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Austria

Austria: Still enjoying the isle of happiness

2018 marks another boom year for the Alpine republic, but for 2019 and 2020 we expect a gradual return to average growth levels cooling down to 2.2% and 1.8% respectively



EU chief Brexit negotiator Michel Barnier, left, speaks with Austrian Chancellor Sebastian

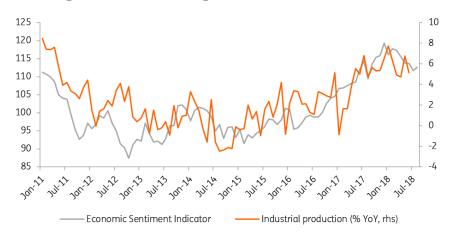
Source: Shutterstock

Economic performance driven by domestic and foreign impulses

With first-quarter GDP growth coming in at 0.8% quarter on quarter and second-quarter growth at 0.7% QoQ, Austria's economy has seen a strong first half of the year. While we expect the current strong momentum to abate as the peak of the current economic cycle has been reached, a robust growth performance of 2.8% for 2018 is pencilled in.

Although risks to the growth outlook stem from foreign uncertainty factors such as a further escalation of the US trade conflict with major trading partners, the impact should be negligible for the Austrian economy this year. For 2019 and 2020 we expect a cooling down to 2.2% and 1.8% respectively.

Cooling down from high levels



Source: Thomson Reuters

The EU presidency isn't really a big deal

As far as the country's EU presidency is concerned, the focus is likely to shift from the migration issue to <u>Brexit</u> and the closing window of opportunity for a deal. However, in Austria, the chairing isn't really on people's radars.

According to a <u>recent survey</u>, 60% say they are ill-informed about the presidency, while only 19% attest the government is doing a good job and see new impulses on the EU stage. With less than a year to go until European parliamentary elections, the government has to step up its game, especially since 77% think the government's far-right junior coalition partner, the Freedom Party of Austria (FPÖ), would like to drop the EU presidency as it is an unnecessary cost and doesn't bring any benefits. Overall, 60% are in favour of scrapping the EU presidency.

Nevertheless, the government still has more than half of its presidential term to go, packed with foreign and EU-related uncertainty factors. With the economy currently on auto-pilot, it also has the opportunity to make an impression not only on the international stage but also domestically.

The Austrian economy in a nutshell (% YoY)

| | 2017 | 2018F | 2019F | 2020F |
|------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| GDP | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Private consumption | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Investment | 4.9 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| Government consumption | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Net trade contribution | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Headline CPI | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.1 |

Source: Thomson Reuters, all forecasts ING estimates

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