

Canada

Bank of Canada Preview: And hold...

The Bank of Canada meets again this Wednesday. Although a surprise rate hike can't be ruled out completely, a 2Q GDP print fractionally undershooting the consensus and Nafta uncertainty gives us enough reason to favour a pause until October



Source: shutterstock

The Bank of Canada's policy tightening journey on hold

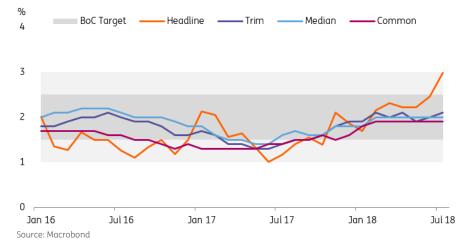
We expect the Bank of Canada (BoC) to pause its tightening cycle and maintain the policy rate of 1.5% at the September meeting this Wednesday. But our prediction of a 4Q rate hike still stands - coming as soon as October, although contingent on domestic data staying firm.

We've been confident for some time now that the BoC will follow July's rate hike with another in the second half of 2018, supported by a summer of high inflation and strong growth, but we don't expect this to come at the September meeting. Two consecutive rate hikes would not be out of character – we saw this just last year – but the 2.9% 2Q GDP figure, which was a touch disappointing amid a deceleration in business investment, suggests the odds for a September hike are low.

Bumper inflation? Not to worry

July's 3% inflation touched what the BoC considers to be the upper bound for CPI, tempting some to back a September hike. However, Governor Stephen Poloz's most recent statement – although vague – calmed the waters stating, "Our measures of core inflation, which extract all the noise from the data, are all right around two per cent — so, very close to target", emphasising that policymakers aren't too concerned about current price levels, which are likely related to the fact that headline CPI has been driven mostly by volatile components.

Core measures show stability, but headline data touches the BoC's upper bound



Typical Trump talk clouds Nafta outlook – again

Promising signs were shown only last week as Canada re-joined Nafta talks, but negotiations concluded on 31 August with no agreement and 'Trump talk' fired up again over the weekend, albeit through a series of tweets, dampening the optimism behind a trilateral deal.

A lot of jawboning against Canada was evident in the tweets on Saturday, emphasising that there is "no political necessity to keep Canada in the new NAFTA deal". This does pose further risks in regard to finalising a deal, but 'Trump talk' is generally used as a negotiating tactic – in this case to push for Nafta advancements and unless we see a serious breakdown in the discussions, the BoC's outlook for another hike in late 2018 should remain intact.

Author

James Knightley Chief International Economist, US james.knightley@ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group*

(being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.