

Key Events

Key events in developed markets next week

The US jobs report will be the key focus next week as we expect labour supply issues to continue, however, we also have GDP numbers from Canada, Eurozone inflation readings and key PMI data



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✓ US: Labour supply issues may resonate in jobs report, but ISM surveys should be strong

The US jobs report is the undoubted highlight next week after the disappointing outcome of "only" 266,000 jobs created in April. There seems to be little problem with demand given the robust economic data and surveys, such as the NFIB's, indicating that businesses are struggling to find labour. Instead, the problem is supply – firms cannot fill vacancies.

Firstly, a significant number of children continue with homeschooling, so parents are having to stay home. Secondly, there is some hesitancy from some quarters about returning to work, given the pandemic isn't over. Thirdly, older workers who may have lost their jobs may have chosen to take early retirement and leave the workforce. Finally, extended and uprated unemployment benefits may have diminished the financial attractiveness of taking a low paid job, particularly when you factor in commuting, lunch, childcare etc.

The school situation will end in September, while 23 states have already announced they are

ending the payment of the \$300 weekly unemployment benefit next month (with it ending elsewhere in September). Consequently, we should see labour supply come back, but we may face a window of perhaps 2-4 months where businesses struggle to fill their vacancies and employment disappoints. However, it also means that companies that do need to open and expand end up paying more for workers as competition for staff heats up. As such, we expect to see a softer than consensus 500k in jobs in May, with wage rates showing signs of picking up a touch.

Other than that, we have the ISM business surveys, which will be strong but also highlight the supply bottlenecks that are leading to shortages and higher prices.

Canada's GDP will rebound sharply on the back of a good performing vaccine programme and economic resilience that has even surprised the central bank. A decent jobs figure is also likely, and this could fuel expectations of a third quantitative easing taper announcement from the central bank in July.

🗹 Eurozone: Inflation and unemployment data in focus

Eurozone inflation will be a key figure for next week because it's the last major data point ahead of the closely watched European Central Bank meeting on 10 June. Expect it to rise further on base effects but also look for the reopening impact on services inflation and input shortages working their way through to goods inflation figures. Selling price expectations among manufacturing businesses are at an all-time high, meaning that some passthrough can be expected over the coming months.

Also relevant will be the unemployment numbers for April. This will provide a good snapshot of the labour market recovery and will be relevant for the ECB's medium-term outlook.

Developed Markets Economic Calendar

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
	Sunday 30 May			
	Monday 31 May			
Germany	1300 May CPI Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	0.0/2.2		0.7/2.0
	1000 May CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	0.0/1.3		0.9/1.0
	0800 May CPI (MoM/YoY%) Flash NSA	-		1.2/2.2
	1330 Q1 Current Account C\$	-		-7.26
	0930 May CPI Flash (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		0.4/0.6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1100 Q1 GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-		-3.3/-5.4
Eurozone	1100 Apr Money-M3 Annual Grwth	10.0		10.1
	1100 Apr Broad Money	-		14747728
	Tuesday 1 June			
US	1500 May ISM Manufacturing PMI	60.5	60.8	60.7
	1500 May ISM Mfg Prices Paid	90.0		89.6
Germany	0700 Apr Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/12.0		7.7/11.0
2	0855 May Markit/BME Manufacturing PMI	-		64.0
	0855 May Unemployment Rate SA	6.0		6.0
France	0850 May Markit Manufacturing PMI	-		59.2
	0930 May Markit/CIPS Manufacturing PMI Final	-		66.1
	0845 May Markit/IHS Manufacturing PMI	62.0		60.7
	0900 Apr Unemployment Rate	10.2		10.1
	1000 Q1 GDP Final (QoQ/YoY%)	-0.4/-1.4		-0.4/-1.4
Spain	0815 May Manufacturing PMI	-		57.7
	1330 Q1 GDP (YoY%)	0.2		-3.2
canada	1430 May Markit Manufacturing PMI SA	58.5		57.2
Norwau	0900 May Manufacturing DNB PMI SA			59.1
-	0900 May Markit Manufacturing Final PMI	62.8		62.8
Luiozone	1000 May Headline Inflation (YoY%)	1.9		02.0
	1000 May Core Inflation (YoY%)	0.9		
	1000 Apr Unemployment Rate	8.0		8.1
	Wednesday 2 June	0.0		0.1
ПК	0930 Apr BOE Consumer Credit	-		-0.54
ÖK	0930 Apr Mortgage Lending	-		11.83
	0930 Apr Mortgage Approvals	-		82.74
	Thursday 3 June			02.74
US	1315 May ADP National Employment	450.0	545.0	742.0
00	1500 May ISM Non-Manufacturing PMI	63.0		62.7
Germanu	0855 May Markit Services PMI	52.8		52.8
Germany	0855 May Markit Composite Final PMI	56.8		56.2
France	0850 May Markit Services PMI			56.6
Traffee	0850 May Markit Composite PMI	_		57.0
	0930 May Markit/CIPS Services PMI Final			61.8
UK	0930 May Composite PMI Final	_		62.0
Italu	0845 May Markit/IHS Services PMI	49.4		47.3
ituty	0845 May Composite PMI	43.4		51.2
Spain	0815 May Services PMI	-		54.6
	5	55.1		55.1
Eurozone		56.9		56.9
	0900 May Markit Composite Final PMI Friday 4 June	50.9		50.9
	1330 May Non-Farm Payrolls	500	675	266
05	1330 May Private Payrolls	500		200
		5.9		6.1
	1330 May Unemployment Rate	-0.2		0.1
1.117	1500 Apr Factory Orders (MoM%) 0930 May Markit/CIPS Cops PMI	-0.2		61.6
UK	0930 May Markit/CIPS Cons PMI	-		
C	0930 May All-Sector PMI			60.8
Canada	1330 May Unemployment Rate	7.7		8.1
	1330 May net employment change	220		-207
F	1500 May Ivey PMI	60.5		60.6
Eurozone	1000 Apr Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		2.7/12.0
Source: ING, Refini	LIV			

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