

Article | 18 March 2020

# FX Armageddon

If cash is king, then dollar cash currently is world president. Everything that could be sold was sold against the dollar. We'd be foolish to argue that this can turn around anytime soon - perhaps not until new Covid-19 cases start to slow. We may start to hear talk of intervention in FX markets – at least an attempt to calm disorderly markets, if not weaken the \$



## Who said volatility was dead?

Despite some large-scale measures to address dislocation in USD funding markets, the dollar advance has not slowed. Instead, it has accelerated in a disorderly fashion. 4%-7% moves in the dollar against the likes of GBP and NOK are extremely rare. One-week implied volatility in the \$/G9 pairs are in the 15-25% range, \$/NOK at 40% - a new all-time high.

The moves smack of massive de-leveraging and a run into dollar cash - bearing all the hallmarks of

Article | 18 March 2020 1 a massive margin call on the whole financial asset market rally since 2010. There will be plenty of those out there saying 'I knew this would all come crashing down'.

Macro-fundamentals have little bearing on current FX moves – and indeed there are probably a lot of undervalued currencies out there now. But only this de-leveraging has run its course, there is no point trying to be clever and pick the low.

The only relative value which makes some sense today is the massive sell-off in oil-linked currencies, where NOK and RUB are both off 8% against the dollar – the former not helped by poor liquidity conditions <u>as we discussed earlier</u>.

### Disorderly markets = FX intervention?

Today's FX market moves are without doubt disorderly. Typically, G7 Central Bankers – if they were coordinating – would be on the phone right now to discuss what is to be done. Might they issue a statement – similar to typical Japanese MoF statement – that they are watching markets carefully and are prepared to act?

If they did act, what would they do? Clearly, if there is one currency causing problems right now and aggravating the sell-off in global asset markets, it is the US dollar. Co-ordinated FX intervention to weaken the dollar? Another Plaza accord? Right now, it is hard to see the ECB or the BoJ buying into co-ordinated FX intervention to strengthen their own currencies in a deflationary environment. Although at some point the ECB might be less averse were the weak EUR to be adding to a sell 'Europe' story.

The biggest fans of FX intervention will be the White House. We've discussed this last year. But with the trade-weighted dollar now going to an all-time, maybe the US Treasury does want to press the button. If so, it would be dollar sales against EUR and JPY – the two currencies they hold in the Exchange Stabilisation Fund. They could also argue that they are providing the market with some much-needed dollar liquidity!

### Dollar trade weighted index surges to a new all-time high



Article | 18 March 2020

#### **Author**

### **Chris Turner**

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE <a href="mailto:chris.turner@ing.com">chris.turner@ing.com</a>

#### Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Article | 18 March 2020