

**Key Events** 

# Key events in developed markets next week

Data flow from the US is unlikely to change the Fed's lax attitude towards inflation which has shaken markets recently. Across the pond, Eurozone economic sentiment should continue to support current optimism



Source: Shutterstock

# ✓ US: Data flow to support the Fed's relaxed approach to inflation

Since the last Federal Reserve policy decision meeting, the data flow has pointed to ongoing strong economic activity, rising inflation pressures, and somewhat disappointing employment numbers. In general, Fed officials remain relaxed about the situation as they believe the recovery still has a long way to go and that by adopting an average inflation target, they have room to allow the economy to run hotter for longer than in previous cycles, ensuring as many people in society feel the benefits of economic growth. Nonetheless, should inflation become more of an issue, they "have the tools" to deal with the problem.

The upcoming data flow is unlikely to nudge the Fed away from this position. Durable goods orders may disappoint a touch given a big drag from the transportation sector thanks to weaker Boeing aircraft orders, coupled with supply chain strains in the auto sector that are cutting output there. Ex-transport should be better, but the global shortage of semi-conductor chips could remain a

hindrance. Home sales should also be somewhat subdued, but this is due primarily to a lack of supply and high prices rather than any significant drop off in demand.

The first-quarter GDP growth numbers could potentially be revised higher on the back of stronger consumer spending after upward revisions for March. 2Q will start on a strong footing, as underscored by next Friday's personal income and spending report. Admittedly headline incomes will plunge following the \$1400 stimulus payment surge in March, but incomes from private sector sources should post another decent gain, which will reinforce the message of a strengthening economy.

## 🕑 Eurozone: Economic sentiment data to reinforce optimism

We're looking forward to Economic Sentiment data to be released next Friday, which is likely going to confirm continued optimism among businesses and consumers as reopenings get underway and vaccination programs pick up speed. The strong surge in April reveals a somewhat limited upside considering historical highs, but real-time data already shows quite a surge in activity over recent months. That warrants improving sentiment, which will likely result in quite a positive GDP figure for the second quarter as the rebound gets going.

### **Developed Markets Economic Calendar**

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Monday 24 May			
		Tuesday 25 May			
US	1400	Mar CaseShiller 20 (MoM/YoY%)	1.5/13.0	1.3/-	1.2/11.9
	1500	May Consumer Confidence	119.5	120.0	121.7
	1500	Apr New Home Sales-Units	0.99	0.998	1.021
Germany	0700	Q1 GDP Detailed (QoQ/YoY%)	-1.7/-3.3		-1.7/-3.3
	0900	May Ifo Business Climate New	98.0		96.8
	0900	May Ifo Curr Conditions New	95.0		94.1
	0900	May Ifo Expectations New	101.0		99.5
New Zealand	2345	Apr Imports	-		5.65
	2345	Apr Trade Balance	-		33.00
	2345	Apr Exports	-		5.68
		Wednesday 26 May			
Japan	0600	Mar Leading Indicator Revised	-		4.3
France	0745	May Consumer Confidence	-		94
New Zealand	0300	Cash Rate	0.25		0.25
Sweden	0830	Apr Unemployment Rate	-		10
		Thursday 27 May			
US	1330	Apr Durable Goods	0.5	0.8	0.8
	1330	Q1 GDP 2nd Estimate	6.6	6.5	6.4
	1330	Q1 GDP Deflator Prelim	4.1	4.1	4.1
Japan	0030	May CPI, Overall Tokyo	-		-0.6
	0030	Apr Unemployment Rate	2.7		2.6
Germany	0700	Jun GfK Consumer Sentiment	-7.5		-8.8
Italy	0900	May Consumer Confidence	106.5		102.3
Sweden	0830	Apr Trade Balance	-		4.1
Eurozone	1000	May Business Climate	-		1.13
		Friday 28 May			
US	1330	Apr Personal Income (MoM%)	-14.5	-15	21.1
	1330	Apr Personal Consump Real (MoM%)	0.1		3.6
	1330	Apr Core PCE Price Index (MoM%)	0.6	0.6	0.4
	1445	May Chicago PMI	67.0	69.5	72.1
	1500	May U Mich Sentiment Final	83.0	83.0	82.8
France	0745	Apr Consumer Spending (MoM%)	-		-1.1
	0745	Q1 GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-/-		0.4/1.5
	0745	May CPI (EU Norm) Prelim (MoM/YoY%)	-		0.2/1.6
Spain	0800	Apr Retail Sales (YoY%)	-		14.9
Sweden	0830	Q1 GDP Final (QoQ/YoY%)	-		1.1/0.0
	0830	Apr Retail Sales (MoM/YoY%)	-/-		2.6/9.1
Eurozone	1000	May Economic Sentiment	112.5		110.3
	1000	May Consumer Confidence Final	-		
Source: ING, Refinitiv					

Author

James Knightley

Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

#### Bert Colijn

Chief Economist, Netherlands bert.colijn@ing.com

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.