome for the 3 May FOMC meeting. The upcoming data won't change that view.

First quarter GDP is the highlight of the data releases and we look for a slightly sub-consensus 1.5% annualised growth rate. Consumer spending will be strong given the blowout retail sales report for January which was boosted by unseasonably warm weather after a cold and wintry December. However, weaker net trade and inventory performance will go some way to offsetting that story. We will also be closely watching the Fed's favoured measure of inflation, the core personal consumer expenditure deflator. It is expected to rise 0.3% MoM and 4.5% YoY, which won't dissuade the Fed from hiking rates. We will also see a fair amount of housing data and

consumer confidence numbers, but these are likely to remain subdued.

Sweden: The Riksbank to hike by 50bp next Wednesday

We are expecting a 50bp hike by the Riksbank next week, and we think the updated rate projections could go beyond what markets are pricing and signal a peak rate of roughly 4%, up from just below 3.5% last time. Core inflation is still well above the Riksbank's February forecast, though activity data is looking bleak. Given the Riksbank meets only five times a year, it has to make each meeting count. Policymakers have emphasised in the past that staying out in front of the European Central Bank is a priority.

In practice though, taking rates much higher could prove challenging given the economic and housing backdrop, and we'd argue that even another 25bp hike in June is not guaranteed (though it's our base case for now).

You can read our full preview here

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Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
	Monday 24 April			
Germany	0900 Apr Ifo Business Climate	94		93.3
	0900 Apr Ifo Current Conditions	93.5		95.4
	0900 Apr Ifo Expectations	92		91.2
	Tuesday 25 April			
US	1400 Feb CaseShiller 20 (MoM%/YoY%)	-0.4/-0.1		-0.4/2.5
	1500 Apr Consumer Confidence	104.5	104.1	104.2
	1500 Mar New Home Sales-Units	0.63	0.635	0.64
	Wednesday 26 April			
US	1330 Mar Durable Goods	0.7	0.9	-1
Germany	0700 May GfK Consumer Sentiment	-26		-29.5
Sweden	0700 Mar Unemployment Rate	-		8.2
	0830 Riksbank Rate	3.50		3.00
	Thursday 27 April			
US	1330 Initial Jobless Claim	250		245
	1330 Continue Jobless Claim	1895		1865
	1330 1Q GDP (QoQ% ann)	1.5	2.0	2.6
Italy	0900 Apr Consumer Confidence	106		105.1
Spain	0800 Mar Retail Sales (YoY%)	-		4
Sweden	0700 Q1 GDP (QoQ%/YoY%)	-/-		-0.5/-0.2
Eurozone	1000 Apr Business Climate	-		0.7
	1000 Apr Economic Sentiment	-		99.3
	1000 Apr Consumer Confidence Final	-		
	Friday 28 April			
US	1330 Mar Personal Income (MoM%)	0.2	0.2	0.3
	1330 Mar Personal Consump Real (MoM%)	-0.3	-	-0.1
	1330 Mar Consumption, Adjusted (MoM%)	-0.1	-0.1	0.2
	1330 Mar Core PCE Price Index (MoM%)	0.3	0.3	0.3
	1445 Apr Chicago PMI	43.5	42.8	43.8
	1500 Apr U Mich Sentiment Final	63.5	63.5	63.5
Germany	0700 Q1 GDP Flash (QoQ%/YoY%) SA	0.2/0.1		-0.4/0.3
	0855 Apr Unemployment Rate SA	5.6		5.6
	1300 Apr CPI Prelim (MoM%/YoY%)	0.5/7.2		0.8/7.4
France	0630 Q1 GDP Preliminary (QoQ%/YoY%)	-/-		0.1/0.5
	0745 Apr CPI Prelim (YoY%)	-		6.7
Italy	0900 Q1 GDP Prelim (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.1/1.4		-0.1/1.4
Canada	1330 Feb GDP (MoM%)	-		0.5
Eurozone	1000 Q1 GDP Flash Prelim (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.1/1.4		0/1.8
Source: Refiniti	v, ING			

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