

Article | 16 December 2019

FX Positioning: Sterling heading to the neutral zone

CFTC data covering the 4-10 December period signals a pre-election drop in GBP shorts. With net positions at -9% of open interest, next week's report may show further moves - thanks to the UK election results - towards neutral GBP positioning. Elsewhere, NZD short squeezing continues



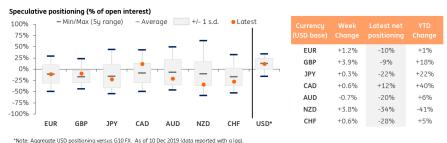
GBP shorts already trimmed before election

Speculative investors curtailed their net short exposure to sterling between 4-10 December, bringing the net short positioning below 10% of open interest for the first time since May. That's according to data published by the CFTC (Figure 1 below). It is key to highlight that the move (+4%)

of o.i.) in positioning does not embed the election results, so expect the positioning indicator to advance further towards the neutral area in the next CFTC report.

These sort of dynamics likely spell the end of the sterling short-positioning "advantage" that has exacerbated the upside movements in the currency a number of times in the past few months. This does not mean, however, that a neutral positioning may in any way curb more upside in GBP; we continue to see the balance of risks for EUR/GBP tilted to the downside in the remainder of the year, even after the post-election move.

Figure 1 - Positioning overview



"Note: Aggregate USD positioning versus G10 FX. As of 10 Dec 2019 (data reported with a lag) Source: CFTC, Bloomberg, ING

Kiwi dollar shorts continue to drop

The squeeze of the extended short NZD positions continued last week, as markets struck a fairly supportive risk tone while keeping expectations for RBNZ easing rather muted. NZD net positioning is now at -34% of open interest; it is still the biggest G10 speculative short but the correction in the past weeks has been sizeable (the gauge was at -51% at the end of November). As the phase-one deal agreed between China and the US likely shed market fears of another escalation in trade tensions, the sentiment on the Kiwi dollar may remain positive and we cannot exclude further short-squeezing ahead.

With the exception of the AUD (which is paying for the supported RBA easing expectations), all other G10 currencies saw their positioning advance (vs the USD) in the reference week. EUR/USD net positioning inched towards neutrality and is now at -10% of open interest. That's most likely due to the positive spill-over effect from cementing expectations around a Conservative win before the UK election. Similar to GBP, we may see further short-squeezing in the euro in the next report, albeit more limited in size compared to sterling.

CAD net positioning halted its 4-week-long drop thanks to a broadly weak-dollar environment and remains close to the upper limit of its 1 s.d. band (around its 5Y average). The low-yielders, JPY and CHF, also inched higher but the next report will likely see some shorts added to the two currencies as the combination of the market-friendly British vote and the phase-one deal dented safe-haven demand.

Author

Francesco Pesole

FX Strategist

francesco.pesole@inq.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.