

Article | 13 December 2019

Britain, Brexit and Boris's big majority

6am update: A large Conservative majority should lead to a smoother Brexit outcome. It will give Boris Johnson more breathing room to extend the transition period, and if that happens the pound could push higher



Boris Johnson voting earlier with his dog, Dilyn

Polls point to a big Conservative win

The opinion polls always suggested Boris Johnson and his Conservative Party would win the UK general election. But few predicted the scale of his win and just how badly the opposition Labour party would perform. Johnson, who campaigned with the slogan 'Get Brexit Done', is set to have a majority of nearly 80 in the House of Commons.

For Brexit, this all means that Johnson's deal will be ratified, most likely allowing the UK to leave the EU at the end of January. But more importantly, it could give the prime minister the political breathing room to ask for an extension to the transition period.

This is the standstill phase where the UK's trading relationship remains unchanged, where the government hopes to negotiate the terms of the future deal. But spanning just 11-months, this is unlikely to be long enough. An extension is an option, but the EU has signalled the UK will need to sign-up to budget payments beyond 2020 – and importantly that this needs to be agreed by the end of June.

For Brexit, this all means that Johnson's deal will be ratified

This would undoubtedly infuriate hardline pro-Brexit Conservative MPs, and until now the government has ruled out an extended transition. But with a sizable majority, this could change – an extension is probably more likely than not.

Don't forget that with a strong majority, the government may not face the electorate for another five years. An abrupt end to the transition period would be economically damaging, could limit UK negotiating power in future trade talks, and would also draw time/money away from other domestic priorities.

That said, if the government decides that there is merit in ending the transition period in 2020, there is really very little Parliament can do about it. MPs are unlikely to be able to seize control, as they did in March and September. Don't forget a number of the moderate Conservative MPs that backed efforts to force an Article 50 extension in April and October stood down at this election.

Watch our video on the poll result below



Brexit and the pound after Johnson's big win

Watch video

GBP/USD jumped sharply on the exit poll news



2020 will still be an uncertain year for the UK economy

So until we get more clarity on the transition, this all means the start of 2020 will be an uncertain phase for the UK economy. For many firms, an abrupt end to the transition period – which would

see the majority of the UK leave the single market and customs union – would be very similar to a 'no deal' Brexit.

Even if an extension is ultimately agreed, there's a clear risk this doesn't happen before the EU's June deadline. If that's the case, then firms will likely allocate extra resources to contingency planning. Alongside weak capital spending, this could amplify the current fragility in the jobs market.

But if an extension can ultimately be agreed, a cloud of uncertainty would lift. If coupled with better global activity and an improved jobs backdrop, this would probably persuade the Bank of England to steer away from interest rate cuts next year.

Either way, it's worth remembering that is could still be some time before we get better clarity on the future relationship for specific industries. Investment will remain capped.

What a large Conservative majority could mean

Large Conservative majority		Market positive • Neutral • Market negative	
No deal exit on/after 31 Jan	Abrupt end to transition period in Dec 2020		Second Brexit referendum
Unlikely Deal set to be ratified	Fairly unlikely PM has political space to extend transition		Very unlikely Deal set to be ratified
Scottish referendum	Economic policy		
Very unlikely Government not relying on SNP support	Neutral Fiscal rules tweaked and modest investment		ING 🔊

Source: ING

Conservative majority positive for the pound

Understandably the pound surged on news that the Tories could secure a thumping majority. In previous articles, we had highlighted how the FX options market was pricing a +/- 190 pip move in GBP/USD on election day and in fact we've already seen a 310 pip move taking GBP/USD close to 1.35.

Large working majorities have typically been good for the pound over the last forty years and under a scenario of a large Conservative majority we had a short-term target for GBP/USD at 1.35 – already hit. We ultimately expect GBP/USD pushing onto the 1.38/40 area through 2020, assuming a Brexit transition extension is negotiated.

An indicative path for the pound



Article | 13 December 2019

Author

James Smith

Developed Markets Economist, UK <u>james.smith@ing.com</u>

Chris Turner

Global Head of Markets and Regional Head of Research for UK & CEE chris.turner@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.