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# Key events in developed markets next week

We have a jam-packed calendar next week with central bank meetings in the US, Japan and Sweden as well as inflation, unemployment and GDP numbers from several developed countries



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# ✓ US: No change from the Fed but GDP figures to reflect vaccine optimism

It is a jam-packed calendar with the Federal Reserve monetary policy decision and the 1Q GDP report the highlights.

The Fed is set to leave monetary policy unchanged – rates remaining in the 0-0.25% range and QE monthly asset purchases at \$120bn – with policymakers set to re-affirm there will be no shift in stance until "substantial further progress" on the recovery. Recent comments suggest that officials continue to think this is some way off, with the March forecast update suggesting that most members still think 2024 will be the start-point for lift-off in interest rates.

However, the 1Q GDP report is likely to show another fantastic growth figure, led by stimulus fueled consumer spending.

We are expecting annualised growth of 7.4%, and with the vaccination program meaning more

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than 135 million Americans have had at least one dose and the economy opening up more and more each day, we expect to see more than a million jobs created in April with GDP growth likely to be in double figures for the second quarter. With inflation likely to hit close to 4% and prove to be somewhat stickier than the Fed is publicly acknowledging – largely due to house price developments and ongoing supply capacity issues – we continue to think that the Fed could start tapering asset purchases before the end of the year.

We look for the first-rate hike to come in 1H 2023, but the odds are increasingly moving in the direction of a possible December 2022 rate hike.

## Eurozone: A technical recession alongside energy price fuelled inflation

The eurozone is set for another technical recession, with numbers on Q1 coming out on Friday that will likely show another decline.

Extended lockdowns have pushed the economy in the red, even though underlying activity in sectors less hindered by restrictions seem to be performing well at the moment. Also interesting will be Friday's inflation data set to soar further on the back of increasing energy prices. But we're not concerned, as all factors seem to be temporary, confirming the ECBs view laid out yesterday.

Also important is how unemployment performs; further falls will indicate a quick rebound on reopening.

## **Developed Markets Economic Calendar**

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Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
<u> </u>		Monday 26 April			
US	1330	Mar Durable Goods	3.0	1.8	-1.2
Japan		Feb Leading Indicator Revised	_		1.2
Germany		Apr Ifo Business Climate New	98.0		96.6
,		Apr Ifo Curr Conditions New	94.0		93.0
		Apr Ifo Expectations New	102.0		100.4
		Tuesday 27 April			
US	1400	Feb CaseShiller 20 (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		1.2/11.1
	1500	Apr Consumer Confidence	113.0	112.3	109.7
Japan	-	BOJ Rate Decision	-0.1		-0.1
	0050	Mar Retail Sales (YoY%)	0.8		-1.5
Italy		Apr Consumer Confidence	-		100.9
Sweden		Riksbank Rate	0.00		0.00
		Mar Unemployment Rate	-		9.7
Eurozone	1000	Apr Business Climate	-		0.3
116	4000	Wednesday 28 April	0.425		0.405
US		Fed Funds Target Rate	0.125		0.125
6		Fed Interest On Excess Reserves	0.1		0.1
Germany		May GfK Consumer Sentiment	-5.4		-6.2
		Apr Consumer Confidence	_		94.0
		Feb Retail Sales (MoM%)	0.7/1.0		-1.1 0.9/0.9
New Zealand		Q1 CPI (QoQ/YoY%)	0.7/1.0		4.29
New Zealana		Mar Trade Balance	-		181.0
		Mar Exports			4.47
Sweden		Mar Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		0.7/4.6
Sweden	0030	Thursday 29 April			0.774.0
US	0830	Q1 GDP (QoQ%)	7.4	6.1	4.3
Japan		Apr CPI, Overall Tokyo	-	0.1	-0.2
'		Mar Unemployment Rate	2.9		2.9
		Mar Industrial O/P Prelim (YoY%)	-1.2		-2
Germany	0855	Apr Unemployment Rate SA	6.0		6.0
_	1300	Apr CPI Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	3.0/1.9		0.5/1.7
Spain	0800	Apr CPI (MoM/YoY%) Flash NSA	-		1.0/1.3
	0800	Q1 Unemployment Rate	-		16.13
Sweden	0830	Q1 GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-		-0.2/-2.2
Eurozone		Apr Economic Sentiment	103		101
	1000	Apr Consumer Confidence Final	-10		
		Friday 30 April			
US		Mar Personal Income (MoM%)	-	20.0	-7.1
		Mar Personal Consump Real (MoM%)	_	7.0	-1.2
		Mar Consumption, Adjusted (MoM%)	_	3.8	-1.0
		Mar Core PCE Price Index (MoM%) Apr Chicago PMI	-	0.3 63.0	0.1 66.3
		Apr U Mich Sentiment Final	_	86.5	86.5
Japan		Apr Jibun Bank Manufacturing PMI	_	80.5	80.5
зарап		Mar Housing Starts (YoY%)	_		-3.7
Germany		Q1 GDP Flash (QoQ/YoY%, SA)	-0.9/-2.7		0.3/-2.7
France		Q1 GDP Preliminary (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-		-1.4/-4.9
		Mar Consumer Spending (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		0/1.4
		Apr CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM%)	_		0.7
Italy		Mar Unemployment Rate	_		10.2
,		Q1 GDP Prelim (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-		-1.9/-6.6
	1000	Apr CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	-		1.8/0.6
Spain		Mar Retail Sales (YoY%)	-		-5.9
Canada	1330	Feb GDP (MoM%)	-		0.7
Australia	0230	Q1 PPI (QoQ/YoY%)	0.9/0.6		0.5/-0.1
Portugal		Apr CPI Flash (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		1.4/0.5
Eurozone		Q1 GDP Flash Prelim (QoQ/YoY%)	-0.7/-1.9		0.7/-4.9
		Mar Unemployment Rate	8.2		8.3
		Inflation HICP	1.7		
	1000	Core inflation HICP	1.2		

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Source: ING, Refinitiv

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