

Article | 1 March 2019 Key Events

Key events in developed markets next week

Next week's US data should be fairly decent, and we'll be listening out for any details on a potential US/China trade deal that could lift some of the gloom surrounding the global economy. Meanwhile, all eyes are on the ECB for any further hints surrounding fresh policy options to tackle liquidity and bank lending problems



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✓ US: Decent data, patient Fed

The recent US data flow has been offering confusing messages, which may in part reflect data disruption issues relating to the government shutdown. Nonetheless, the Federal Reserve has indicated it can be 'patient', seeing risks from cross currents yet believing the underlying position of the US economy is sound.

This week's data should be decent with the strong jobs market helping to underpin consumer confidence and spending. Payrolls growth will likely slow from the unexpected 304k surge in January, but there is upside potential for wage growth as the tightness in the jobs market fuels inflation-busting pay awards.

We will also be listening out for more details on a potential US/China trade deal that could lift some of the gloom surrounding the global economy. Given this backdrop, we believe markets are being

too pessimistic on the outlook for policy in pricing the next move being a 25 basis point Fed rate cut by summer 2021. Instead, we continue to favour a 25 basis point rate hike later in the year.

ECB: Oh so quiet, for now

We expect the ECB to keep its cards close to its chest next week, and this means no new TLTRO announcements or changes to forward guidance. Instead, we expect the ECB to strike a dovish tone and mention that the Governing Council has asked the relevant committees to look into possible options to tackle liquidity and bank lending problems. This would open the door to some new policy announcements at the April meeting.

✓ Canada: Watching wage growth

The Bank of Canada meeting next Wednesday is likely to be a non-event when it comes to a change in the policy rate. That said, the language that governor Stephen Poloz uses in his press release will be analysed carefully. We hope some light will be shed with regard to the BoC's tone, and whether there's an indication that monetary tightening is still deemed the appropriate course of action this year.

Economic fundamentals are looking good though, and Friday's employment report could reinforce our view that – despite the global risk environment, the labour market is strong. Wage growth for full-time workers finally picked up to 1.8% YoY in January after seven months of consistent declines. On Friday, we'll be seeing if this upward trend is sustained, as this would further support our case that monetary tightening will resume later this year.

Developed Markets Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
Japan	2350	Sunday 3 March Feb Monetary Base (JPY tr)	505.1	_	500.2
заран	2330	Monday 4 March	303.1		300.2
New Zealand	0100	Treasury Publishes Monthly Economic Indi	cators		
Switzerland		SNB Annual Result 2018	cators		
o mazeriaria	0025	Tuesday 5 March			
US	1500	Feb ISM Non-manufacturing	57.4	57.2	56.7
Eurozone		Feb F Markit Services PMI	-	-	52.3
		Feb F Markit Composite PMI	_	_	51.4
		Jan Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-1.6/0.8
UK		Feb Markit/CIPS Services PMI	49.7	_	50.1
OIL		Feb Markit/CIPS Composite PMI	49.9	_	50.3
		Financial Policy Committee Minutes, Feb ma			50.5
		BOE Governor Mark Carney Testifies to Hou		•	
Italii		4Q F GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-0.2/0.1	-/-	-0.2/0.1
Italy Australia					
Australia		RBA Cash Rate Target	1.5	1.5	1.5
6 1		RBA Governor Lowe Speaks in Sydney			E (4
Sweden	0/30	Feb Swedbank/Silf Services PMI	-	-	54.1
		Wednesday 6 March			212.2
US		Feb ADP Employment Change (000's)	190.0	182.5	212.9
		Dec Trade Balance (US\$bn)	-52.0	-51.3	-49.3
		Fed's Williams Speaks to Economic Club of			
		Fed's Mester Participates in Moderated Disc	ussion		
	1900	U.S. Federal Reserve Releases Beige Book			
Japan		BOJ Harada Speaks in Kofu			
UK	1215	BOE's Jon Cunliffe Speaks at Symposium			
Italy	1000	Istat Releases Monthly Economic Note			
Canada	1500	Bank of Canada Policy Rate	1.75	1.75	1.75
Australia	0030	4Q GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	0.5/2.7	-/-	0.3/2.8
Norway	0700	4Q Current Account Balance (NOKbn)	-	-	91780.0
Sweden		4Q Current Account Balance (SEKbn)	_	-	38.6
		Thursday 7 March			
Japan	2350	4Q F GDP (Annualised, QoQ%)	-	-	1.4
•		4Q F GDP Deflator, Advance (Q) (YoY%)	_	_	-0.3
		Jan P C/A Balance, Adjusted (Yen bn)	_	_	1562.3
Eurozone		4Q F GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	0.2/1.2
24.020110		ECB Main Refinancing Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0
		ECB Marginal Lending Facility	0.25	0.25	0.25
		ECB Deposit Facility Rate	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4
		OECD Interim Economic Outlook	-0.4	0.4	-0.4
Italiu	1000	Bank of Italy Report on Balance-Sheet Aggr	ogatos		
Italy Australia	0070	Jan Trade Balance (A\$mn)	2227.0		7601 0
Australia				-	3681.0
Name		Jan Retail Sales (MoM%)	0.1		-0.4
Norway		Jan Industrial Production (MoM/YoY%)	-/-	-/-	-1.0/1.2
Sweden	0500	Maklarstatistik Swedish Housing Price Data			
		Friday 8 March			
US		Feb Change in Nonfarm Payrolls ('000s)	170.0	185.0	304.0
		Feb Unemployment Rate (%)	3.9	3.8	4.0
		Feb Average Hourly Earnings (MoM/YoY%)	0.4/3.5	0.3/3.3	0.1/3.2
	1330	Feb Participation Rate	63.2	-	63.2
Germany		Jan New Orders (MoM/YoY%)	1.2/-2.4	-/-	-1.6/-7.0
Canada	1330	Feb Net Change in Employment	-	-	66.8
	1330	Feb Unemployment Rate (%)	5.8	5.8	5.8
Norway		Jan GDP Mainland (MoM%)	-	-	0.0
Source: Bloomber		,			

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