

Article | 8 November 2019

G10 FX Week Ahead: Achtung Baby

Away from the 'will they, won't they?' circus of the US-China trade drama, next week could bring news that Germany has fallen into a technical recession. That should keep the euro on the back foot, even if the risk environment continues to improve. Time to watch out, or 'Achtung Baby' as U2 might put it



Bono, the lead singer of U2 which released Achtung Baby in 1991

Article | 8 November 2019

EUR: Conspicuous by its under-performance

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
EUR/USD	1.1026	Mildly Bearish 🛰	1.0990 - 1.1110	1.1000

- The EUR is performing pretty poorly, even though many asset classes are starting to price in a more positive trade environment. We think this FX performance represents the emergence of the EUR as a preferred funding currency on the view that interest rates in the eurozone will remain at rock bottom throughout 2020. Supporting this view should be German 3Q19 GDP data released on Thursday, which may well show a technical recession. Driving that weakness will be the industrial sector, and Eurozone IP data (Wednesday) should also tell the story of the manufacturing sector grinding to a halt. We doubt a modest uptick in the German ZEW survey (Tuesday) will provide much of a lift instead, the November PMIs (released 22nd-25th) will be more significant.
- In the US, the focus will remain on the trade story. The market would prefer having a date and a location (none exists at the moment) for a US-China trade deal and without that it may be reluctant to take risk assets (and Treasury yields) too much higher. This especially so because Chinese October activity data releases out later in the week should be soft. Unless US October retail sales (Friday) collapse, however, it looks like the recent benign conditions can continue; we're waiting for this year's monetary stimulus to show up in better confidence numbers. Wednesday's release of US October CPI figures headline still at 1.7% YoY are unlikely to mean much to a market more focused on activity right now. There's also Fed Chair Powell's address to Congress on Wednesday though like other central banks the Fed looks to be in wait-and-see mode, pausing to see if their three rate cuts this year have curtailed the slow-down.

JPY: Bounded by 2% Treasury yields

		Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
USE	D/JPY	109.33	Mildly Bullish 🚜	108.70 - 110.30	109.00

- The apparent improvement in US-China trade has triggered a sharp steepening in the US yield curve as some optimism emerges over the return to a more normal trading environment. Our rates team thinks that steepening in the 2-10 curve is probably limited to the 30bp area, however. That suggests that US 10 year yields stall around 2.00%. Given USD/JPY typically has one of the tightest correlations with US yields, the above views suggest USD/JPY may not have too much more upside mileage at this stage perhaps 110.80 might be the best case on the week if we are under-estimating the scale of this bond tantrum.
- In Japan, the focus will be on Thursday's release of 3Q19 GDP data expected at 0.2% QoQ. It's expected to be supported by front-loaded consumption ahead of the October sales tax hike. We'll also be watching the regular portfolio flows data and whether Japanese buying of foreign bonds is accelerating. That's been implied by recent surveys of Life Insurance managers and Japan's largest fund manager, the GPIF, suggesting it was making room for larger unhedged foreign bond purchases. Indeed, we're starting to doubt whether USD/JPY will make it below 105 over coming quarters. We're also not too distracted by the President Trump impeachment process which we rather see as noise for FX markets.

GBP: In limbo for now ahead of the crucial UK December election

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
GBP/USD	1.2810	Mildly Bearish 🛰	1.2700 - 1.2890	1.2600

- We are looking for range-bound GBP as the UK has entered its five-week election campaign period. The market seems to be already pricing a majority Conservative Party victory (a benign outcome for GBP in our view) which suggests a limited upside to GBP at this point. Should pre-election polls start to show rising odds of a hung Parliament, this would in our view lead to some reversal of sterling gains from the previous month.
- On the data front, the 3Q GDP growth (Monday) is to show a solid 0.4%QoQ rebound, but another sharp fall in the level of employment (Tuesday) would emphasise that the jobs market is no longer tightening. Hiring indicators point to deteriorating demand for staff amid Brexit and global uncertainty. Oct CPI inflation (Wednesday) should decline to 1.5%YoY, but Oct retail sales (Thursday) should rise by 3.3%YoY. Like the Bank of England meeting this week, the data should be of secondary importance for sterling and the effect on the currency should be short-lived and limited. All the matters for GBP at this point is the upcoming parliamentary elections. Our mildly bearish EUR/USD view suggests mildly lower GBP/USD next week.

AUD: The usual unemployment dilemma

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
AUD/USD	0.6857	Mildly Bullish 🚜	0.6810 - 0.6930	0.6900

- Over the last few months, the expectations for the RBA's rate path have been strictly connected to any marginal change in the inflation and unemployment data. This means that next week's labour report (for the month of October) has, once again, a make-or-break potential for the Australian dollar. In line with consensus (according to a Bloomberg survey), we expect the unemployment rate to remain at 5.2%. We believe such a number will not be enough to push the markets to take out anything from the 15bp currently priced in for the next six months. The risk remains that even a marginal 0.1% increase will give a pretext to pencil in an RBA cut.
- All in all, our expectations for an in-line unemployment print should allow the Aussie dollar
 to keep following the global risk mood. Bar any major development in US-China trade
 relationships it seems fair to expect a broadly stable global sentiment next week that
 should set AUD/USD to keep hovering around the 0.6900 level.

NZD: We expect the RBNZ to stay on hold

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
NZD/USD	0.6331	Bullish 🚜	0.6270 - 0.6450	0.6400

- The RBNZ meets on Wednesday and markets are leaning in favour of a 25bp cut (65% implied probability). As we discussed in our RBNZ preview ("One more cut from New Zealand's central bank?"), we sense that the arguments in favour of an easing move are running thin. Our expectation is that the Bank will pause at this meeting, awaiting more developments in the internal and external environment. However, we acknowledge it is quite a tight call.
- Our stronger conviction, though, is that a cut on Wednesday would likely mark the end of
 the easing cycle, and the RBNZ may well flag such an intent to pause. In light of this, we
 expect the negative impact on NZD of a possible cut would be somewhat limited, as it
 should not give reasons to the market to pencil in more reductions in 2020. All in all, we
 expect a volatile week for the kiwi dollar but also see the balance of risks for NZD/USD tilted
 to the upside, considering too the still extensive short market positioning on NZD (-56% of
 open interest according to latest CFTC data).

CAD: Looking for some stabilisation

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
USD/CAD	1.3231	Neutral	1.3110 - 1.3300	1.3100

- The October jobs report saw a negative change in the headline employment rate and, despite still very strong wage growth, it pushed USD/CAD deep into 1.32 territory. Some perceived cracks in the so-far very tight Canadian job market are pushing investors to keep following the easing lead deriving from the latest Bank of Canada meeting and are gradually increasing their bets for a rate cut in the next months.
- Our view is that there is a higher-than-perceived risk that the BoC will deliver a one-and-out insurance cut at the December 4th meeting. Some clarity on this point may come from next Thursday's speech by BoC governor Stephen Poloz. This is also likely to be the only idiosyncratic catalyst for the loonie next week that otherwise will remain mostly driven by the US-China trade-related news flow. Bar any major setback in talks, it seems likely that a support risk environment should prevent USD/CAD from rallying much more.

CHF: EUR/CHF breaking lower

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
EUR/CHF	1.0989	Mildly Bearish 🛰	1.0900 - 1.1050	1.0900

- We expect EUR/CHF to remain on a mildly depreciating trajectory next week for three main reasons. First, the euro is increasingly taking the form of a funding currency and not cashing in on the positive news flow about US-China trade negotiations. Second, other G10 safe havens (JPY, USD) are showing good resilience to the risk-on environment. And third, Germany entering a technical recession may prompt some investors to seek shelter in the Swiss franc (normally the preferred safe haven to eurozone woes).
- All this suggests that even if we expect global risk appetite to remain fairly supported next week, we see a high potential of EUR/CHF break below the 100d-MA (currently at 1.0975) that has proven to be a quite solid support of late.

NOK: Retaining momentum

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
EUR/NOK	10.0940	Mildly Bearish 🛰	9.9750 - 10.2000	10.2000

- The very strong PMI read at the start of the week set the krone for a week of gains, with EUR/NOK now back below 1.10 after touching all-time highs of 1.25 at the end of October. Next week, the positive momentum for NOK will be tested by two key data releases. The October inflation report, out on Monday, should mark a YoY increase from 1.5% to 1.8% (according to Bloomberg consensus data) in the headline, although the increase should be more marginal in the underlying print (from 2.2% to 2.3%). On Tuesday, the Q3 GDP numbers should point to further resilience in the economy, with activity still benefitting from robust investments in the oil sector.
- The data flow is likely to remain fairly constructive, although the pass-through to higher
 rate expectations will likely be limited given that the Norges Bank has clearly signalled the
 intention to keep rates at the current level in the foreseeable future. However, with
 supported risk sentiment still fuelling a stabilisation in oil prices, we see little reasons to
 expect a correction in the krone next week and we expect more downside in EUR/NOK.

SEK: Offsetting drivers

	Spot	Week ahead bias	Range next week	1 month target
EUR/SEK	10.7000	Neutral	10.6080 - 10.8000	10.8500

- Markets have increasingly aligned with the Riksbank-announced rate path this week, with the implied probability of a hike in December having risen to 77%. Next week will mostly be about data releases, although we suspect that some strong data disappointment will be needed to undermine the notion that the Bank will abandon negative rates next month. The October CPI read will attract most attention, likely signalling that inflation remains broadly in line with the Riksbank forecast, which could result in investors still reluctant to believe in the December hike to price it in further. Also, it's worthwhile keeping an eye on the Prospera survey, mainly for long-term (5Y) inflation expectation as to whether the recent downtrend will keep on going for longer.
- Given the high beta of SEK to Eurozone economic sentiment, we may see some negative spill-over effect on the krona from another round of uninspiring data, especially as Germany (Sweden's main trading partner) is set to enter a technical recession. This may offset most of the upsides coming from markets cementing their expectations for a December hike and keep EUR/SEK broadly range-bound.

Authors

Chris Turner

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE chris.turner@ing.com

Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist

francesco.pesole@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Article | 8 November 2019